



# LIGHTEnUp Tool & Analysis Framework *Lifecycle Industry GHgas, Technology and Energy through the Use Phase*

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Analysis Support for U.S. DOE, EERE, Advanced Manufacturing Office (AMO)

## Collaborative Research From:

*U.S. Department of Energy, EERE, AMO*

*Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory*

*National Renewable Energy Laboratory*

*Oak Ridge National Laboratory*

*Argonne National Laboratory*

*Northwestern University*

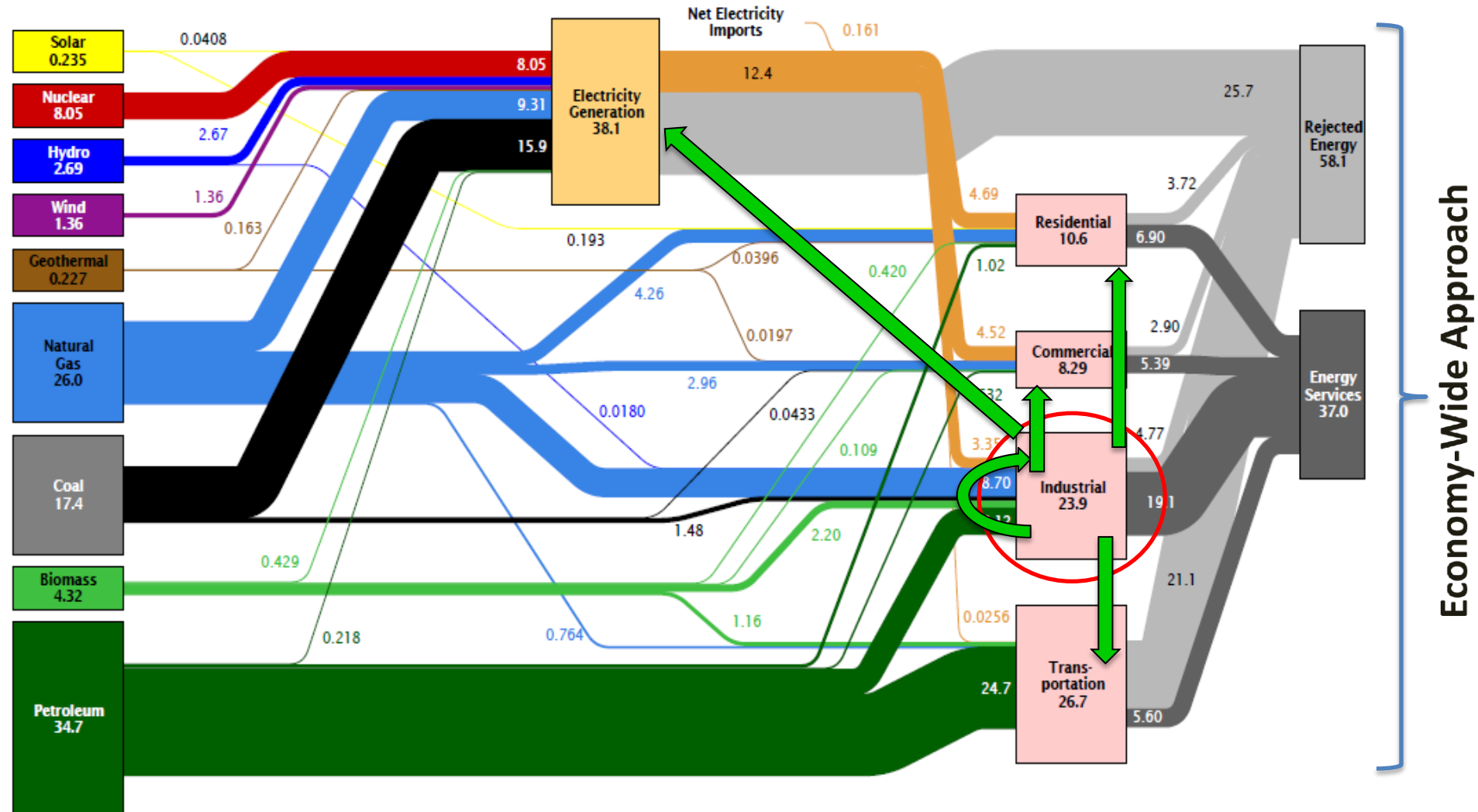
AMO Analysis Review

May 28<sup>th</sup> & 29<sup>th</sup>

Washington D.C.

