

DoE Connected Lighting Meeting





Outline

- Connected Lighting and self-configuration
- Examples of current state
 - Cities
 - Buildings
- Next wave
- Summary



Lighting has gone digital, redefining what is possible with light

Energy efficiency



Creating amazing experiences

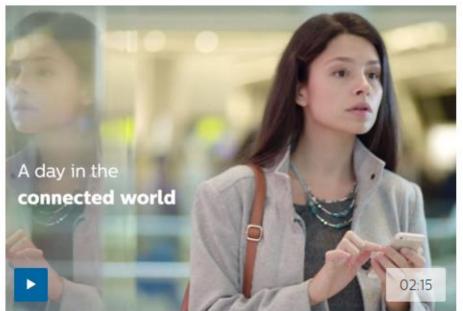


Enhancing attractiveness of cities





The Future of Lighting: Connected Lighting



Public lighting as an agent for change?

How street lighting delivers more than illumination

Contraction

Co

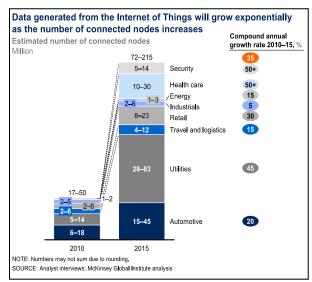
Imagine . . .

a world of **beautifully illuminated** indoor and outdoor spaces . . .

where every light point is connected to an **intelligent system** that delivers high-quality, reliable illumination . . .

and that serves as a pathway for information and services . . .

to deliver extraordinary **value beyond illumination** to the users and managers of spaces.





Beyond Illumination User Benefits



Save energy Up to 80% savings over

conventional

lighting

Personalize spaces

Enhance user comfort, productivity, and safety



Transform environments

Create ambience and spectacle with targeted, dynamic light



Track performance

Get real-time data on lighting system status and operations



Optimize management

Remote, pointby-point lighting control, indoors and outdoors



Connect with customers

Use online experiences to encourage instore sales



Streamline operations

Simplify workflows with end-to-end system integration



Guide and inform

Deliver incontext information and services to people in illuminated spaces



Gain deep insight

Use historical data and analysis to continually improve operations and experiences



Integrate with other systems

Make your lighting system part of the digital ecology in your building or city



Self-Configuration in Lighting

- Auto or simplified commissioning
 - Grouping/zoning
 - Placement in physical space
- Auto calibration of control parameters
- Self-diagnosis of faults
- Algorithms that seek global optimal performance
 - Distributed and centralized
- Responsive to the application, usecase



Sensor are automatically calibrated daily to adapt to changing environments. This is done via a synchronous calibration of all the sensors in a controlled area



Synchronous calibration:

Electric Lights that contribute to workplane Illuminance Level are forced to make a known and synchronous step in light level



<u>Automatically adapting</u> to the environment, providing <u>contextual</u> <u>lighting</u> based on <u>Ambient Intelligence</u>

