

It's 2015: Should All Your Sockets be Filled with LEDs?



NGL 2013 Indoor Competition - Recognized Products

The Grainger Show

February 16,-18, 2015

Jeff McCullough

Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

Outline

- A look at the basics of LED lighting
 - Semiconductor technology
 - Continues to change and improve rapidly
 - Can be much more efficient than traditional lighting technologies
 - Excellent energy savings potential
- where it's being used today
 - Replacement lamps, especially reflector lamps, but also A lamps, and TLEDs
 - Outdoor area and roadway lights, street lights
 - Downlights
 - Troffers
- unique performance attributes and challenges
 - Controllable but compatibility issues
 - Flicker
 - Serviceability and interchangeability
- where the technology is going
 - More controls
 - New intelligence
 - New form factors

LED Packages



Cree Gen 2
XLamps

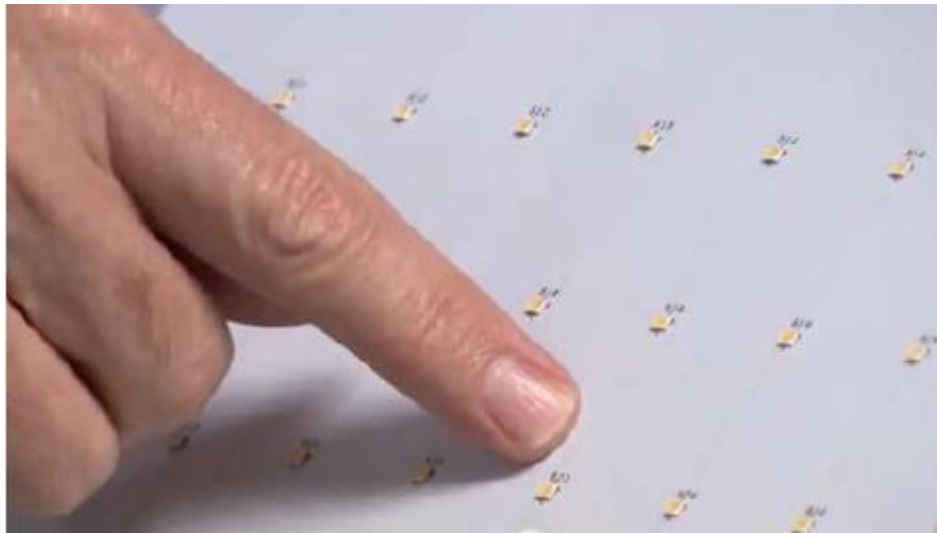


Lumileds
Luxeon S family

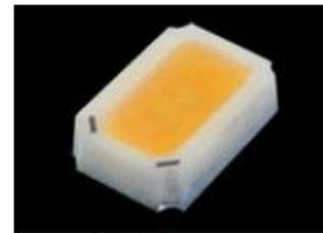


Osram Opto
Soleriq E Series

Bridgelux
Vero Series



3 Finelite – mid-power LEDs on PCB used in 2x4 troffers



Nichia
NS2L150B

Samsung
LM561B



LED Modules and Light Engines



Philips Fortimo



Osram PrevaLED



GE Infusion



LEDs: A New Light Source for Everything

- Outdoor lighting – MV, HPS, MH, induction
- Indoor commercial – FL, MH, halogen, CFL
- Residential – incandescent, halogen, CFL
- LEDs can potentially replace ALL
 - Plus automotive, indicator, display, etc.



