UNITED STATES OF AMERICA DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF FOSSIL ENERGY

EAGLE LNG PARTNERS JACKSONVILLE LLC)	FE DOCKET NO. 16-15-LNG

ORDER EXTENDING EXPORT TERM FOR AUTHORIZATIONS TO FREE TRADE AND NON-FREE TRADE AGREEMENT NATIONS THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2050

> DOE/FE ORDER NO. 3867-A DOE/FE ORDER NO. 4445-A

> > **DECEMBER 30, 2020**

I. <u>DESCRIPTION OF REQUEST</u>

On November 30, 2020, Eagle LNG Partners Jacksonville LLC (Eagle LNG) filed an application (Application)¹ with the Office of Fossil Energy (FE) of the Department of Energy (DOE) under section 3 of the Natural Gas Act (NGA).² As explained below, Eagle LNG asks DOE/FE to extend the export term set forth in its two long-term authorizations, pursuant to DOE/FE's policy statement entitled, "Extending Natural Gas Export Authorizations to Non-Free Trade Agreement Countries Through the Year 2050" (Policy Statement).³

Eagle LNG is currently authorized to export domestically produced liquefied natural gas (LNG) by vessel and in ISO containers from the Jacksonville Project, currently under development in Jacksonville, Florida, 4 under the following orders:

(i) DOE/FE Order No. 3867,⁵ authorizing exports to any country with which the United States currently has, or in the future will have, a free trade agreement (FTA) requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas (FTA countries), under NGA section 3(c);⁶ and

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 $^{^1}$ Ea gle LNG Partners Jacksonville LLC, Application to Amend Export Term for Existing Long-Term Export Authorizations Through December 31, 2050, FE Docket No. 16-15-LNG (Nov. 30, 2020) [hereinafter App.]. 2 15 U.S.C. § 717b. Authority to regulate the imports and exports of natural gas, including liquefied natural gas, under NGA section 3 has been delegated to the Assistant Secretary for FE in Redelegation Order No. 00-002.04G, issued on June 4, 2019.

³ U.S. Dep't of Energy, Extending Natural Gas Export Authorizations to Non-Free Trade Agreement Countries Through the Year 2050; Notice of Final Policy Statement and Response to Comments, 85 Fed. Reg. 52,237 (Aug. 25,2020) [hereinafter Policy Statement].

⁴ App. at 4.

⁵ Eagle LNG Partners Jacksonville, LLC, DOE/FE Order No. 3867, FE Docket No. 16-15-LNG, Order Granting Long-Term, Multi-Contract Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas by Vessel from, or in ISO Containers Loaded at, the Proposed Eagle LNG Facility in Jacksonville, Florida, to Free Trade Agreement Nations (July 21, 2016).

⁶ 15 U.S.C. § 717b(c). The United States currently has FTAs requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas with Australia, Bahrain, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Dominican Republic, El Salva dor, Guatemala, Honduras, Jordan, Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, Republic of Korea, and Singapore. FTAs with Israel and Costa Rica do not require national treatment for trade in natural gas.

(ii) DOE/FE Order No. 4445,7 authorizing exports to any other country with which trade is not prohibited by U.S. law or policy (non-FTA countries), under NGA section 3(a).8

Both orders authorize exports of LNG in a volume equivalent to 49.8 billion cubic feet per year (Bcf/yr) of natural gas on a non-additive basis. Eagle LNG is authorized to export these volumes for a 20-year term under both DOE/FE Order Nos. 3867 and 4445. In the Application, Eagle LNG asks DOE/FE to amend each order to extend the existing export term through December 31, 2050.

In this Order, DOE/FE grants Eagle LNG's Application and authorizes the requested term extension for both orders. Specifically, DOE/FE grants the FTA portion of the Application under NGA section 3(c). Section 3(c) was amended by section 201 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (Pub. L. 102-486) to require that FTA applications "shall be deemed to be consistent with the public interest" and granted "without modification or delay." The FTA portion of the Application falls within NGA section 3(c) and, therefore, DOE/FE approves the requested term extension to Order No. 3867 without modification or delay. Accordingly, none of the public interest analysis discussed below applies to the FTA portion of this authorization.

