



IPERC

Camp Smith Microgrid Controls and Cyber Security

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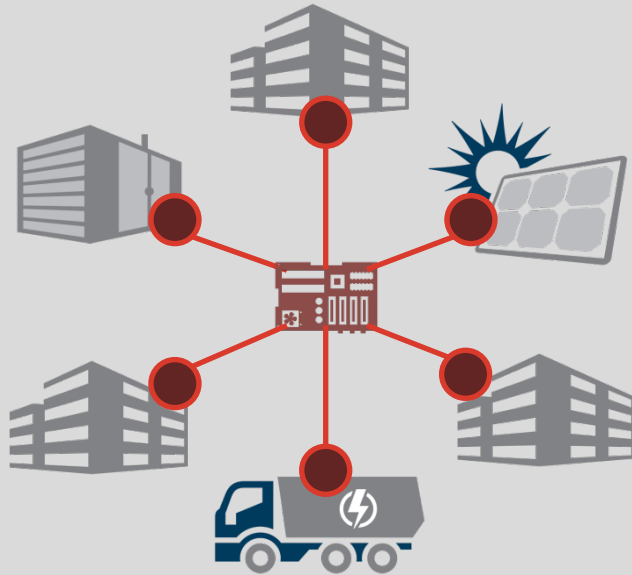
SPIDERS Industry Day – Camp Smith, HI
27 August 2015

ADVANCING *THE POWER OF ENERGY*

Microgrid Resiliency and Cyber Security

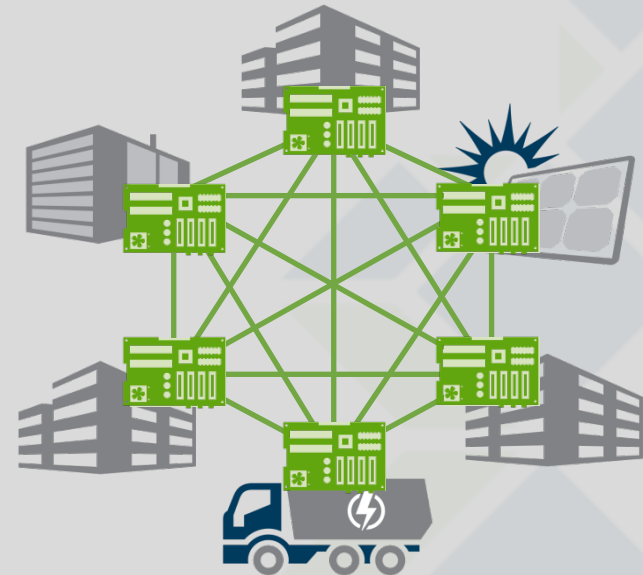
- ▶ Distributed Controls
- ▶ Communications
- ▶ Interface with other microgrids
- ▶ User Interface
- ▶ Energy Surety
- ▶ Comprehensive Security Strategy

