## High Metal Removal Rate Process for Machining Difficult Materials

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Recipient: Delphi Automotive Systems, LLC Partners: Microlution Inc. & Raydiance Inc. September 1, 2012 to December 31, 2015

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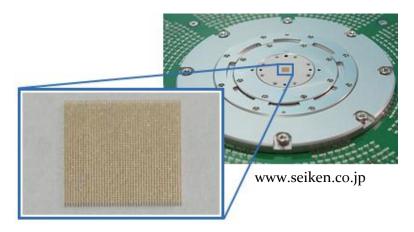
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# **Project Objective**

- Develop ultrafast laser and precise motion control technologies for micromachining difficult-to-machine materials
- Provide conceptual design of production line systems which will take maximum advantage of unique properties of ultrafast lasers as a machining tool and dramatically enhance factory throughput
- Demonstrate new manufacturing processes enabling better quality and reduced cycle times and energy consumption in high precision manufacturing environments:
  - Fuel injector nozzle drilling (automotive industry)
  - Ceramic hole drilling (electronics industry)
  - Precious metal drilling (biomedical industry)
  - Precious metal tube cutting (biomedical industry)

## **Project Objective**

- Probe Card (electronics device):
  - Holes are becoming too small for mechanical milling, well suited for laser
  - Devices have large features that must be accurately located relative to small holes
- Marker Band (biomedical device): Laser improves quality and allows in-process measurement, improving processing efficiency

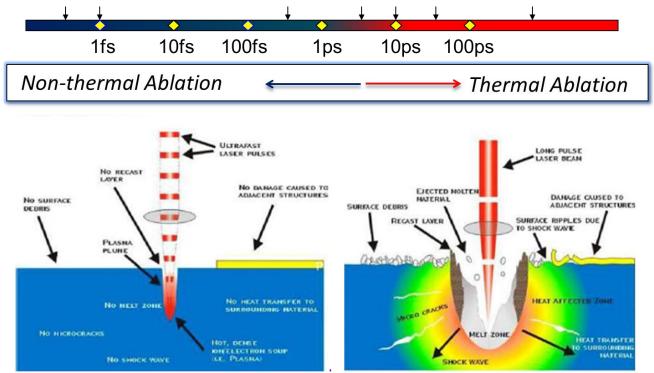




Probe Card: Up to 40,000 holes, 0.075mm diameter Marker Band: o.250mm diameter, o.025mm wall thickness, soft, fragile material

# **Technical Approach**

- Traditional manufacturing methods (mechanical milling, mechanical drilling, and Electric-Discharge-Machining) have reached their limits in terms of feature size, surface finish, geometric tolerance, and positional tolerance
- Typical laser-based methods use relatively long pulses with poor performance due to the heat imparted to the work piece
- Ultrafast laser technique eliminates thermal effects for superior material removal capability



# **Technical Approach**

- As demonstrated during BP1 for fuel injector nozzle "counterbore" machining, many applications require a hybrid processing approach combining ultrafast lasers with mechanical cutting and/or in-process measurement
  - Ultrafast laser best suited for ~0.5mm and smaller features, many devices include larger features too
  - Opportunities identified in other commercial applications
- Hybrid capability for pre-machining to remove bulk material, qualification of incoming workpiece and/or part measurement prior to being singulated into tiny pieces

## Project Management & Budget

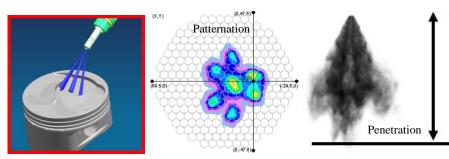
- Project duration: 9/1/12 to 12/31/15
- BP2 project task/milestone schedule and budget:

Task #	Subtask #	Milestone #	Task / Milestone Title or Brief Description		
			DOE agrees to proceed into Budget Period 2 (Go/No-Go Decision Point)		
5.0			Multi-Application Testbed Development		
	5.1		Design Multi-Application Testbed		
		5.1.1	Demonstrate testbed design meets or exceeds performance criteria	Tatal Drains	+ Dudget
	5.2		Build and Test Multi-Application Testbed	Total Projec	t Budget
		5.2.1	Demonstrate testbed system meets or exceeds performance criteria		
6.0			Advanced Control Development for Coordinated Motion and Laser Firing	DOE Investment	\$3,700,000
	6.1		Multi-Axis High/Low Frequency Coordination		
		6.1.1	Demonstrate advanced control with multi-axis high/low frequency coordination	Cost Share	\$932,841
7.0			Laser Processing Strategy Development		+ <i>y</i>
	7.1		Precious Metal Drilling for Cardiac Catheter Devices	Project Total	\$4,632,841
		7.1.1	Demonstrate precious metal drilling performance		
	7.2		Ceramic Hole Drilling for Probe Cards		
		7.2.1	Demonstrate ceramic hole drilling performance		
8.0			Hybrid Machining Strategy Development		
	8.1		In-Situ Measurement for Laser Tube Processing for Marker Bands		
		8.1.1	Demonstrate tube cutting process		
	8.2		Hybrid Machining for Test Sockets		
		8.2.1	Demonstrate hybrid machining of test sockets		

