

Detection Limit of H and D for Tritium Process R&D

Xin Xiao
Henry T. Sessions



Hydrogen Isotope Measurement

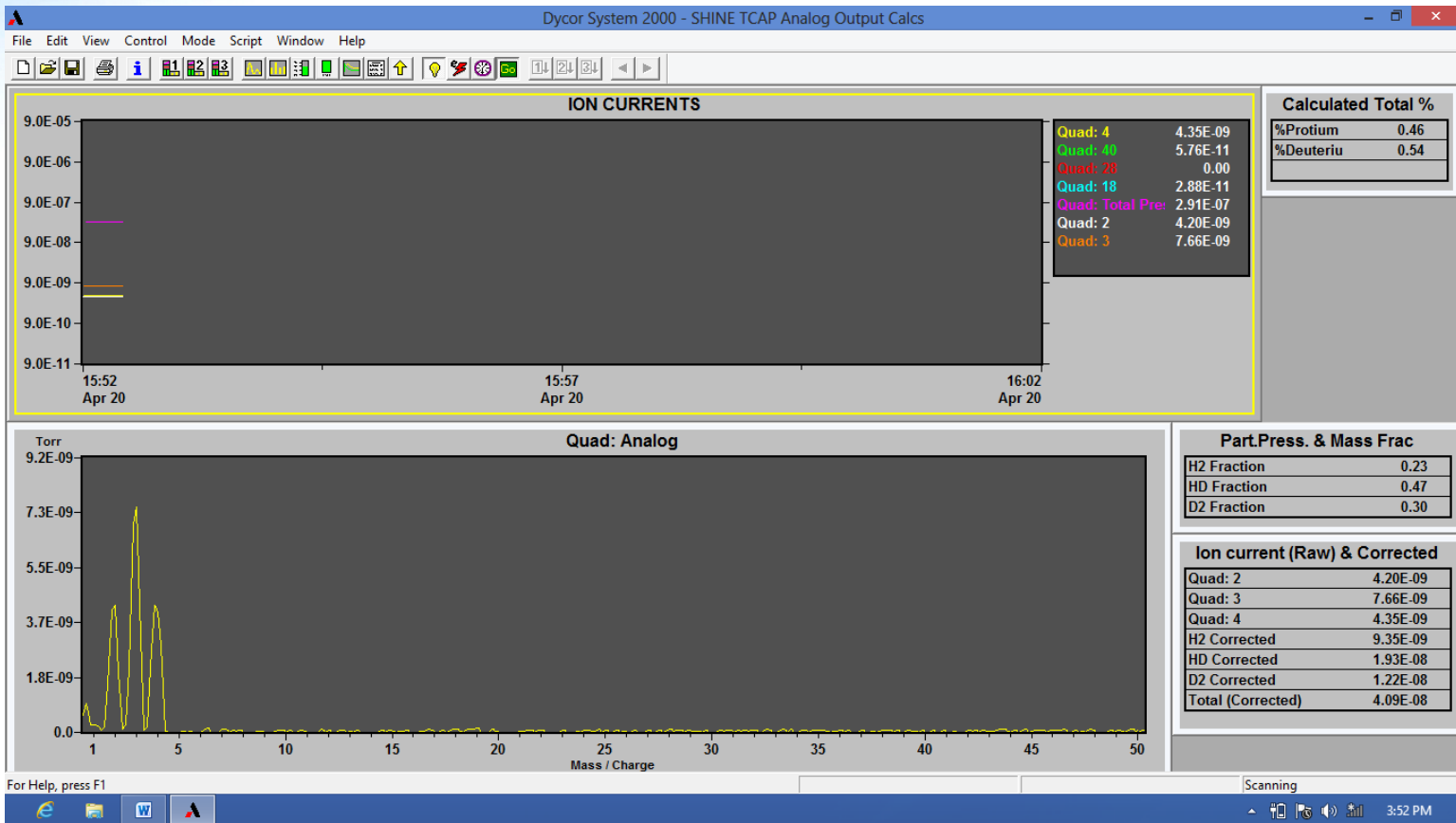
- **Tritium measurement**

- Ion chamber – gas 10^{-13} (0.03 Bq/cm³)
- Scintillation - solid and liquid 10^{-14} (1 Bq/mL)
- Solid state $10^{-13} - 10^{-15}$ (0.17 – 33 Bq/cm²)