# Flow of Energy through the U.S. Economy

Estimated U.S. Energy Use in 2012: ~95.1 Quads



Economy-Wide Approach

Source: LLNL 2013. Data is based on DOE/EIA-0035(2013-05), May, 2013. If this information or a reproduction of it is used, credit must be given to the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and the Department of Energy, under whose auspices the work was performed. Distributed electricity represents only retail electricity sales and does not include self-generation. EIA reports consumption of renewable resources (i.e., hydro, wind, geothermal and solar) for electricity in BTU-equivalent values by assuming a typical fossil fuel plant "heat rate." The efficiency of electricity production is calculated as the total retail electricity delivered divided by the primary energy input into electricity generation. End use efficiency is estimated as 65% for the residential and commercial sectors 80% for the industrial sector, and 21% for the transportation sector. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. LLNL-MI-410527

# Presentation OVERVIEW

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- **WHAT DOES THIS ANALYSIS GIVE US?**
  - A consistent foundation for comparing prospective impacts of technology deployment within the U.S.
  - Predicated on publically available DOE Datasets
- **WHAT QUESTION DOES THE ANALYSIS ANSWER?**
  - How technology deployment scenarios might impact future U.S. energy consumption.
  - Scenario uncertainty bounded by existing DOE datasets and forecasts

# Presentation Outline

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- LIGHTEnUP Analysis Objectives
  - What THE LIGHTEnUP Tool is & what it is not
  - Datasets
- Developing Scenarios
  - Distilling analysis to key variables
- Scenario Examples
  - Illustrative
  - Detailed
- Conclusions

# Development Objectives

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## Substantive yet Intuitive:

- Prospective Technology Life-Cycle Analysis
- Intuitive
- Transparent
- Publically Available Datasets

## Resilient:

- Evolves
- Harmonizes
- Repository
- Guide

# Advanced Manufacturing Office (AMO) LIGHTEnUP Tool

## Lifecycle Industry GH gas & Energy through the Use Phase

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### What it is:

- Prospective analysis tool (projections out to 2050)
- Estimates energy and CO<sub>2</sub> impacts of technology deployment across the U.S. economy
- Simple spreadsheet (Intuitive & Transparent)
- Based on publically available DOE Datasets