Camp Smith – Distributed Controller



NOT THIS

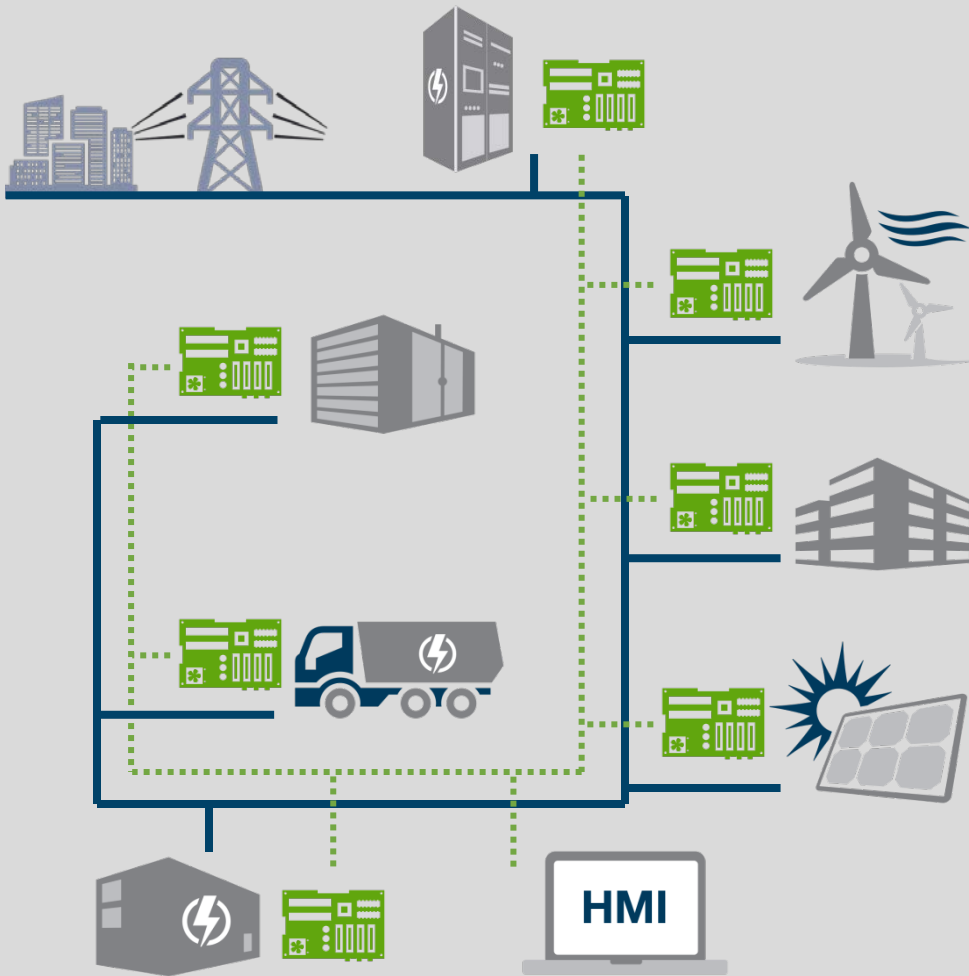
- ✗ Reflects outdated mainframe mentality
- ✗ A central CPU is a single point of failure
- ✗ Custom software is hard to update
- ✗ Legacy code is vulnerable to cyber attacks
- ✗ Unique configurations are hard to scale