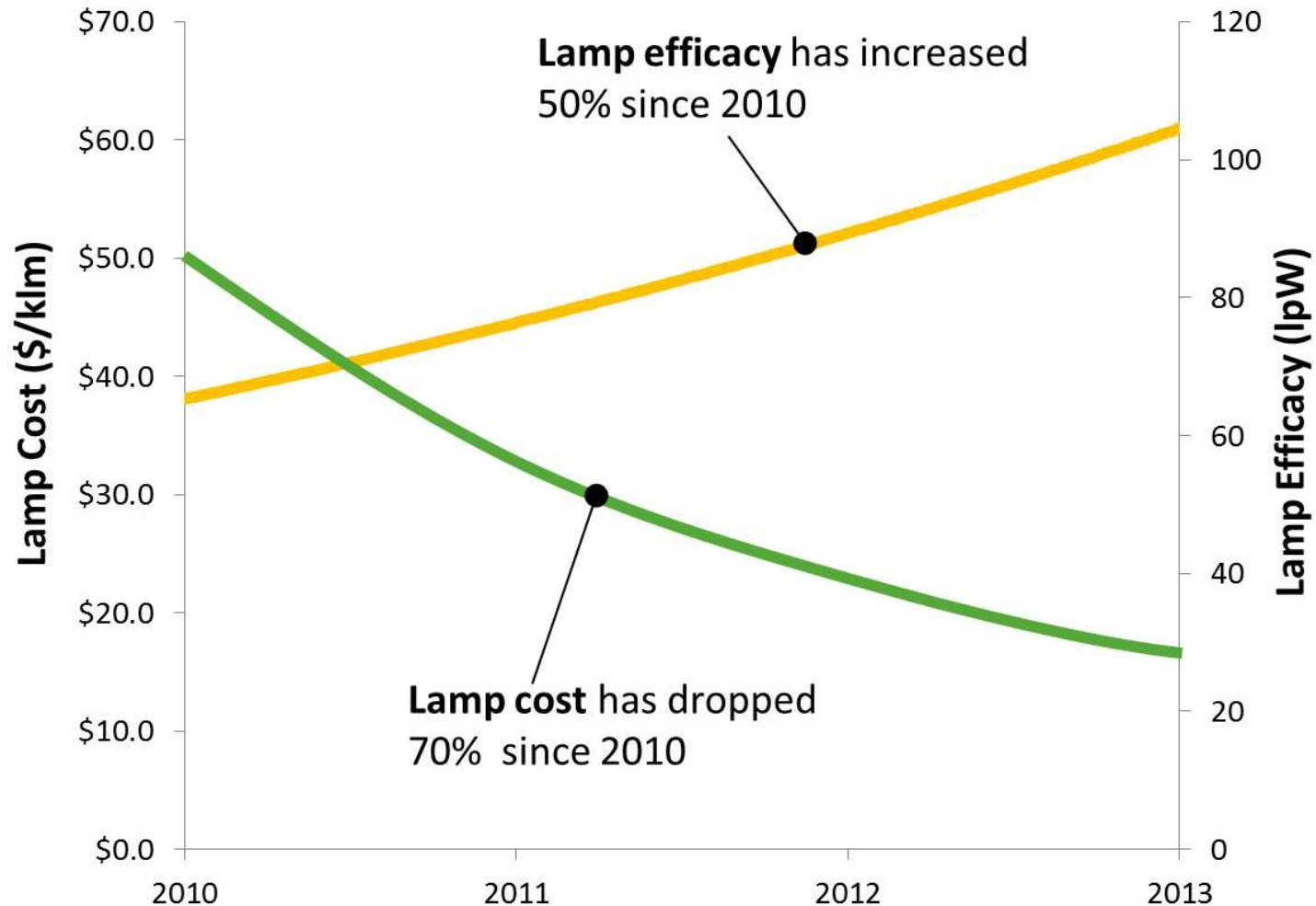
LED Efficacy Compared to Traditional Sources

Product category	Typical incandescent	Typical fluorescent	Typical HID	LED*
	<i>Lamp or luminaire efficacy in lumens per watt (lm/W)</i>			
A19 bulbs	15	40-60	NA	77
2x4 troffers	NA	70-100	NA	97
Downlights	12	45	NA	65
Streetlights	NA	NA	69-81	90