- **D/H ratio measurement**

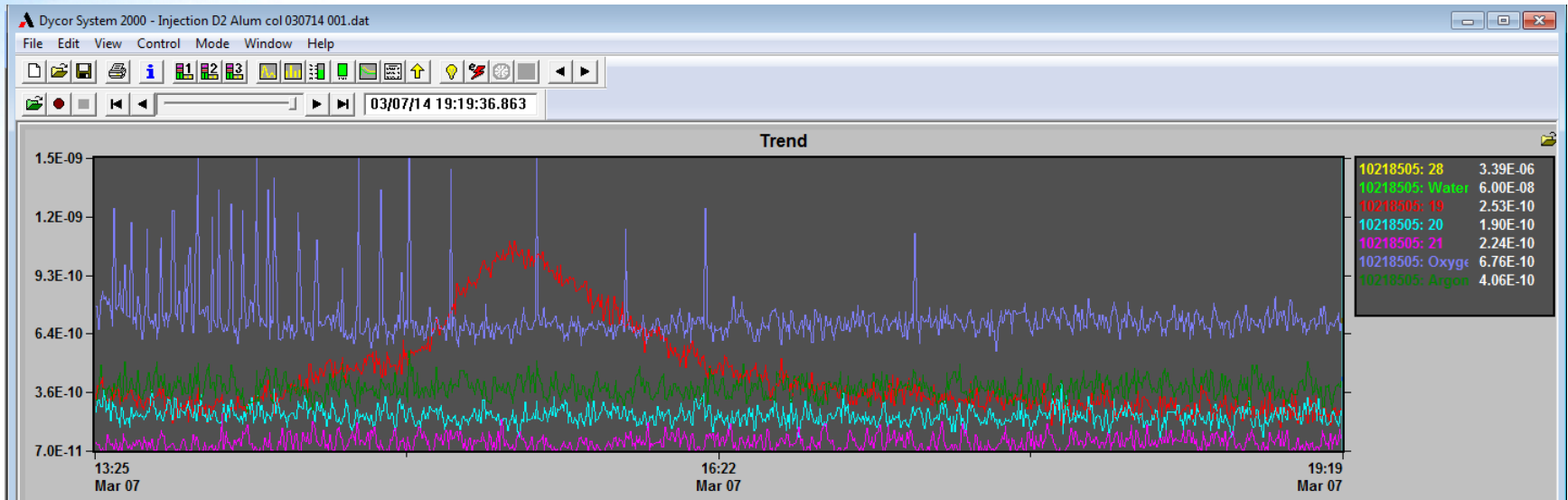
- RGA (mass spec) – Q₂ and Q₂O 10^{-4} (100 ppm)
- High end mass spec 10^{-10} (100 ppt)
- GC / DID – H₂ in He 10^{-9} (< 1 ppb)
- FTIR – HDO 10^{-5} (10 ppm)
- Tunable Laser – HDO 10^{-8} (22.5 ppb)
- CRDS – HDO 10^{-8} (30 ppb)

Residual Gas Analyzer: H₂, HD, D₂

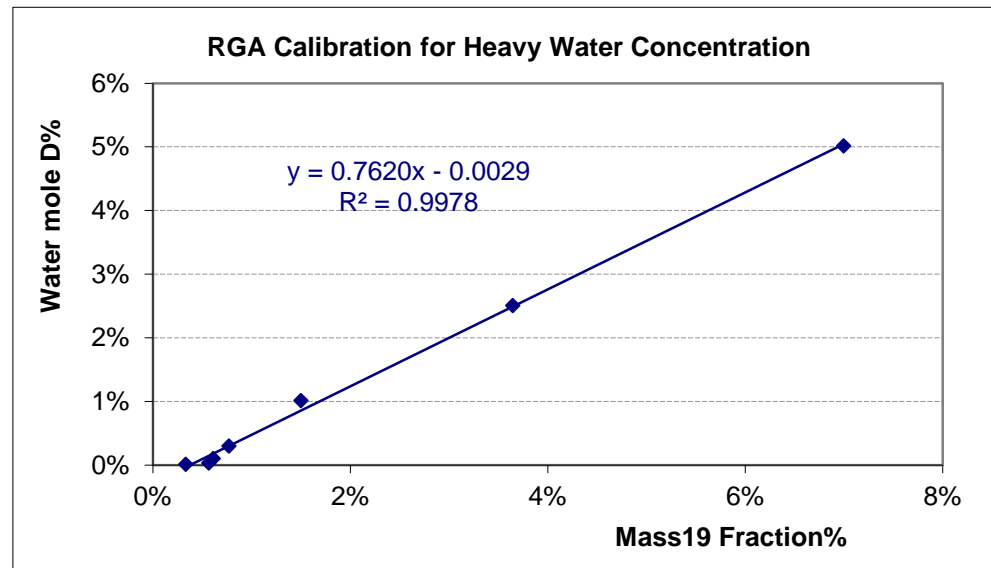


$$\pm 100 \text{ ppm} = \frac{10^{-11}}{10^{-7}} \cdot 10^6 \left(\frac{D}{H} \text{ molar ratio} \right)$$

Residual Gas Analyzer: Trace HDO in H₂O



*~0.4% over
ionization
to H₃O⁺*

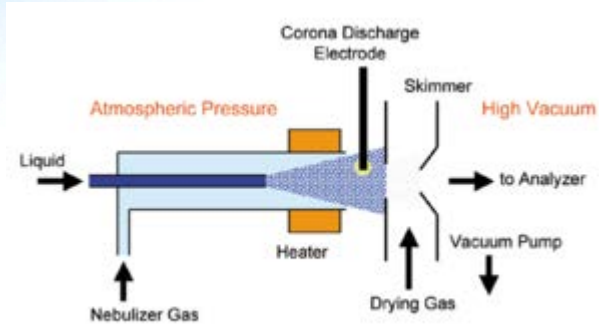


RGA Relative Probabilities of Ionization

Mass number	Species	Probability of ionization
2	H ₂	0.44
4	D ₂	0.35
4	He	0.15
16	CH ₄	1.6
18	H ₂ O	1
28	N ₂	1
28	CO	1.05
32	O ₂	1
40	Ar	1.2
44	CO ₂	1.4