THIS

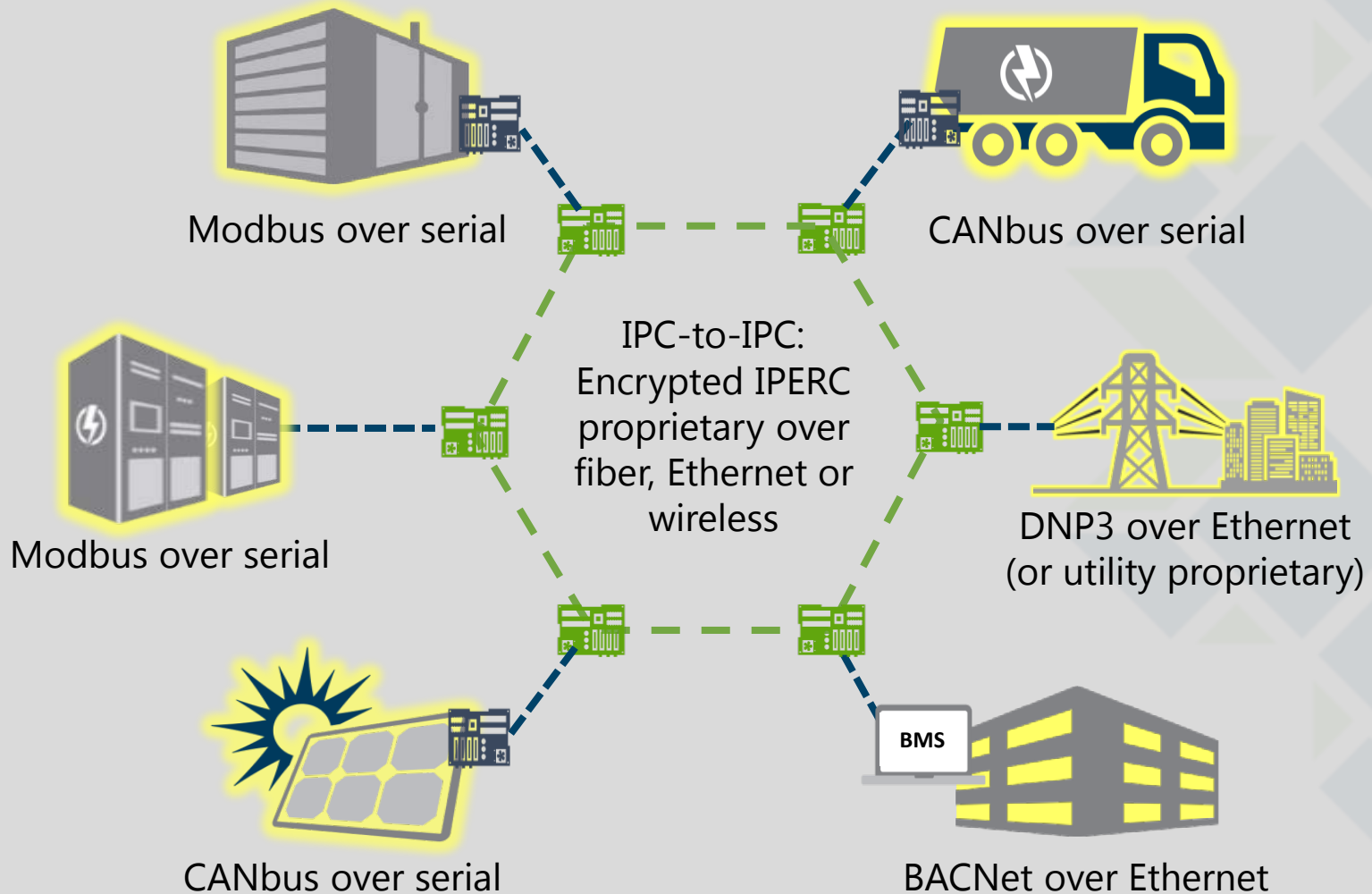
- ✓ Reflects current internet mentality
- ✓ Distributed CPUs create a resilient system
- ✓ A consistent platform facilitates updates
- ✓ Original code written for cybersecurity
- ✓ A modular approach is inherently scalable