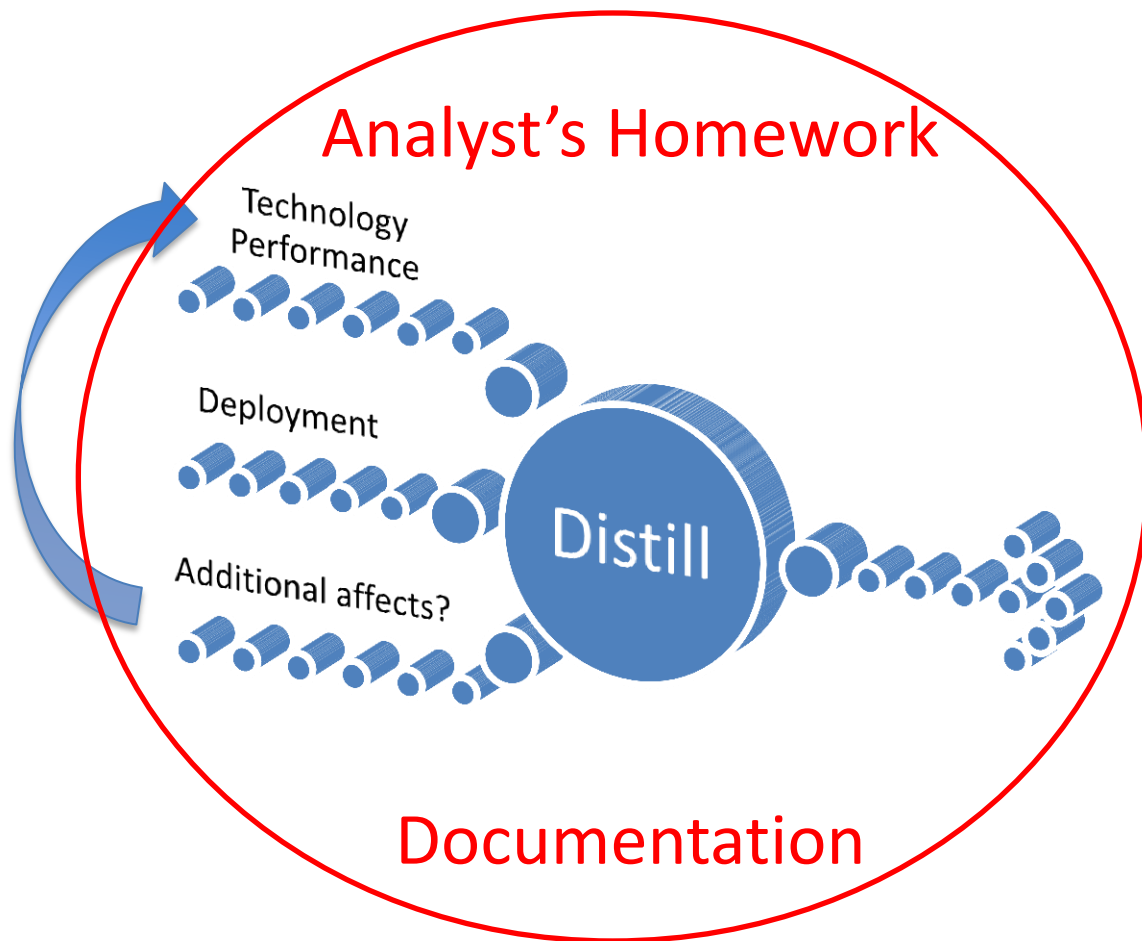
### What it is not:

- Optimization
- General Equilibrium
- Crystal Ball (Sadly)

### What it is best at:

- Developing scenarios
- Documentation & communication

# Developing Scenarios



## Three Key Scenario Variables

Where?



(Sector & end-use)

What?



