

Technology Innovation Outlook for Advanced Liquid Biofuels











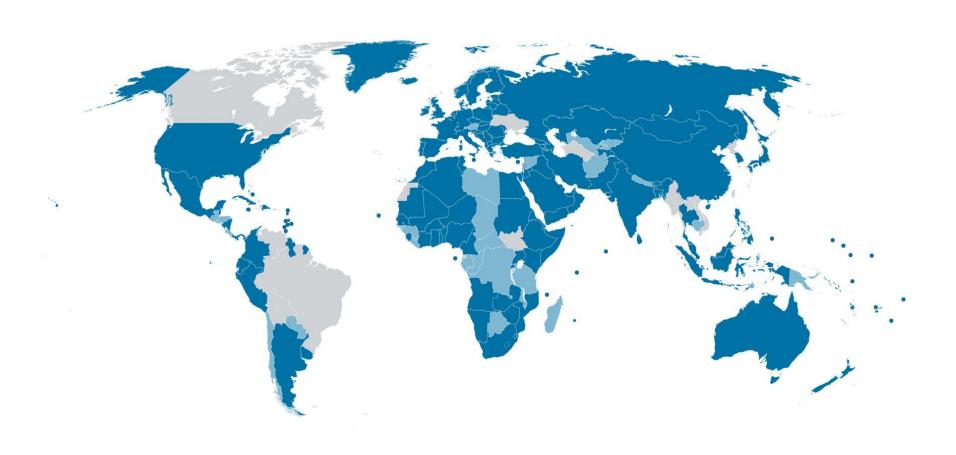


Bioenergy 2016:

Mobilizing the Bioeconomy through Innovation Innovative Approaches and Materials for Clean Energy Washington, DC July 14, 2016

Introduction to IRENA

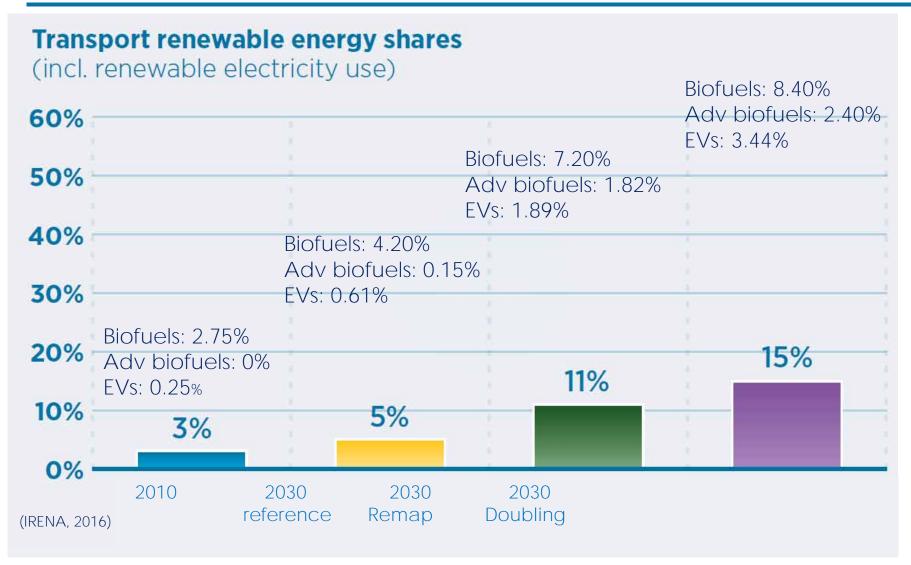




- The Intergovernmental Organisation focused on renewable energy
- 148 members countries (including EU) and 28 in process of accession