IPEC GridMaster® Microgrid Control System

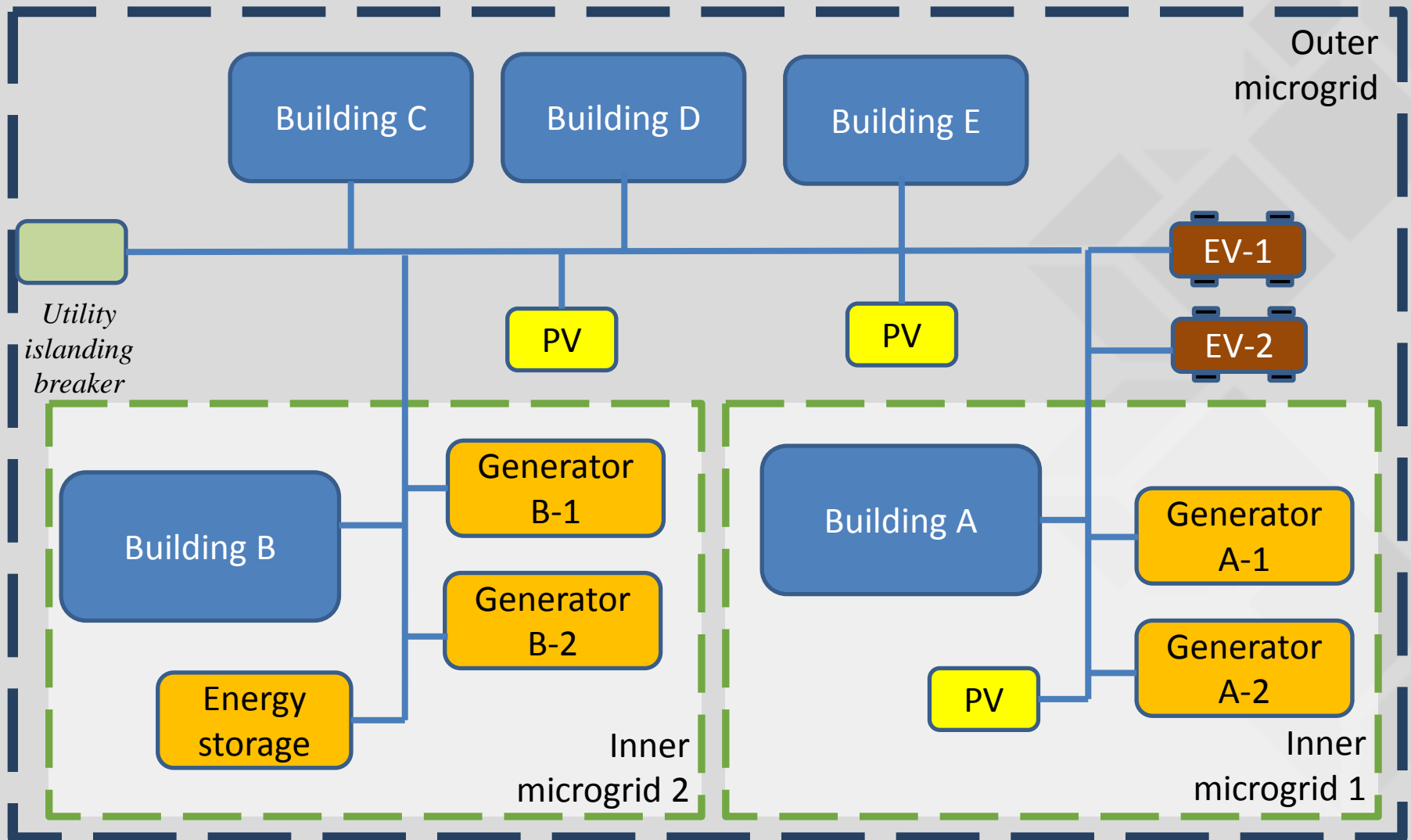


- Peer-to-peer architecture, not master-slave
- GridMaster node (IPC) located with equipment on microgrid
- Proprietary software optimizes energy use across all available sources
- Industry standards to connect to existing or new infrastructure
- If existing components fail or new ones are added, the system automatically reconfigures itself

