

# FY 2016 NEET R&D Award -Investigating Grain Dynamics in Irradiated Materials with High-Energy X-rays

Pls:

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## Motivation - In situ Multiscale Experiment of Nuclear Reactor Materials with High-Energy X-rays



## Combined *In situ* High-Energy X-ray Techniques (APS Beamline 1-ID)



#### *In situ* Thermal-Mechanical Experiment of Neutron-Irradiated Materials





## In situ Characterization using 2D X-ray Techniques: Grain-Average Behavior









evolution during tensile deformation

(Dongare et al (2009))

SAXS captured void formation and evolution during necking

## High-Energy Diffraction Microscopy (3D-XRD): Individual Grain Characteristics

- Three-dimensional, grain-scale characterization:
  - Characterization of microstructural and micromechanical response of individual grains within the bulk of a polycrystalline specimen.
- Near-field (nf-) HEDM (similar to 3D-EBSD):
  - Sample-detector distance: mm cm
  - Not suitable for in situ study with complex environments



- Grain shape and orientation map
- Detailed GB geometry
- Far-field (ff-) HEDM: sample-detector distance: meter (suitable for in situ)



-1000

## X-ray Tomography

• 3D visualization of the internal structure (pores, voids, cracks, etc.) in a material



Absorption Tomography provides information due to electron density, revealing presence of voids, cracks, etc. (by AFRL, unpulished)



X-ray tomography of thermally-fatigue GlidCop specimen measured at APS beamline 1-ID. (A. Khounsary et al. J. Phys 425 (2013) 212015)

## *In situ* 4D Characterization under Thermal-Mechanical Loading

- Integrate *in situ* thermal-mechanical loading capability with 3D X-ray techniques to enable time- and spatial-resolved (4D) characterization of neutron-irradiated polycrystalline materials
  - Single-grain diffraction measurements in a polycrystalline sample
  - Monitor grain dynamics under thermal-mechanical loading
  - Link local events with average properties



#### **Proposed Work**

#### • 4D characterization of neutron-irradiated materials with high-energy X-rays

- Demonstration of high-precision rotation & axial loading mechanism to enable 4D X-ray characterization
- Develop HEDM data analysis methods to specifically address irradiated specimens, including effects of peak overlap and broadening which result from radiation damage
- Develop a swappable specimen stage with a location tracking mechanism for synchronized measurements of the same specimen volume by *ex situ* nf-HEDM and *in situ* ff-HEDM.
- In situ mechanical testing of neutron-irradiated materials at high temperature with high-energy X-rays
  - Demonstrate the capability for *in situ* mechanical testing of an activated specimen at temperatures up to 600°C.
- Establish activated specimen holder library
  - A collection of well-established and approved holder designs for irradiated specimens will be of great value to the nuclear material community.
  - The specimen holder library will be closely coordinated with the NSUF sample library to accommodate different sample types, geometry and dimensions.

# Automated Handling of Radioactive Specimens using Robot



## What's Next?

#### **APS Upgrade** – Transform today's APS into the ultimate 3D X-ray microscope





Orders-of-magnitude increase in brightness and coherent X-ray flux.



Early Science at the Upgraded APS, Oct. 2015.

#### High energy, high brilliance X-rays High energy, high brilliance, high coherence X-rays

#### New Beamline Concept – "<u>High-Energy X-ray Microscope (HEXM)</u>"

- New imaging techniques
  - Direction-beam imaging: full-field transmission X-ray microscopy (TXM)
  - Diffraction-beam imaging: Bragg coherent diffraction imaging (BCDI)
- A long beam extending beyond APS experimental hall allows separate building
  - Include in situ ion irradiation beamline (XMAT)
  - Include Activated Material Laboratory (AML)