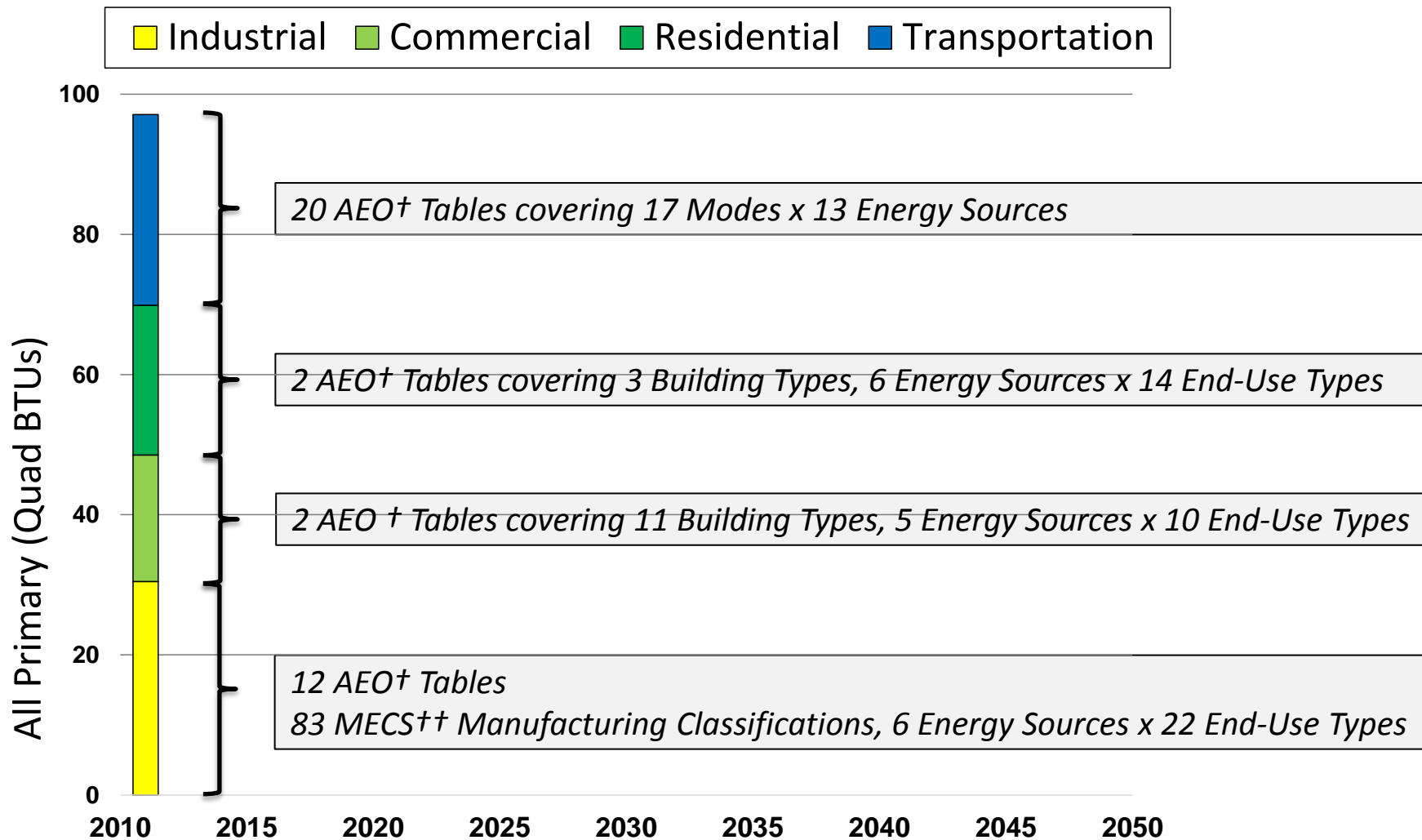
(Energy Impact)

When?



(Start & End years)