Typical GridMaster Communications



Multiple Grids – Notional Schematic

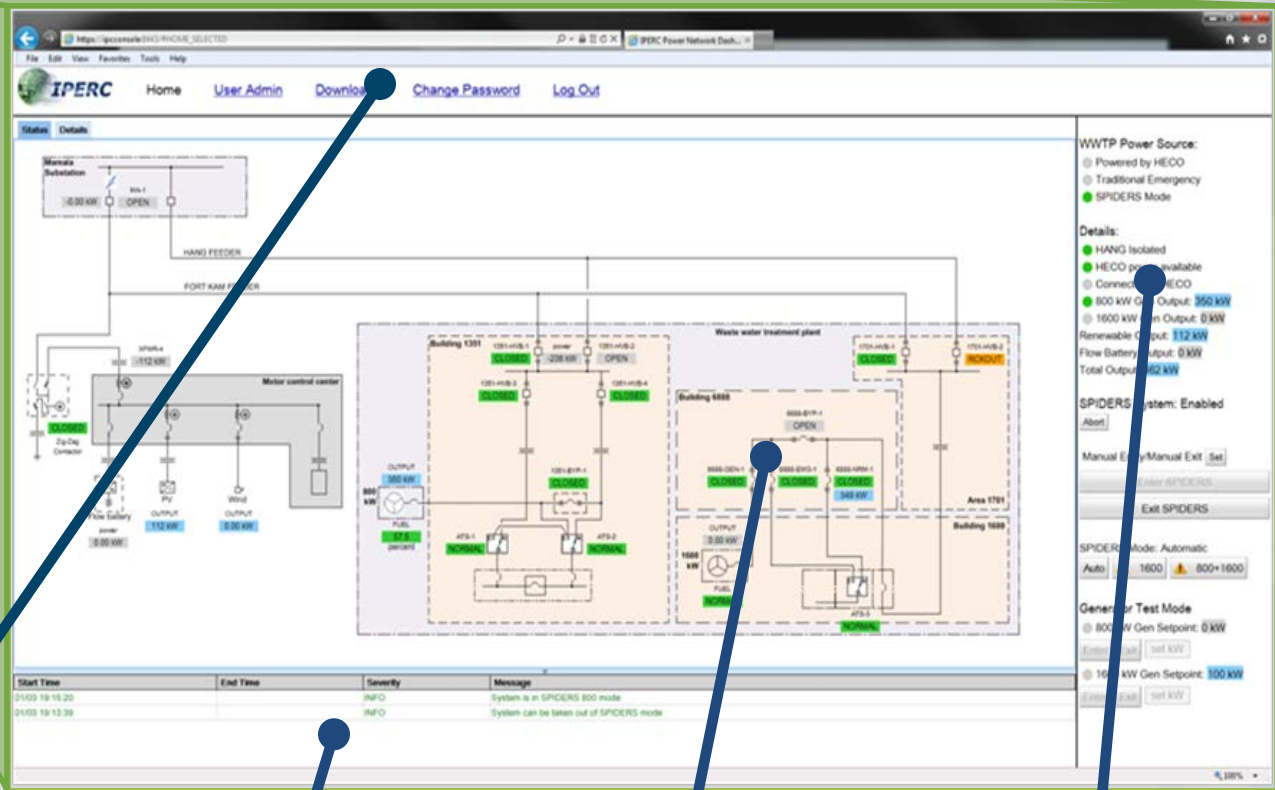


SPIDERS Graphical User Interface

- ▶ Designed in-house by IPERC
- ▶ Runs on any browser
- ▶ No custom software required
- ▶ Dedicated security-hardened desktops and laptops
- ▶ Role-based Access
 - **Administrator:** can add/delete/edit users and passwords
 - **View user:** can view values but cannot set control
 - **Control user:** can view values and set controls
 - **Data user:** can download archived microgrid data values



Graphical User Interface: Features



Navigation

Message Display
(Alerts, Warnings)

Main
Schematic

System Status and
Controls

Energy Surety = Electrical Resilience + Security

Microgrids deliver elements of Energy Surety
Safety, Security, Reliability, Recoverability, Sustainability

Electrical

- ▶ Optimize source vs. load
- ▶ Prioritized load-shedding
- ▶ Redundant controls
- ▶ Critical loads met 100%
- ▶ Stable power, ancillary services, power quality
- ▶ Improved integration of renewables

Security

- ▶ Protected data
- ▶ Intrusion protection
- ▶ Best practices
- ▶ DoD, NIST Controls
- ▶ Device and OS hardening
- ▶ Network security
- ▶ Monitoring, Patching, Recovery

*Evaluating and testing microgrid functionality is fairly straight forward.
Cybersecurity guidelines for Industrial Control Systems are evolving.*

Comprehensive Security Strategy

Camp Smith Cybersecurity Guidelines Applied

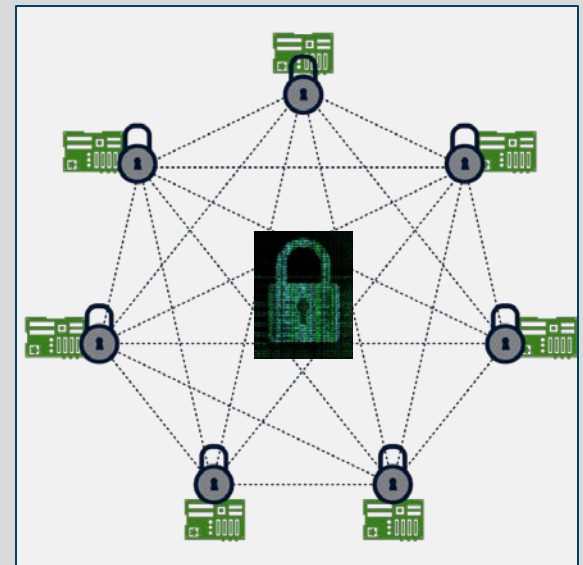
- ▶ **DoD 8500 Series** - DoD Information Assurance Certification and Accreditation Process (DIACAP), including 8500.2 IA controls
- ▶ **Security Controls** – Security Technical Implementation Guides (STIGs), Security Content Automation Protocol tool (SCAP), vendor guidelines