DOE/FE also grants the non-FTA portion of the Application under NGA section 3(a). As discussed below, DOE/FE received no filings in response to the Application, and therefore the Application is uncontested. Upon review of the record in this proceeding, DOE/FE finds that it

⁷ Eagle LNG Partners Jacksonville LLC, DOE/FE Order No. 4445, FE Docket No. 16-15-LNG, Opinion and Order Granting Long-Term Authorization to Export Liquefied Natural Gas to Non-Free Trade Agreement Nations (Oct. 3, 2019).

⁸ 15 U.S.C. § 717b(a).

⁹ App. at 4.

¹⁰ Additional information is set forth in each order.

¹¹ App. at 2-3, 9. Although the Policy Statement does not apply to exports of natural gas to FTA countries under NGA section 3(c), 15 U.S.C. § 717b(c), DOE anticipated that authorization holders would seek to align their long-term FTA and non-FTA export terms through December 31, 2050, for a dministrative efficiencies. *See* Policy Statement, 85 Fed. Reg. at 52,238 n.3, 52,248.

¹² 15 U.S.C. § 717b(c).

has not been shown that the term extension for Order No. 4445 is inconsistent with the public interest, as would be required to deny the non-FTA portion of the Application under NGA section 3(a).

In sum, DOE/FE is amending DOE/FE Order Nos. 3867 and 4445 to extend the existing export term through December 31, 2050 (inclusive of any make-up period), with an attendant increase in the total export volume over the life of each authorization owing to the additional period that exports may occur.¹³ These orders remain unchanged in all other respects.

II. <u>APPLICANT'S PUBLIC INTEREST ANALYSIS FOR REQUESTED NON-FTA TERM EXTENSION</u>

Eagle LNG states that the requested term extension is in the public interest for the reasons set forth in the Policy Statement—namely, because the United States will experience economic benefits associated with exporting LNG through December 31, 2050. ¹⁴ Eagle LNG cites the Policy Statement in stating that the requested term extension will provide "important commercial benefits to existing and future authorization holders" and "long-term regulatory certainty for both authorization holders and foreign buyers of U.S. LNG." ¹⁵ Eagle LNG also references the record in this docket in stating that the validity of DOE/FE's prior public interest findings "is not diminished" by the requested term extension. ¹⁶

¹³ See Policy Statement, 85 Fed. Reg. at 52,247. In many long-term FTA and non-FTA authorizations, DOE/FE has approved a three-year "make-up period" following the end of the original export term, during which the authorization holder may continue to export any "make-up volume" that it was unable to export during the export term. See id. at 52,239.

¹⁴ App. at 7.

¹⁵ *Id*. at 7-8.

¹⁶ *Id*. at 6.

III. DOE/FE PROCEEDING

On December 7, 2020, DOE/FE published a notice of the non-FTA portion of the Application in the *Federal Register* (Notice of Application).¹⁷ The Notice of Application invited interested persons to submit protests, motions to intervene, notices of intervention, and/or comments addressing the requested term extension by December 22, 2020.¹⁸ DOE/FE received no filings in response to the Notice of Application.