# Publically Available U.S. Energy Consumption Data



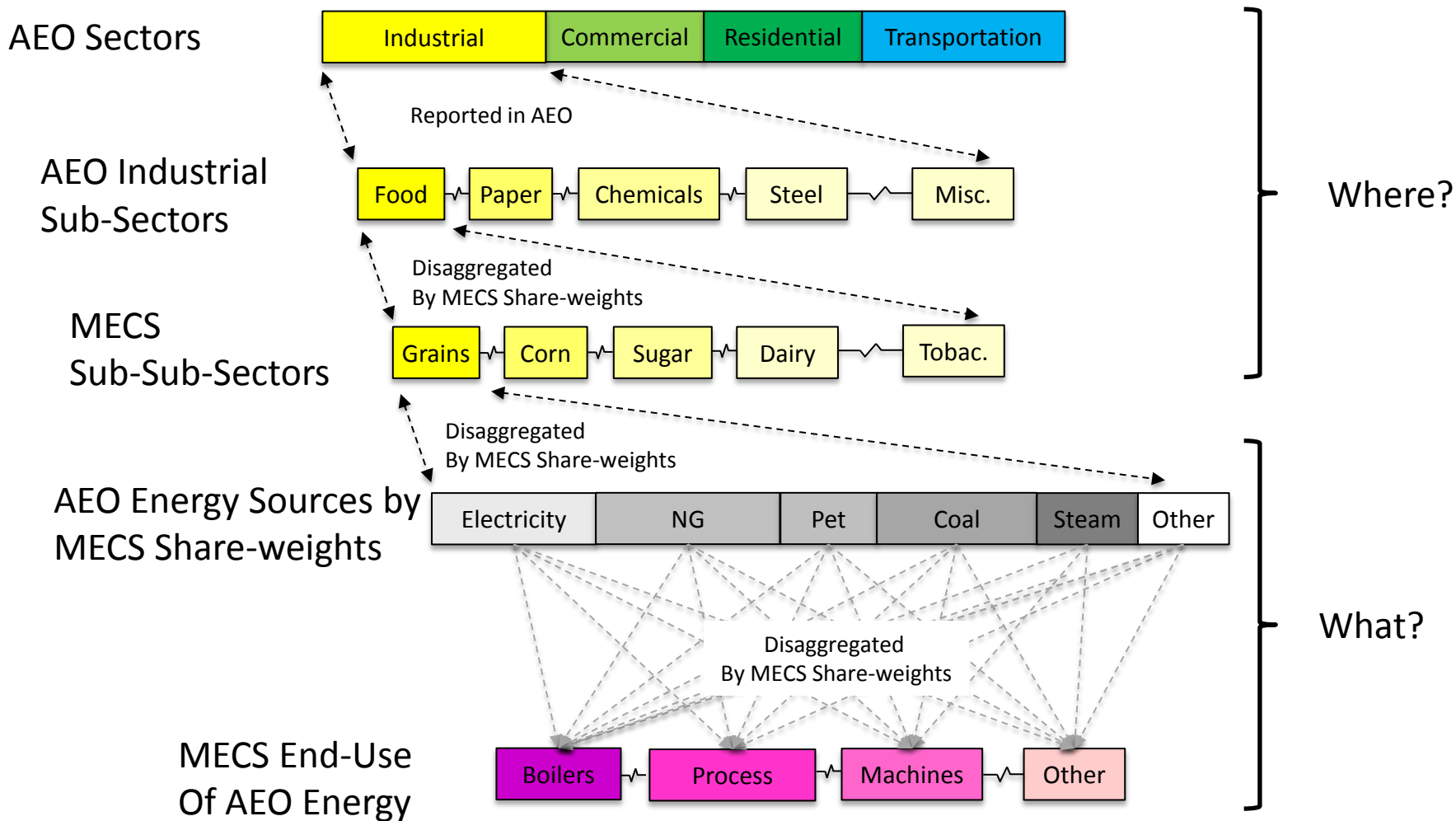
† Annual Energy Outlook (AEO) Tables

†† Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey 8

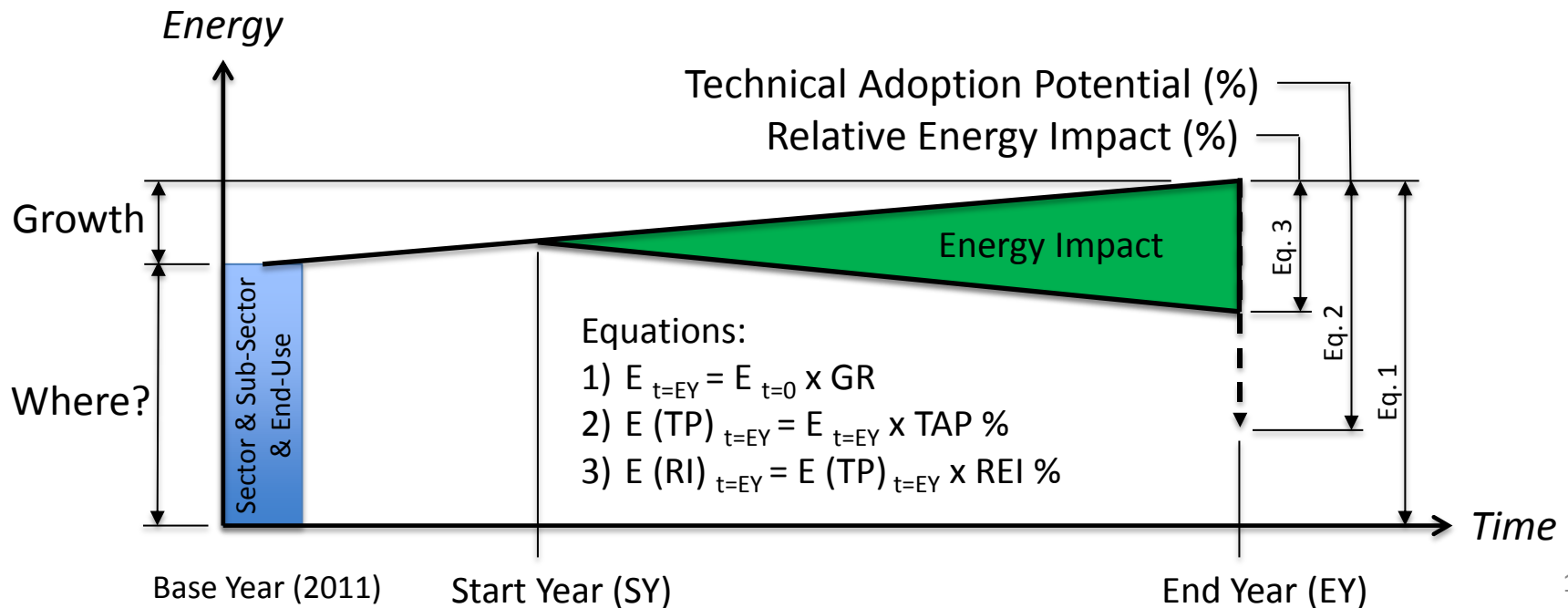


# Where? What?

## Industrial Energy to End Uses



What Sector & End-Use?			What Impact at End Year			When?	
Industrial Commercial Residential Transportation	Sub-Sector	End-Use	Technical Adoption Potential %	Relative Energy Impact %	Growth Rate Assumption	Start Year	End Year