Testing & Evaluation

- ▶ JCTD Red Team Attacks
- ▶ HBSS, ACAS Functionality for ICS
- ▶ Navy Validation Team T&E
- ▶ DHS Cyber Security Evaluation Tool (CSET)

Defense In Depth

- ▶ Multi-layered security integrated in system development



Defense In Depth



Policies, Procedures,
Training & Awareness



Physical Security



Perimeter Protection



Monitoring, Forensics



Encryption



Host Based Security

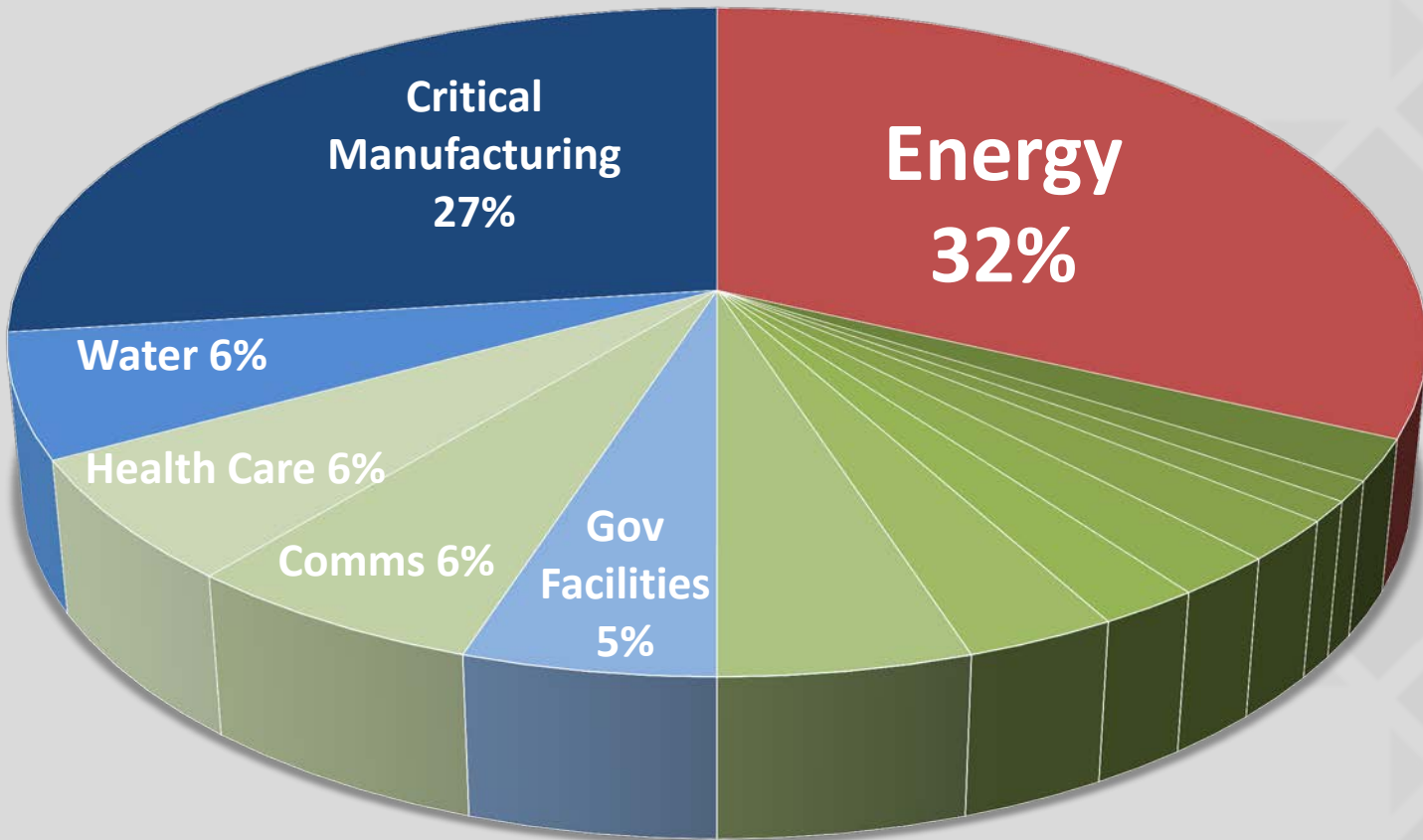