The Case for Advanced Biofuels



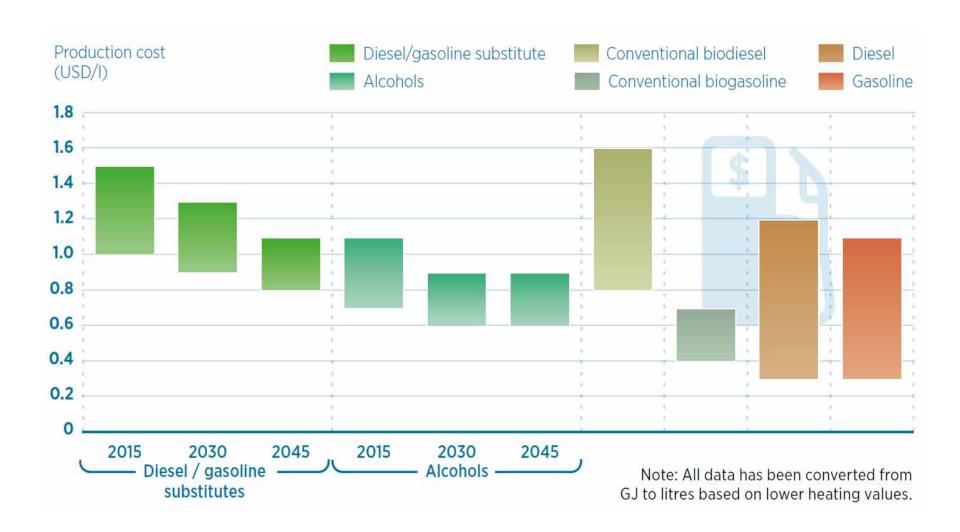


Advanced biofuels broaden sustainable feedstock options.

Economic potential



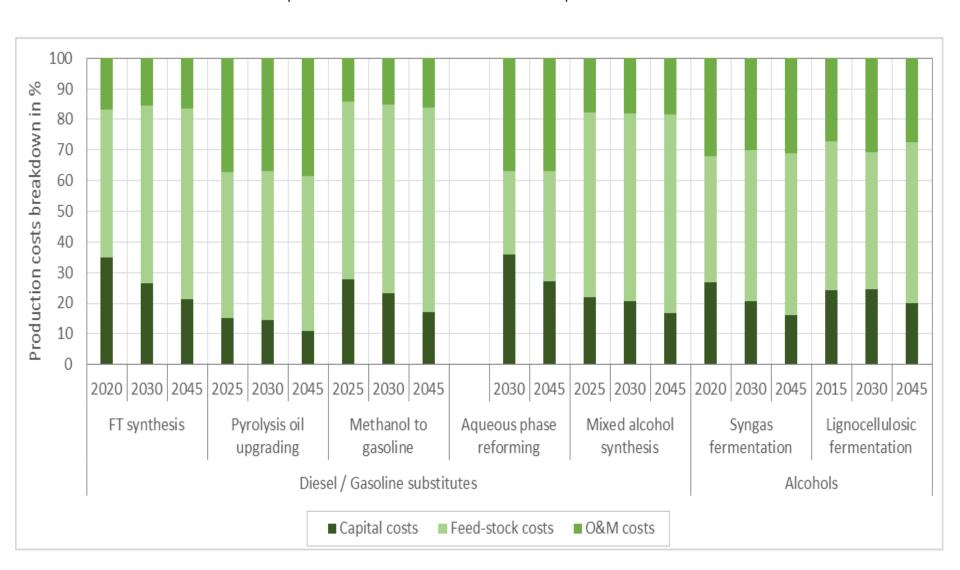
Advanced biofuels cannot compete with oil prices below \$80 per barrel



Feedstock cost is key



Feedstock cost represents 40% to 70 % of production cost



Advanced biofuels pathways



TRL 1-3 5 8 9 4 6 Research **Demonstration Ready for Prototype** Commercialization Lignocellulosic butanol Aerobic fermentation Lignocellulosic ethanol Aqueous phase reforming Pyrolysis oil + upgrading Hydrothermalupgrading Syngas fermentation Sugar to diesel Gasif + Fischer-Tropsch Gasif+mixed alcohols Alcohol to hydrocarbons Gasif+methanol

Fermentation



Status: Depends on Feedstock

- Fermentation plants using agricultural residues or energy crops are at an early commercial phase
- Fermentation plants using woody biomass are still at an early demonstration stage.
- Fermentation of ethanol from municipal solid waste is still under development

Ongoing R&D Approaches

- Integrating the hydrolysis and fermentation processes could reduce production costs by as much as 80%.
- In-situ removal of butanol, with membrane separation instead of distillation, can reduce energy use by half. (Principle of ButaNext project.)

Fermentation: Dupont Nevada (114ML/y)