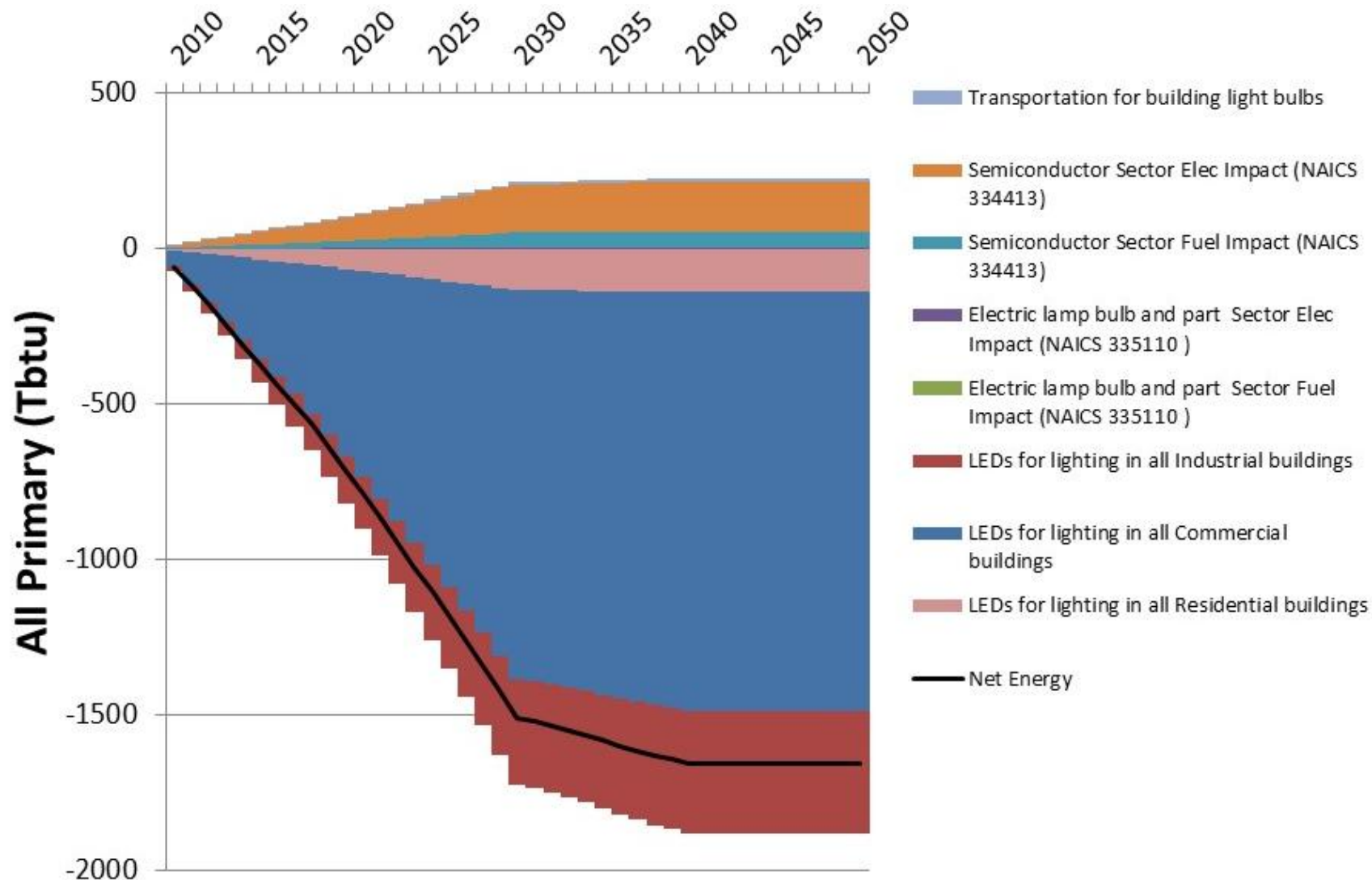
**Replace all non-LED Lightbulbs with  
LED lightbulbs  
In the Residential, Commercial, and  
Industrial Sectors in the U.S.**

# LIGHTEnUP tool LED inputs

Impact Component	Sector	Modeled End Use	Technical Adoption Potential %	Relative Energy Impact %	Start Year	End Year
<b>Traditional light bulb manufacturing</b>	Manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	Fuel	100%	-1.2%	2010	2030
	Manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	Electricity	100%	-1.2%	2010	2030
<b>LED manufacturing</b>	Manufacturing Semiconductor Sector Fuel Impact	Fuel	100%	66.2%	2010	2030
	Manufacturing Semiconductor Sector Elec Impact	Electricity	100%	66.2%	2010	2030
<b>Transportation</b>	Transportation for LEDs – Freight Trucks	Diesel	100%	0.15%	2010	2030
<b>Buildings</b>	Use Phase LED lighting in Residential buildings	Other	70%	-60%	2010	2030
	Use Phase LED lighting in Commercial buildings	Lighting	98%	-48%	2010	2030
	Use Phase LED lighting in Manufacturing buildings	Facility Lighting	100%	-44%	2010	2030