from PFEIFFER VACUUM MS Catalog

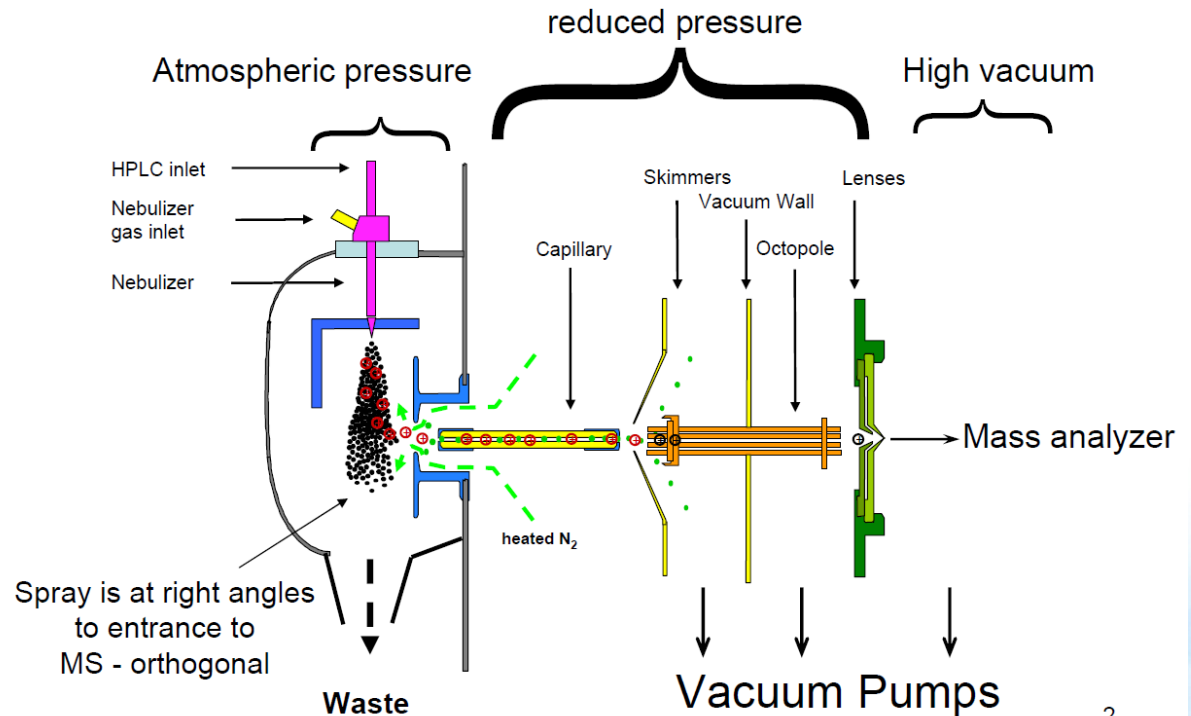
Atmospheric Pressure Ionization Mass Spectrometer



~ 100ppt sensitivity to H₂O, O₂, CO, CO₂, CH₄ and H₂

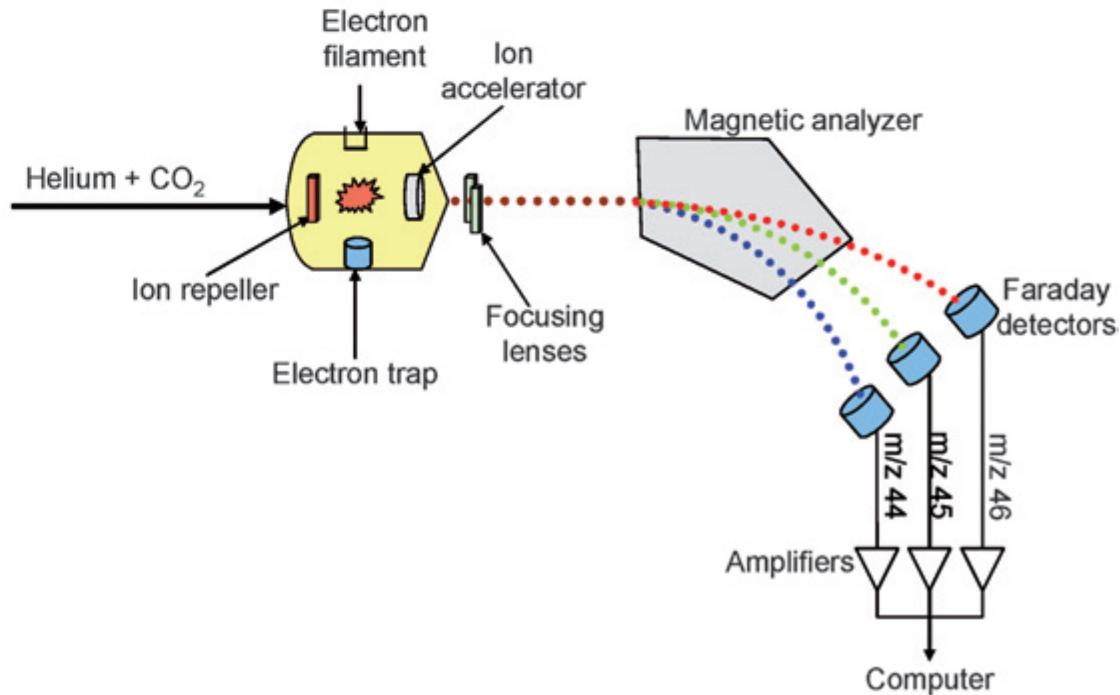
UHP purified gas, calibrated samples with NIST certified cylinders or permeation tubes.

... from SAES



Isotope-Ratio Mass Spectrometry

Isotope Ratio Mass Spectrometer (IRMS)



precision 15 - 300 ppb

M. Gehre et al., "On-line hydrogen-isotope measurements of organic samples ...", Anal. Chem., Accepted, DOI: 10.1021/acs.analchem.5b00085, April 15, 2015

Muccio Z., Jackson G.P., "Isotope Ratio Mass Spectrometry", Analyst. 2009 Feb;134(2):213-22, doi: 10.1039/b808232d. Epub 2008 Nov 14.