IV. DISCUSSION FOR REQUESTED NON-FTA TERM EXTENSION

A. Standard of Review

Section 3(a) of the NGA sets forth the applicable standard of review for the non-FTA portion of the Application. Section 3(a) provides:

[N]o person shall export any natural gas from the United States to a foreign country or import any natural gas from a foreign country without first having secured an order of the [Secretary of Energy] authorizing it to do so. The [Secretary] shall issue such order upon application, unless after opportunity for hearing, [he] finds that the proposed exportation or importation will not be consistent with the public interest. The [Secretary] may by [the Secretary's] order grant such application, in whole or part, with such modification and upon such terms and conditions as the [Secretary] may find necessary or appropriate.¹⁹

DOE, as affirmed by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, has consistently interpreted NGA section 3(a) as creating a rebuttable presumption that a proposed export of natural gas is in the public interest.²⁰ Accordingly, DOE will conduct an informal

¹⁷ U.S. Dep't of Energy, Eagle LNG Partners Jacksonville LLC; Application to Amend Export Term Through December 31, 2050, for Existing Non-Free Trade Agreement Authorization, 85 Fed. Reg. 78,842 (Dec. 7, 2020). ¹⁸ *Id.* DOE finds that the requirement for public notice of applications and other hearing-type procedures in 10 C.F.R. Part 590 is applicable only to non-FTA applications under NGA section 3(a).

C.F.R. Part 590 is applicable only to non-FTA applications under NGA sect ¹⁹ 15 U.S.C. § 717b(a).

²⁰ See Sierra Clubv. Ú.S. Dep't of Energy, 867 F.3d 189, 203 (D.C. Cir. 2017) ("We have construed [NGA section 3(a)] as containing a 'general presumption favoring [export] a uthorization.") (quoting W. Va. Pub. Serv. Comm'n v. U.S. Dep't of Energy, 681 F.2d 847, 856 (D.C. Cir. 1982)).

adjudication and grant a non-FTA application unless DOE finds that the proposed exportation will not be consistent with the public interest.²¹

NGA section 3(a) does not define "public interest" or identify criteria that must be considered in evaluating the public interest. In prior decisions, DOE has identified a range of factors that it evaluates when reviewing an application for export authorization. These factors include economic impacts, international impacts, security of natural gas supply, and environmental impacts, among others. To conduct this review, DOE looks to record evidence developed in the application proceeding.

Before reaching a final decision, DOE must also comply with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA).²² DOE's environmental review process under NEPA may result in the preparation or adoption of an environmental impact statement (EIS) or environmental assessment (EA) describing the potential environmental impacts associated with the application. In other cases, DOE may determine that an application is eligible for a categorical exclusion from the preparation or adoption of an EIS or EA, pursuant to DOE's regulations implementing NEPA.

B. Public Interest Review Under NGA Section 3(a)

In the Policy Statement, DOE/FE discontinued its practice of granting a standard 20-year export term for long-term authorizations to export domestically produced natural gas, including LNG, from the lower-48 states to non-FTA countries.²³ On the basis of the record evidence, DOE/FE adopted a term through December 31, 2050, as the standard export term for long-term

²¹ See id. ("there must be 'an affirmative showing of inconsistency with the public interest' to deny the application" under NGA section 3(a)) (quoting *Panhandle Producers & Royalty Owners Ass'n v. Econ. Regulatory Admin.*, 822 F.2d 1105, 1111 (D.C. Cir. 1987)).

²² 42 U.S.C. § 4321 et seq.

²³ Policy Statement, 85 Fed. Reg. at 52,247.

non-FTA authorizations.²⁴ DOE/FE implemented this policy change after considering its obligations under NGA section 3(a), the public comments supporting and opposing the proposed Policy Statement,²⁵ and a wide range of information bearing on the public interest—including the 2018 LNG Export Study that analyzed exports of U.S. LNG through the year 2050, the U.S. Energy Information Administration's (EIA) most recent projections for U.S. natural gas, and relevant environmental issues.²⁶ DOE/FE stated that, for applications to amend existing authorizations submitted pursuant to this Policy Statement, DOE/FE would provide notice and an opportunity for comment on the requested term extension. DOE/FE further stated that, following the notice and comment period, it would conduct a public interest analysis under NGA section 3(a) limited to the requested term extension.²⁷

In this uncontested proceeding, Eagle LNG asks DOE/FE to amend the export term in its non-FTA order, Order No. 4445, through December 31, 2050, pursuant to the Policy Statement. DOE/FE notes that this term extension will increase Eagle LNG's total volume of exports over the life of the authorization (by extending the duration of Order No. 4445 through December 31, 2050), but it will not affect the day-to-day liquefaction and export operations of the Jacksonville Project previously approved by DOE and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). Upon review, DOE/FE has determined that it has not been demonstrated that the requested term extension will be inconsistent with the public interest, as would be required to deny the non-FTA portion of Eagle LNG's Application.