Access Control



Recovery, Patching

Infrastructure Cyber Incidents by Sector, 2014

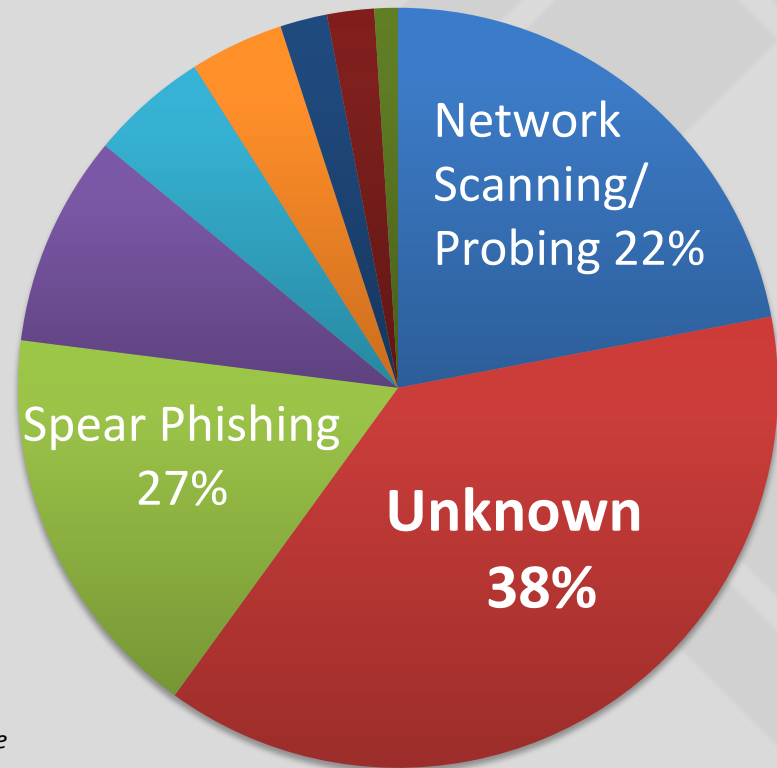


Note: Voluntarily reported cyber incidents targeting national critical infrastructure
Source: ICS-CERT Monitor, September 2014 – February 2015

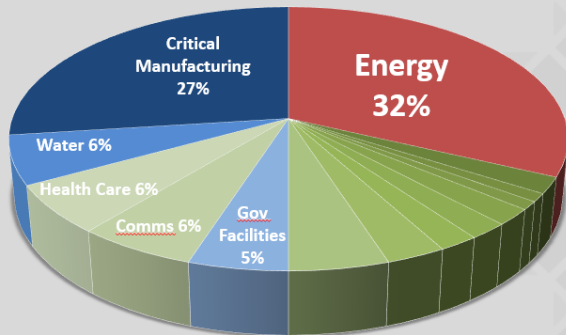
Industrial Control System Monitoring

Majority of ICS-CERT Incidents - Unknown Origins
SPIDERS Camp Smith – Delivers Monitoring and Forensics Capabilities