More Mass Spec

- **THN 202 double collector HD /H₂ mass spectrometer by Thomson-Houston (France)**
- **Sampling techniques for water vapor introduction**
- **water vapor reduced over 600°C uranium strips for conversion to hydrogen for Mass Spec**
- **precision of ± 0.1 ppm**

W. M. Thurston, "Steam Film Sampling of Water for Mass Spectrometric Analysis of the Deuterium Content", The Review of Scientific Instruments, (42) 5, May 1971

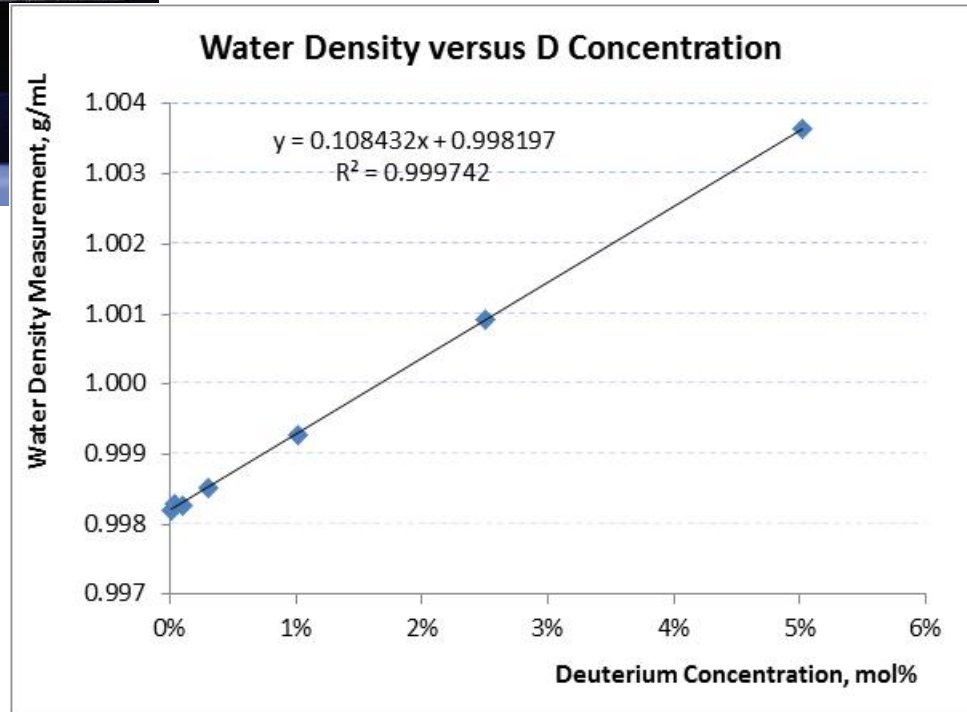
W. M. Thurston, "Automatic Mass Spectrometric Analysis of the Deuterium to Hydrogen Ratio in Natural Water", The Review of Scientific Instruments, (41) 7, July 1970