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²⁴ *Id.*; see also id. at 52,239-40 (summarizing reasons supporting the term extension).

²⁵ See U.S. Dep't of Energy, Extending Natural Gas Export Authorizations to Non-Free Trade Agreement Countries Through the Year 2050; Notice of Proposed Policy Statement and Request for Comments, 85 Fed. Reg. 7,672 (Feb. 11, 2020).

²⁶ See Policy Statement, 85 Fed. Reg. 52,247; see also id. at 52,240 (discussing the 2018 LNG Export Study and DOE's most recent life cycle analysis of greenhouse gas emissions associated with exports of U.S. LNG), 52,243-44 (discussing EIA's *Annual Energy Outlook 2020*), 52,244-45 (discussing a dditional environmental issues).

²⁷ See id. at 52,239,52,247.

²⁸ See id. at 52,247; see also App. at 4 (citing FERC order).

C. Environmental Review Under NEPA

Eagle LNG states that approval of its term extension request will not require any new construction or modification of the facilities it has been authorized to construct.²⁹ DOE's regulations at 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D, Appendix B provide a list of categorical exclusions from preparation of either an EA or EIS under NEPA. Categorical exclusion B5.7 applies to natural gas import or export approvals that do not involve new construction but may require minor operational changes to existing projects.³⁰ On December 23, 2020, DOE/FE issued a categorical exclusion under this provision.³¹ This Order grants the non-FTA portion of the Application, in part, on the basis of this categorical exclusion.

V. FINDINGS

(1) Section 3(c) of the NGA was amended by section 201 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (Pub. L. 102-486) to require that applications requesting authority for (a) the import and export of natural gas, including LNG, from and to a nation with which there is in effect an FTA requiring national treatment for trade in natural gas, and/or (b) the import of LNG from other international sources, be deemed consistent with the public interest and granted without modification or delay. The portion of Eagle LNG's Application requesting an amendment to its FTA authorization (DOE/FE Order No. 3867) falls within NGA section 3(c), as amended.³² Therefore, DOE/FE is charged with granting the requested term extension for Order No. 3867 without modification or delay.

²⁹ App. at 8.

³⁰ DOE/FE notes that, on January 4, 2021, an amended form of this B5.7 categorical exclusion will take effect. *See* U.S. Dep't of Energy, National Environmental Policy Act Implementing Procedures; Final Rule, 85 Fed. Reg. 78,197 (Dec. 4, 2020) (effective date of Jan. 4, 2021).

³¹ U.S. Dep't of Energy, Categorical Exclusion Determination, *Eagle LNG Partners Jacksonville LLC*, FE Docket No. 16-15-LNG (Dec. 23, 2020) [hereinafter Categorical Exclusion].

³² 15 U.S.C. § 717b(c).

- (2) Upon a review of the record, DOE/FE finds that a grant of the non-FTA portion of the Application has not been shown to be inconsistent with the public interest under NGA section 3(a).³³ Additionally, the non-FTA portion of the Application qualifies for a categorical exclusion under NEPA, such that no EA or EIS will be required. DOE/FE therefore grants the requested term extension for Order No. 4445.
- (3) On December 18, 2020, DOE/FE issued a blanket order, DOE/FE Order No. 4641, amending existing long-term authorizations to include short-term export authority on a non-additive basis.³⁴ The blanket order amended Eagle LNG's authorizations at issue here. Accordingly, the amended ordering language set forth below includes both the term extension amendments requested in the Application and the amendment granted in Order No. 4641.