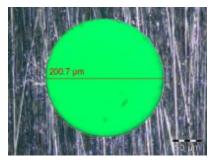
• Project is on schedule and within budget

# Results and Accomplishments, BP1

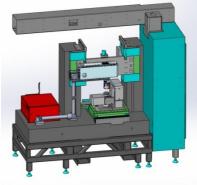
- Demonstrated improved laser scan head performance
- Demonstrated 50% faster through hole laser drilling
- Demonstrated enhanced machining platform performance (thermal stability, speed, synchronized laser cutting)
- Demonstrated prototype micromachining capabilities for a production-intent application with reduced energy consumption (67% estimated reduction compared to baseline EDM, 30% reduction compared to Delphi laser capability at start-of-project)



Examples of Spray Criteria Evaluated



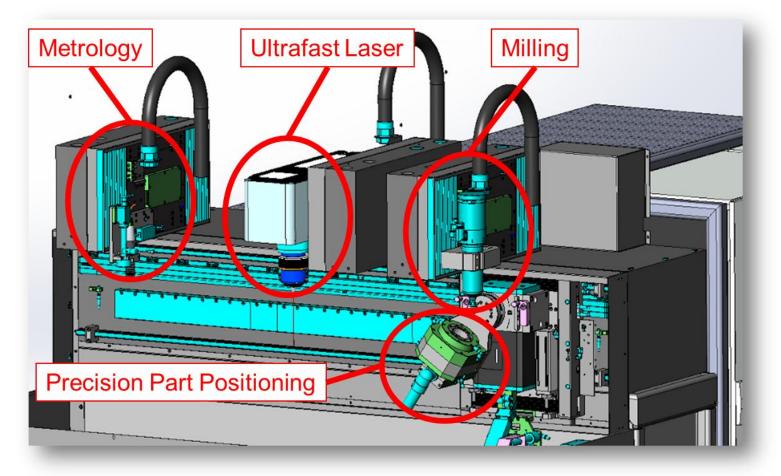
GDi - 0.5 second hole at 20W



Enhanced Machine Platform

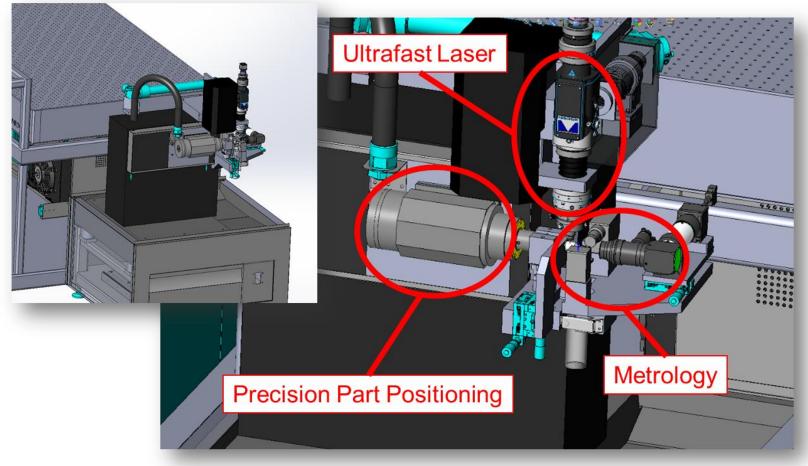
# Results and Accomplishments, BP2

- Multi-axis hybrid processing Testbed design
- Completed Testbed will provide ultrafast laser cutting, measurement, and mechanical milling for Probe Card and other applications



# Results and Accomplishments, BP2

- Hybrid tube processing Testbed design
- Completed Testbed will provide ultrafast laser cutting with in-process metrology for Marker Band



#### **Measure of Success**

- Smaller, more accurate, higher fidelity features and better metrology data are key enablers of next generation probe cards, marker-bands, test sockets, and other devices
- Demonstration of hybrid processing capability will be performed during the current budget period

Integrated system with measurement, milling and laser

Ultrafast laser feature quality and cycle time Demonstrate overall device quality, cycle time and measurement data

## **Transition and Deployment**

- Microlution has a track record of developing new manufacturing capabilities and being at the forefront of high-tech manufacturing
- Microlution has deployed over 100 milling and laser micromanufacturing systems into production applications in medical, consumer electronics, automotive, and other industries



**Example of First-Generation Laser Cell Installed for Biomed Mfg**