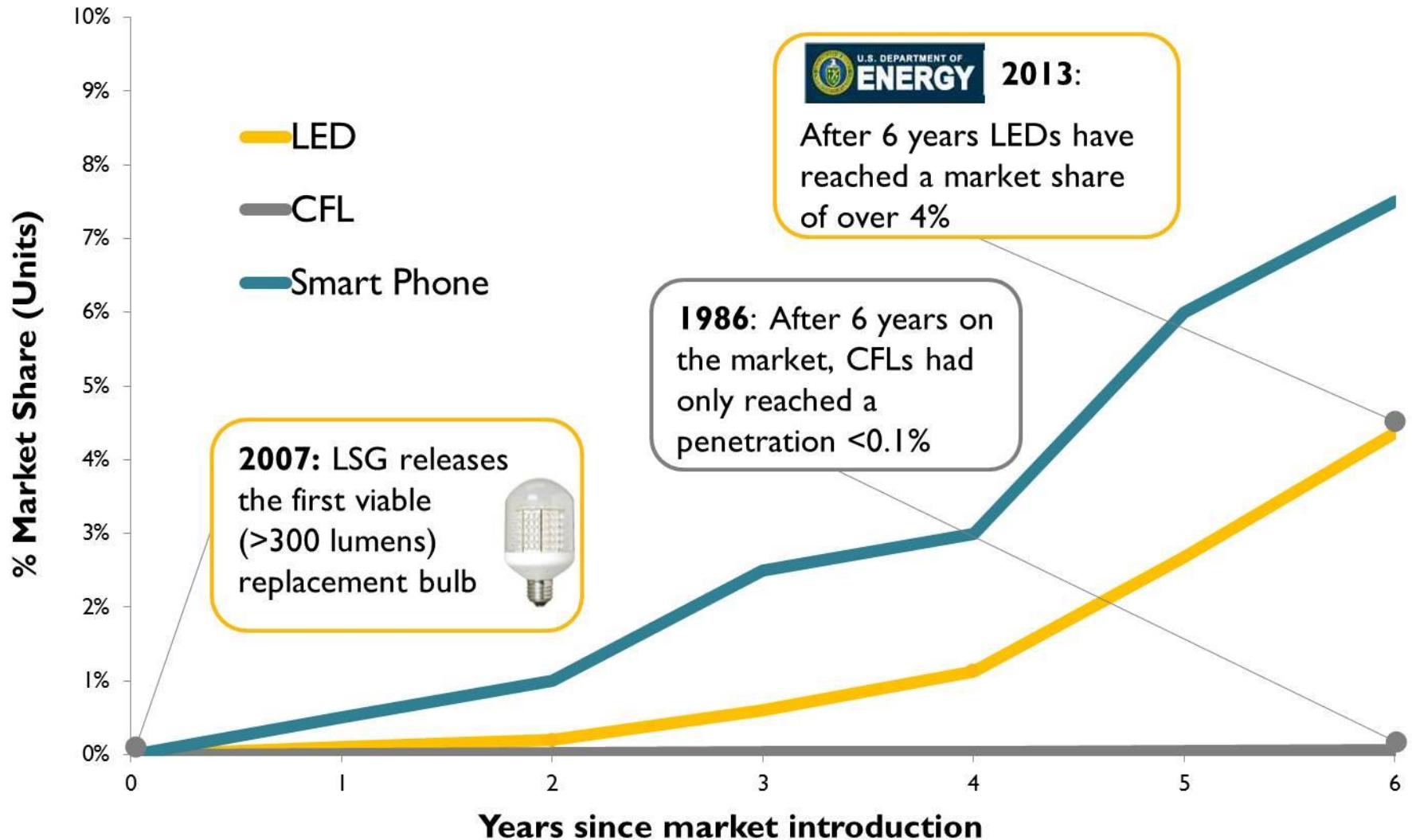
*LED values are average for all products of that category currently listed by LED Lighting Facts. LED streetlight values are average of current DLC Qualified outdoor pole/arm mounted area and roadway luminaires.