ORDER

Pursuant to section 3 of the Natural Gas Act, it is ordered that:

- A. Eagle LNG Partners Jacksonville LLC's Application to amend the respective export terms set forth in DOE/FE Order Nos. 3867 and 4445 is granted.
 - B. In DOE/FE Order No. 3867, Ordering Paragraph A is amended to state: Eagle LNG Partners Jacksonville, LLC is authorized to export domestically produced LNG by vessel and in ISO containers on vessels from the proposed Jacksonville Project, to be located in Jacksonville, Florida. The volume authorized in this Order is

³³ *Id*. § 717b(a).

³⁴ U.S. Dep't of Energy, DOE/FE Order No. 4641, FE Docket Nos. 10-85-LNG, *et al.*, Order Amending Long-Tem Authorizations for the Export of Natural Gas to Include Short-Term Export Authority on a Non-Additive Basis, and Vacating Related Short-Term Authority in Separate Orders (Dec. 18, 2020), *available at:* https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2020/12/f82/ord4641.pdf; *see also* U.S. Dep't of Energy, Including Short-Term Export Authority in Long-Term Authorizations for the Export of Natural Gas on a Non-Additive Basis; Policy Statement, __ Fed. Reg. __ (forthcoming) (signed on Dec. 18, 2020).

equivalent to approximately 49.8 Bcf/yr of natural gas (0.14 Bcf/d). This authorization is for a term beginning on the earlier of the date of first export or five years from the date the authorization is issued (July 21, 2021), and extending through December 31, 2050. Eagle LNG is authorized to export this LNG on its own behalf and as agent for other entities who hold title to the natural gas, pursuant to one or more long-term contracts (a contract greater than two years).

As of December 18, 2020, this authorization also includes: (i) authority to export the same approved volume pursuant to transactions of any duration—including but not limited to transactions of less than two years—on a non-additive basis; and (ii) authority to export commissioning volumes (in the same approved volume) prior to the commercial operations of the LNG export facility (or facilities) named in this authorization, on a non-additive basis.

C. In DOE/FE Order No. 4445, Ordering Paragraph A is amended to state:

Eagle LNG Partners Jacksonville LLC (Eagle LNG) is authorized to export domestically produced LNG by vessel and in ISO containers on vessels from the proposed Jacksonville Project, to be located in Jacksonville, Florida, in a volume up to the equivalent of 49.8 Bcf/yr of natural gas. This authorization is for a term to commence from the date of first commercial export and to extend through December 31, 2050. Eagle LNG is authorized to export the LNG on its own

behalf and as agent for other entities who hold title to the natural gas, pursuant to one or more long-term contracts (a contract greater than two years).

As of December 18, 2020, this authorization also includes: (i) authority to export the same approved volume pursuant to transactions of any duration—including but not limited to transactions of less than two years—on a non-additive basis; and (ii) authority to export commissioning volumes (in the same approved volume) prior to the commercial operations of the LNG export facility (or facilities) named in this authorization, on a non-additive basis.

This term extension supersedes any references to a 20-year export term in the Terms and Conditions and Ordering Paragraphs of DOE/FE Order No. 4445.

D. These export terms lasting through December 31, 2050, are inclusive of any make-up period previously authorized in the orders, during which the authorization holder may continue to export any make-up volume that it was unable to export during the original export term.³⁵

Accordingly, as relevant here, any references to make-up periods and make-up volumes in the Terms and Conditions and Ordering Paragraphs of DOE/FE Order No. 4445 are now moot.

E. All other obligations, rights, and responsibilities established by DOE/FE Order Nos.

³⁵ See supra at 4; see also Policy Statement, 85 Fed. Reg. at 52,239, 52,247.

3867 and 4445 remain in effect.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on December 30, 2020.

Steven Eric Winberg

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