Anton-Paar DMA-5000 Precision Densitometer

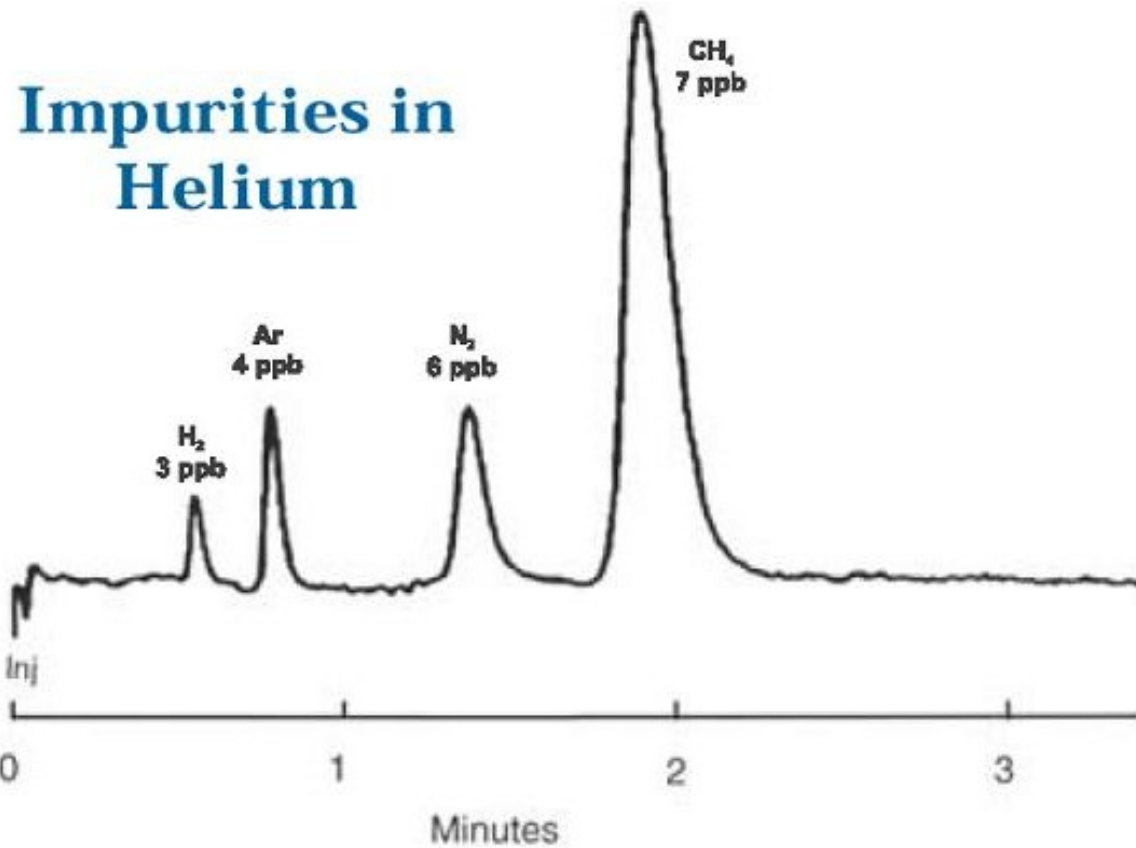


0.000001 g/cm³

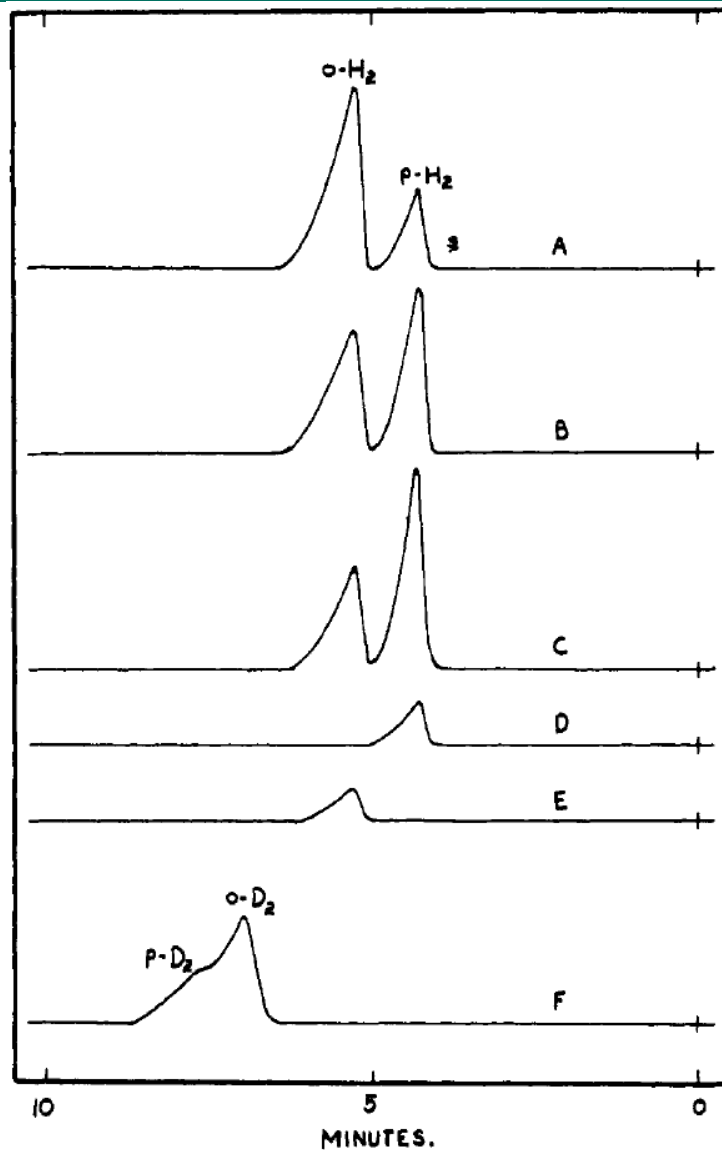
Temperature: 0.001 °C



GOW-Mac GC / DID – H₂



Cryogenic GC Separation

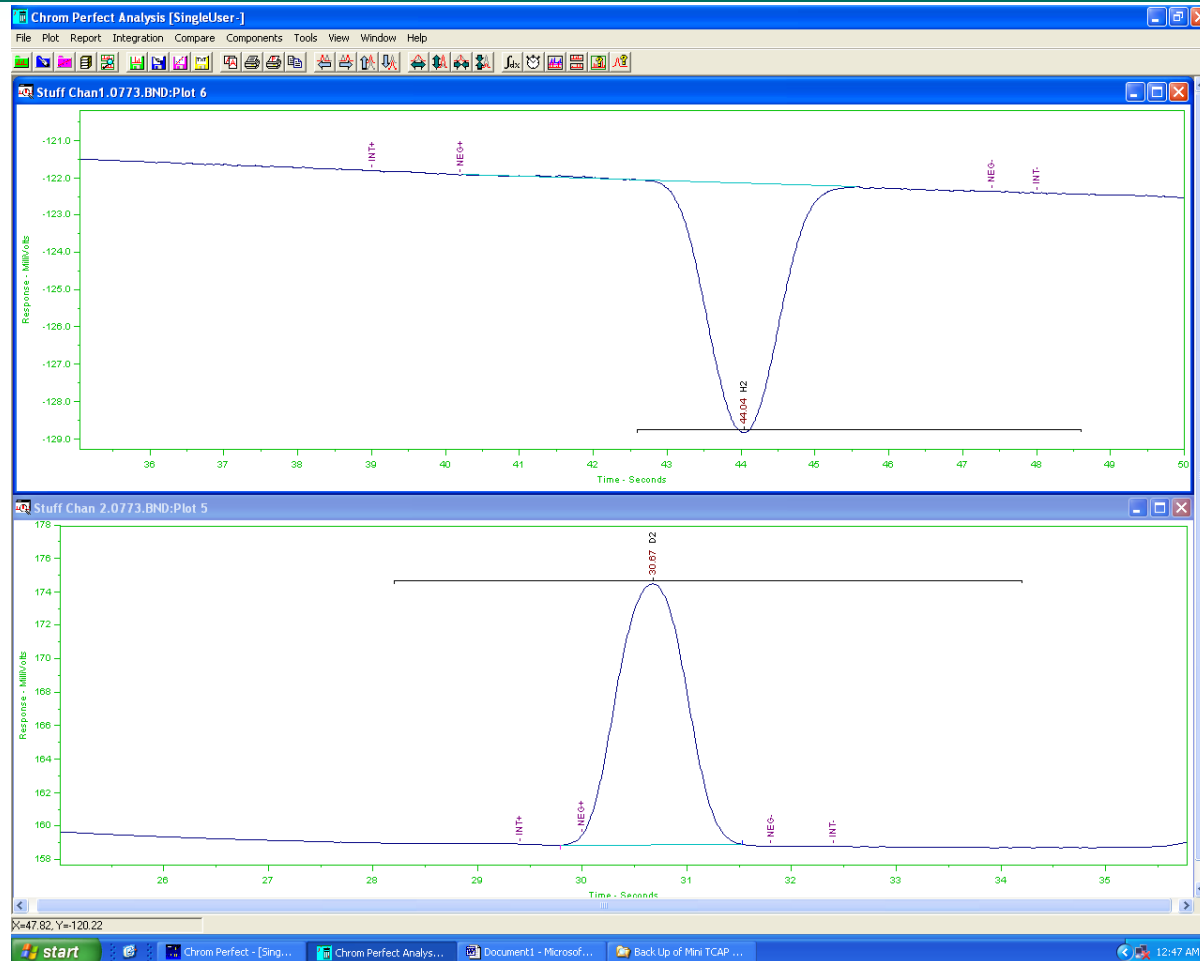


GC with TCD (Thermal Conductivity Detector)