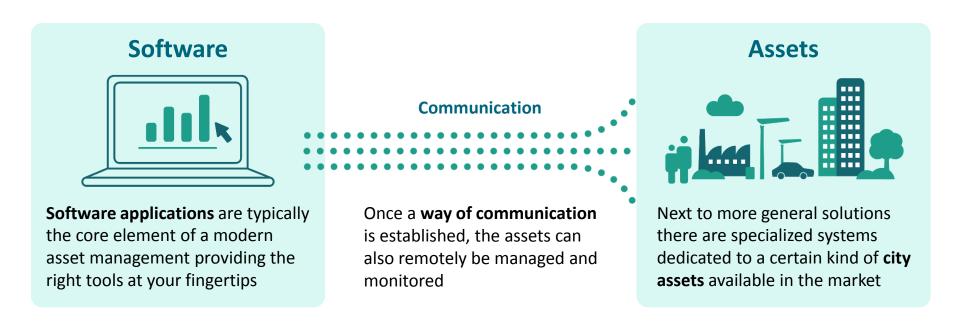


Samples of Current State



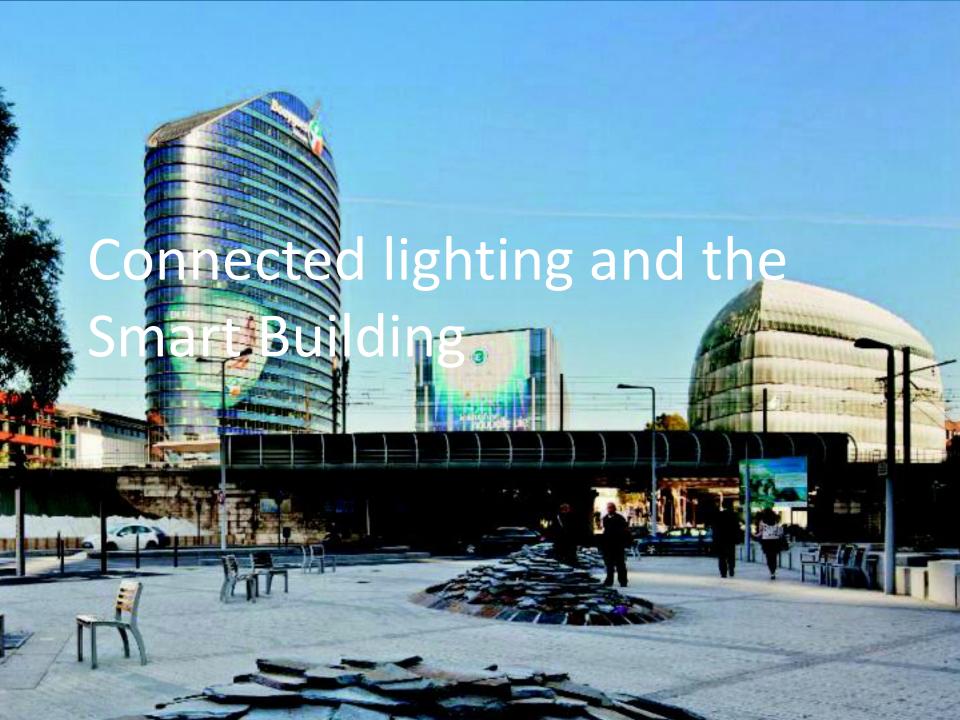
CityTouch is a lighting asset management system

Asset management broadly defined refers to any system that monitors and maintains things of value to an owner or operator of assets



- Asset management is the combination of management, financial and engineering practices applied to assets with the objective of providing the required level of service in the most cost-effective manner
- It includes the management of the entire lifecycle from design, installation and commissioning to operation, maintenance and disposal of assets

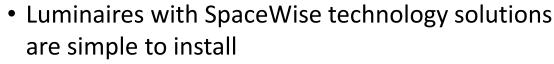




Philips Spacewise Technology for Office

Wireless for easy installation

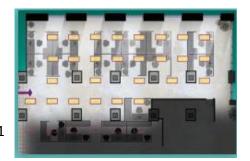




- Plug and play with easy grouping
- Stand alone system—no network, computer, or light meter required
- Auto calibration, no manual daylight commissioning











Focus: Deloitte HQ, Amsterdam Fully connected, PoE



Lighting that can create a digital ceiling infrastructure as a pathway for information and data

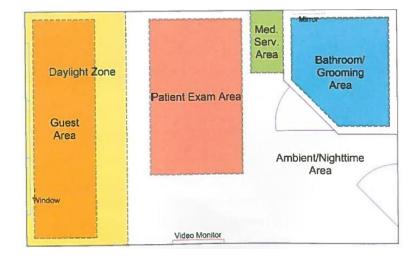
- Indoor positioning for advanced in-context information and indoor navigation
- Every mobile phone becomes a personal service portal that is location aware
- A wide range of sensors to learn from the indoor environment, enabling operational efficiency of the building