Gasification



Status: Technology Demonstration

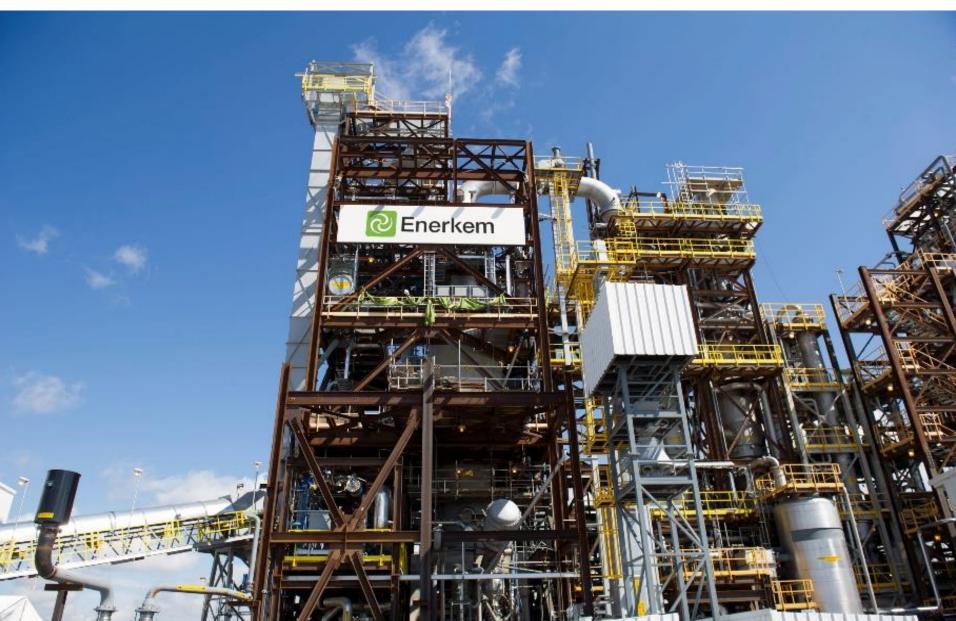
- Gasification can use a variety of feedstocks.
- Gasification with catalytic synthesis: many demonstration projects using forestry residues
- Gasification followed by syngas fermentation to ethanol is being demonstrated, nearly commercial.

Ongoing R&D Objectives

- Gasification still needs to prove reliable long-term operation with feedstock contaminants
- Alter-NRG is working on enhanced pre-treatment and ash removal using plasma gasification or torches
- Process optimisation is also needed to achieve target syngas composition with sufficient hydrogen content.

Gasification: Enerkem Alberta (38 ML/y)





Pyrolysis



Status

- Can use a changing mix of feedstocks over time.
- Agricultural residues, wood residues and wastes have all been used in pilot and demonstration plants

Ongoing R&D Focus

- More effective catalytic upgrading processes needed.
- Petrobras and Ensyn have demonstrated the cocracking of refinery-ready pyrolysis oil

Pyrolysis: Ensyn, Renfew, Ontario (12 ML/y)

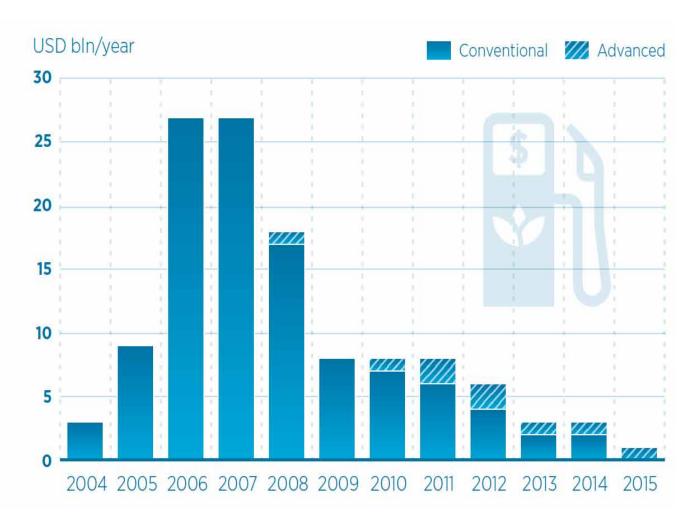




Investment Stagnating







IRENA analysis based on BNEF (2015)

investments have stagnated with lower oil prices and weakened policy support

Current implementation activity



- Present: 1 billion I/year production capacity
- Actual production -> ???
- Efforts centralized in Europe and North America

23 projects in North America

Commercial: 12

Demonstration: 11

16 projects in Europe

Commercial: 9

Demonstration: 7

4 projects in Asia

Commercial: 2

Demonstration: 2

3 projects in South America

Commercial: 3

Demonstration: 0

1 project in Oceania

Commercial: 0

Demonstration: 1

Needed areas of focus



TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

- Support for first of a kind commercial-scale pilot plants
- Risk mitigation for other early pilot plants: getting to the Nth.

MARKET FORMATION

- Bio-refineries
- Policy incentives, targets or mandates
- Internalisation of carbon cost
- Public procurement
- Niche markets

ENTERPRISE FORMATION

- Support start-ups
- Strategic partnerships
- Sharing successful business models
- Harness potential socio-economic benefits



Thank you very much for your attention

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