D₂ carrier

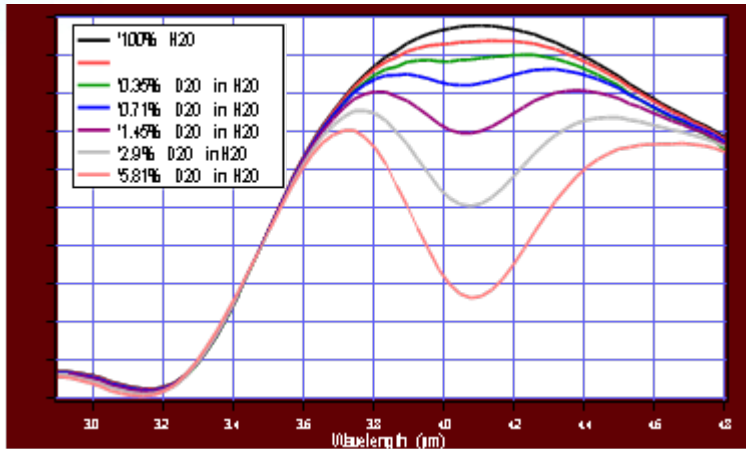
10 ppm resolution

H₂ carrier



H. T. Sessions Jr., “Analytical Method for Measuring Total Protium and Total Deuterium in a Gas Mixture Containing H₂, D₂, and HD via Gas Chromatography”, presented at Tririum Conference 2007, Rochester, NY