Human Centric Lighting

DoE Patient Room and Office Projects at Philips Research NA







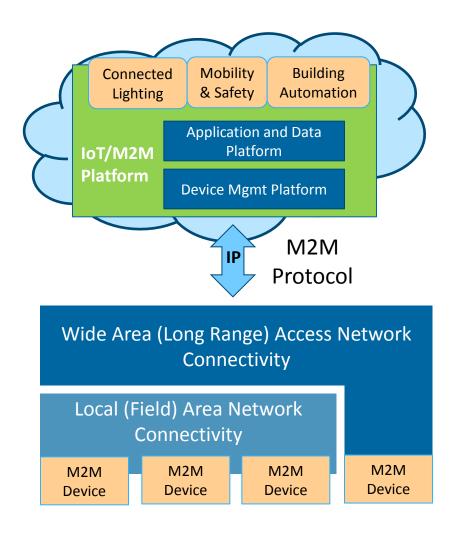
Key Features:

- 1. Spectral tuning throughout the day
- 2. Application-based Lighting Recipe
- 3. Address visual and non-visual needs
- 4. Deep energy savings through controls
- 5. Granular Energy Measurement and Analytics



Next Wave

Smart Buildings, Smart City, IoT Leverage open *connectivity platforms, cloud,...*

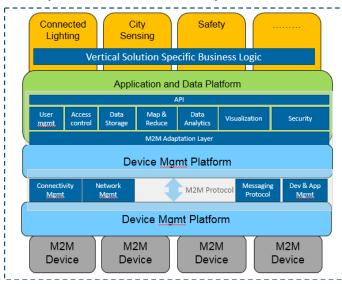


- (semi)-self configuration on multiple scales
- Device, zone to building or city scale
- Addressing certain needs
 - Commissioning
 - System performance, Continuous tuning
 - Fault detection and diagnosis
 - Enable new business models and use cases
- Different economies of scale through scalable platforms
- Link to other subsystems, e.g. with HVAC in buildings

The Keys to Success

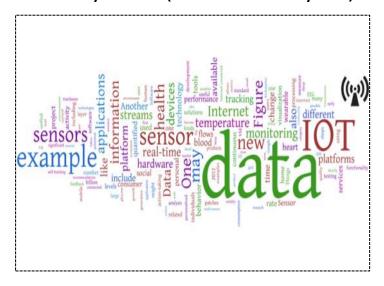
Scalable, ease of integration, auto,

Open Interfaces & platforms



- Open Interfaces -> codes and standards
- Able to extend but remain backwards compatible over time
- Easy to test and certify compliance
- Leverage broader deployments and infrastructure

Smart Systems (data and analytics)



- Smart algorithms, situation aware
- Predictive response and controls
- Self configuring, self-healing, auto calib.
- Remote monitoring and configuration
- Plug and Play
- New data-driven propositions
-



Opportunities to accelerate adoption

- Interoperability: various proprietary vertical protocols used by each building vertical: Standard IT interfaces used by each building vertical
- Facility manager vs IT domain: offices need to think about IT as one universal building backbone linking multiple verticals
- Cost-down vs Value : promote and get acceptance of new value drivers
- Legacy codes: LPD vs EUI we need to go to performance based metrics



In Summary

Digitalization is resulting in a paradigm shift for the lighting industry to connected lighting

Connected lighting enables value creation **beyond illumination** in the Internet of Things, **yet to be tapped**

Creating solutions to the problems facing our cities

However, the focus on payback time based on energy-savings can hinder speed of adoption of fully connected systems

Gov't/codes/associations: role to speed up the mass adoption of intelligent lighting infrastructures, e.g.

- Technology development, piloting
- EUI incentive program instead of LPD
- Promote interoperable systems
- R&D support for breakthrough systems and algorithms