Incidents by Access Vector



Infrastructure Cyber Incidents by Sector, 2014

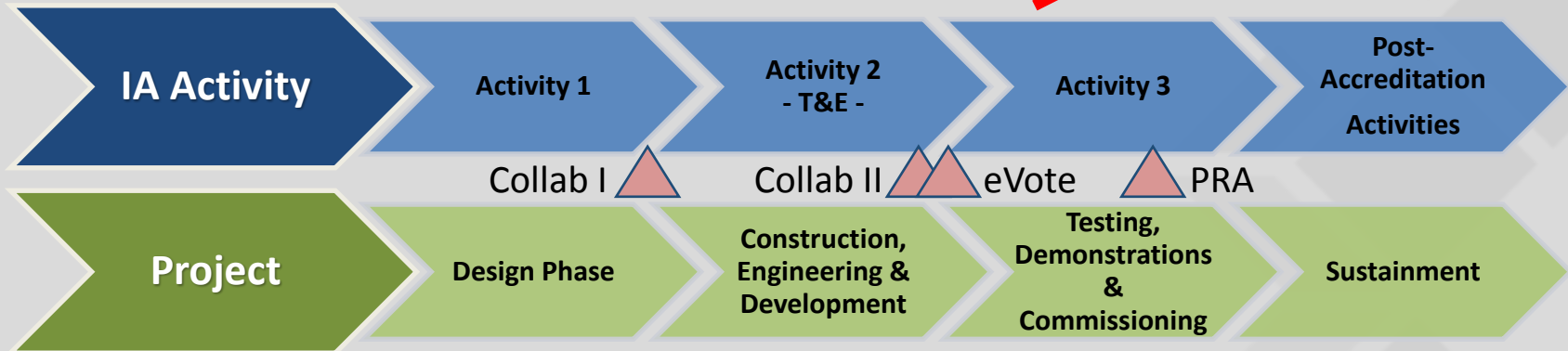


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Camp Smith Accreditation

APPROVED



Activity 1

- Establish Team
- Register the System
- Initiate eMASS package
- Initiate Security Plan
- Select Controls

Activity 2

- Implement Controls
- Develop Security Plan
- eMASS Entries and Artifacts
- Testing & Evaluation
- Generate Risk Assessment Report & POAM

Activity 3

- Hold eVOTE of Collab II
- Mitigate Remaining Findings
- Receive PRA
- System Owner Acceptance
- CSET Report

Camp Smith Lessons Learned, Confirmed

Early Collaboration

- ▶ Identification and early engagement of the future system owner
- ▶ Platform Enclave Leads and Administrators
- ▶ Cross-functional Team

Testing & Evaluation

- ▶ Independent Testing Important
- ▶ Controls validation and penetration yielded unique findings

Security Measures

- ▶ Host-based Security
- ▶ Network Segmentation/Enclaving



ADVANCING THE POWER OF ENERGY

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GridMaster™ Features & Capabilities

- ▶ Proprietary IPERC microgrid control unit
- ▶ Includes:
 - Single-board computer
 - Component interfaces
 - Communication interfaces
 - Hosted software
- ▶ Designed and tested for extreme conditions



Why Microgrids? Infrastructure is Exposed

San Jose Mercury News

Experts: Sniper attack on PG&E site points to power grid's vulnerability to terrorism

By Steve Johnson

sjohnson@mercurynews.com

POSTED: 02/05/2014 08:45:20 PM PST | UPDATED: 5 DAYS AGO

A sophisticated sniper attack in April that riddled PG&E's Metcalf power substation in South San Jose with bullets may have been an act of domestic terrorism, two experts say, underlining concern that the nation's electricity grid is vulnerable to sabotage.

While the FBI says there is no evidence that terrorists were involved, Jon Wellinghoff, former chairman of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, said the attack was "very well planned and well executed by very highly trained individuals," a conclusion shared by a top PG&E official. Wellinghoff added that "a coordinated attack could put this country in a world of hurt for a long time."

Based on his review of the evidence and a tour of the Metcalf plant with some military experts, he said the assault was "the most significant incident of domestic terrorism involving the grid that has occurred" in North America.

But the FBI, which is the primary agency looking into the incident -- doesn't share his conviction.

"We do not believe it is related to domestic or international terrorists," said FBI spokesman Peter Lee, noting that the case is still under investigation and no one has been arrested. He added that there is no evidence linking it to several other attacks on the power grid in Arkansas, where a man undergoing psychiatric evaluation was charged with the crimes last year.

PG&E spokesman Brian Swanson

Source: http://www.mercurynews.com/crime-courts/ci_25072628/attack-pg-e-substation-sparks-concerns-about-possible

"...a coordinated attack could put this country in a world of hurt for a long time."



Inner and Outer Microgrids