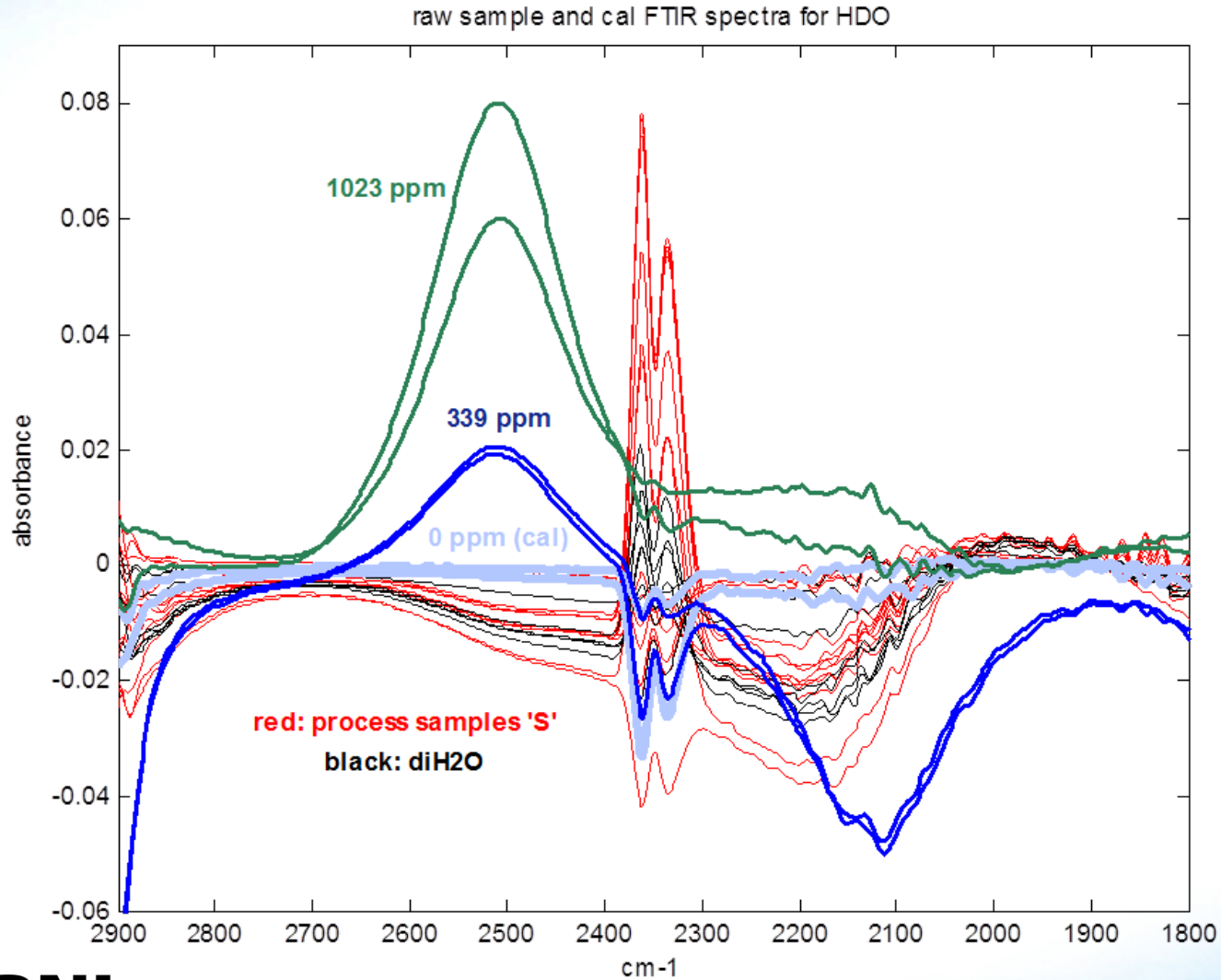
InfraCal IR Spectrometer



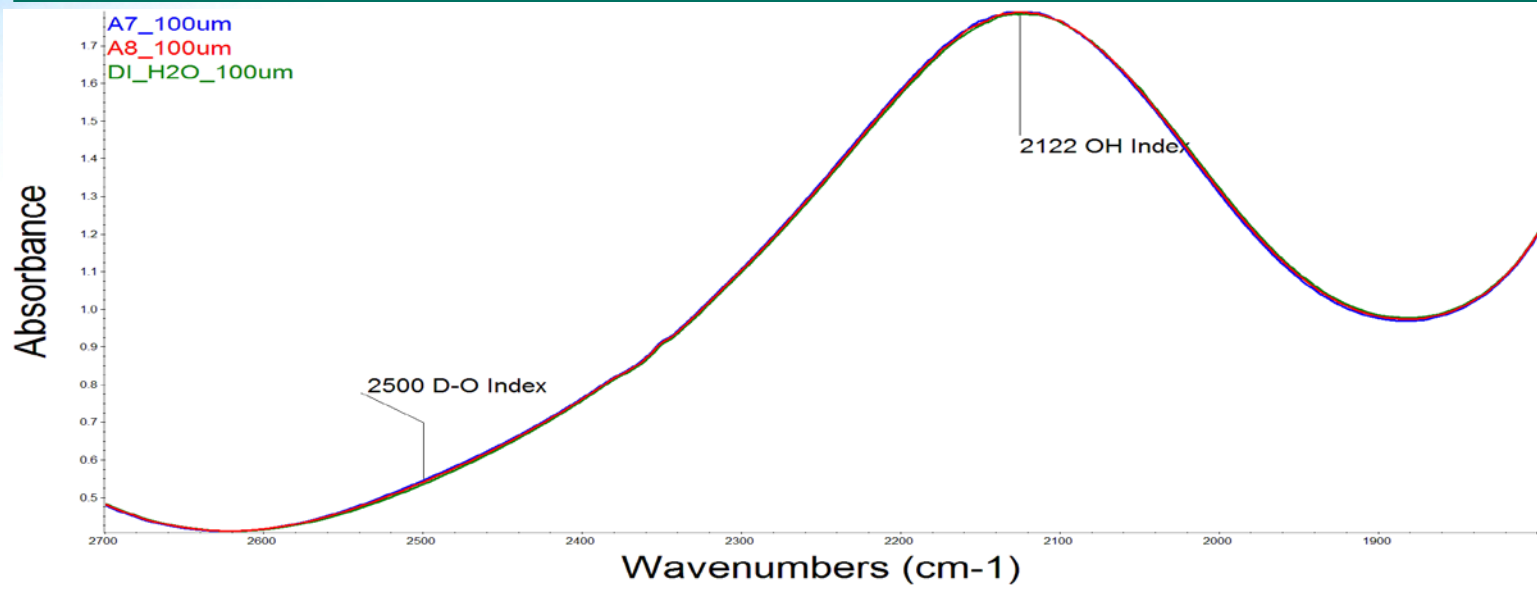
0.01 - 5.00% D₂O in water



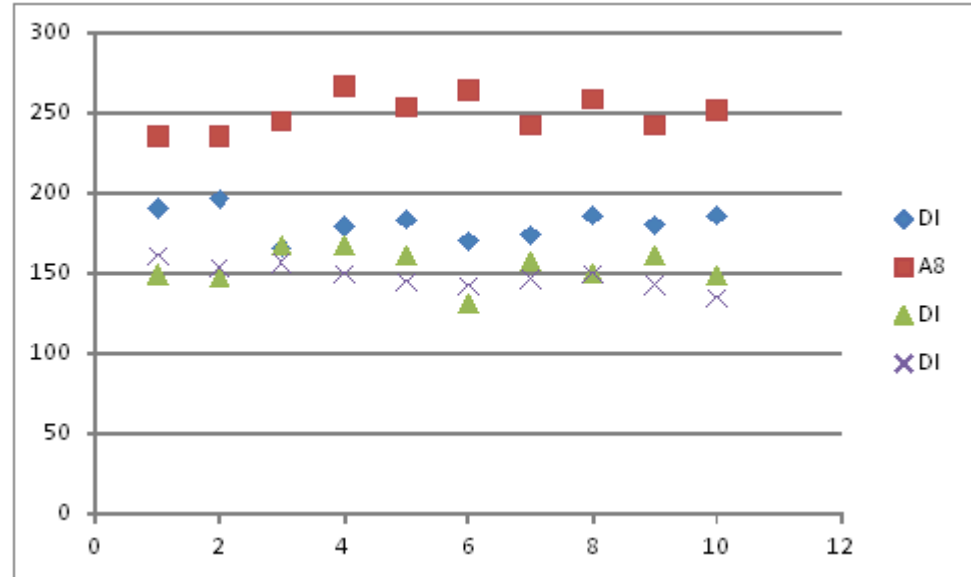
FTIR Spectrum of Liquid Water



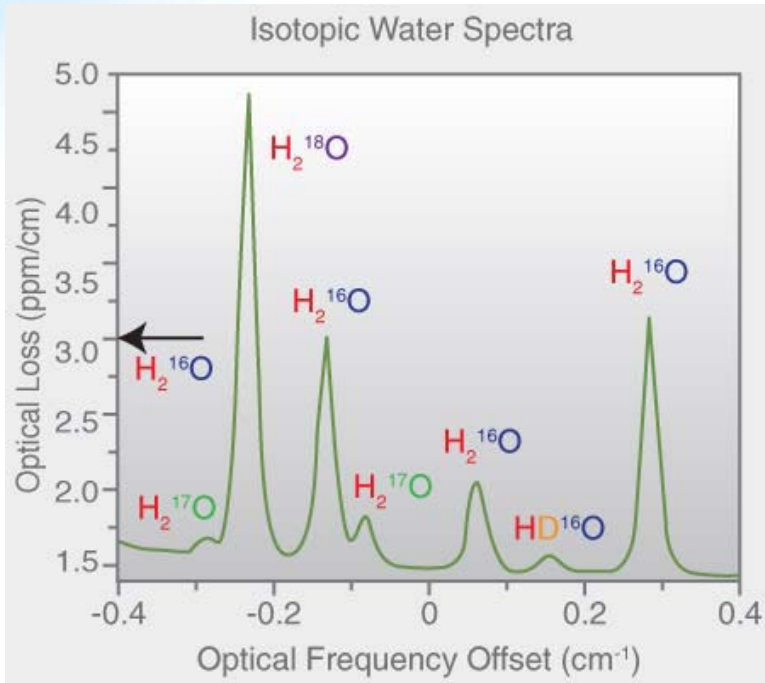
FTIR Spectrum of Liquid Water - TumbIIR interface



±10 ppm D/H ratio



CRDS for Water Liquid / Vapor: Picarro L2130i



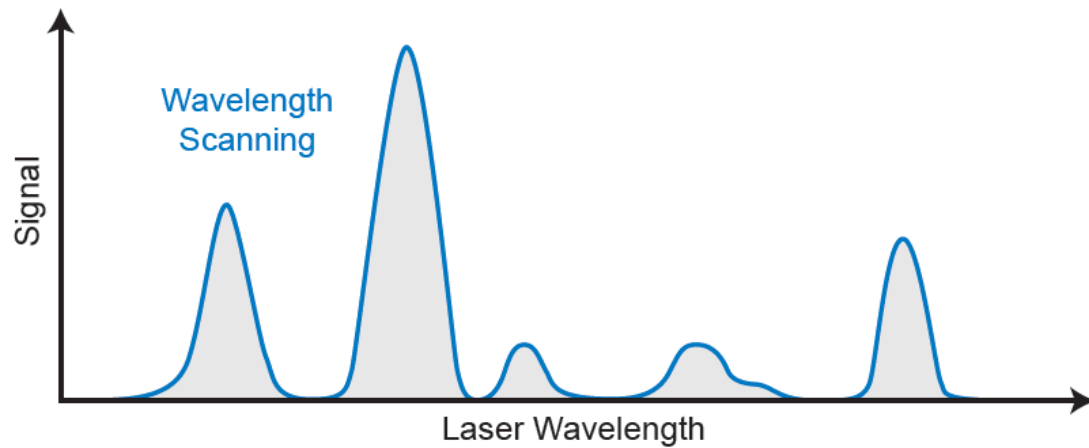
±30 ppb (1σ) at 150 ppm D/H ratio



Tunable Laser for Water Liquid / Vapor: LGR TIWA-45-EP



± 22.5 ppb (1σ) at 150 ppm D/H ratio



Summary

- Tritium detector very sensitive, $\sim 10^{-13} - 10^{-15}$ T/Q ratio.
- Drinking water standard: 6.22×10^{-15} (< 20 pCi/mL).
- H and D detection limit $\sim 10^{-4} - 10^{-10}$ isotope ratio.
- Natural abundance D/H ratio $\sim 10^{-4}$ (150 ppm).
- Using H and D surrogates, detection limit desired better than $\sim 10^{-5}$.