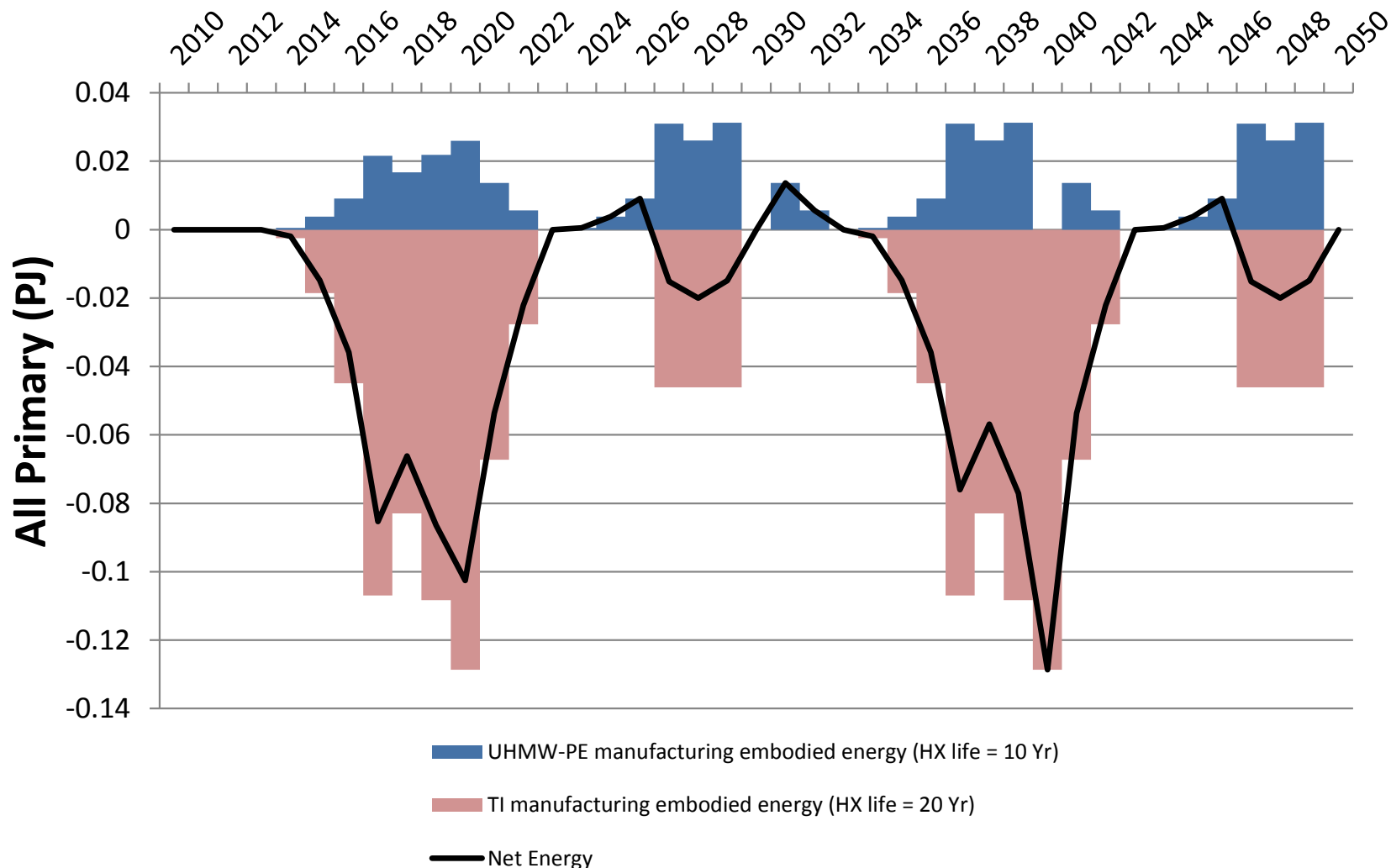
Analyst's Homework

# Detailed Example: LED Lighting replacement



Replace titanium with Ultra-High-Molecular-Weight polyethylene (UHMW-PE)  
for U.S. Export LNG seawater heat exchangers

# U.S. LNG export sea water heat exchangers: UHMW-PE displaces titanium



# Conclusions

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- Objective is to have a consistent method for analyzing and projecting the energy impacts of emerging and advanced technologies.
- This requires careful attention to details
  - The LIGHTEnUP Tool is designed to help guide scenario development
- The MFI & LUP Tools where developed in tandem and they cover different parts of the LCA perspective, but are designed to be integerated



Thank You!