LED 60W Lamp Cost and Efficacy Trends

Similar trend lines emerging for other applications

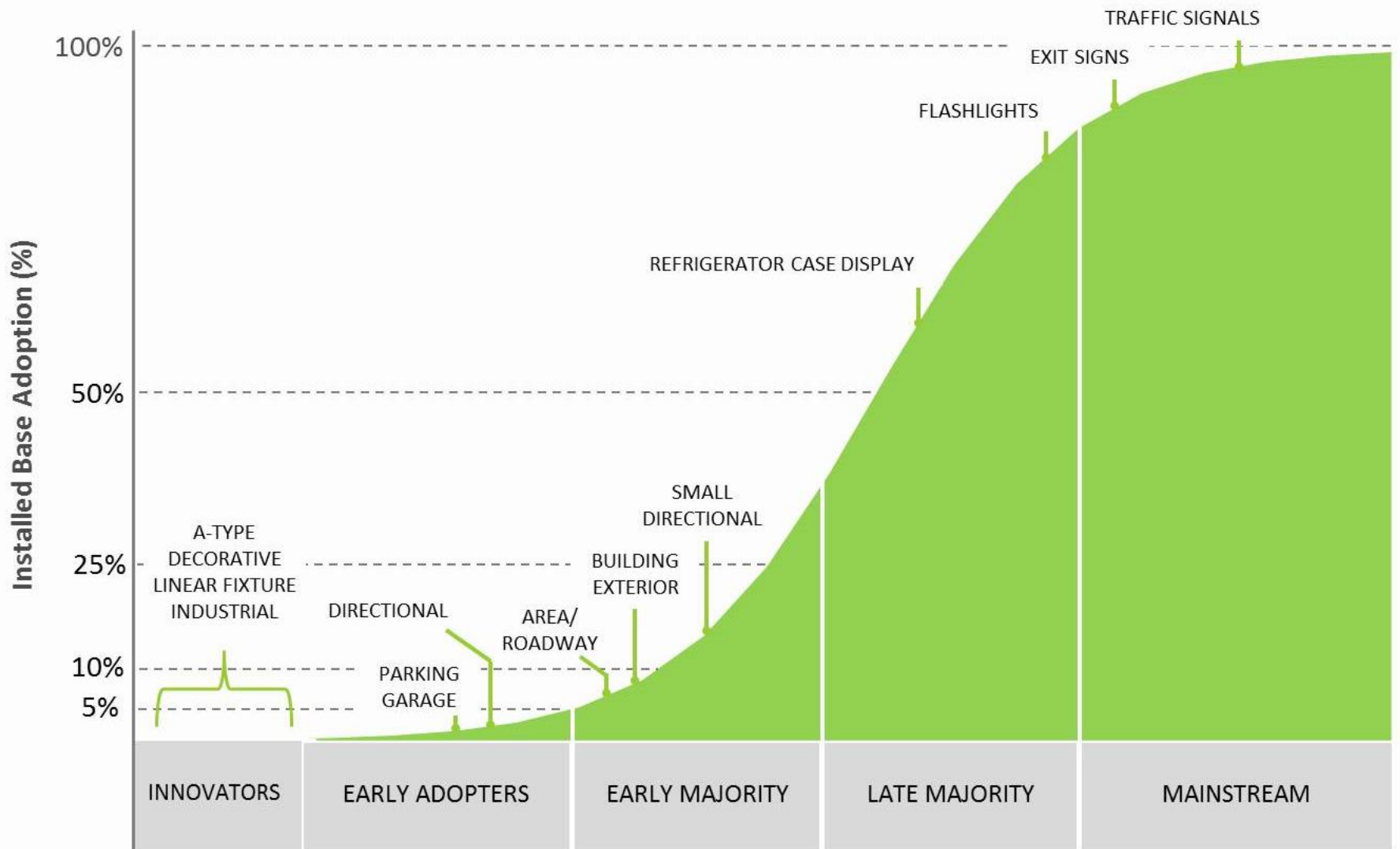


Market Share So Far

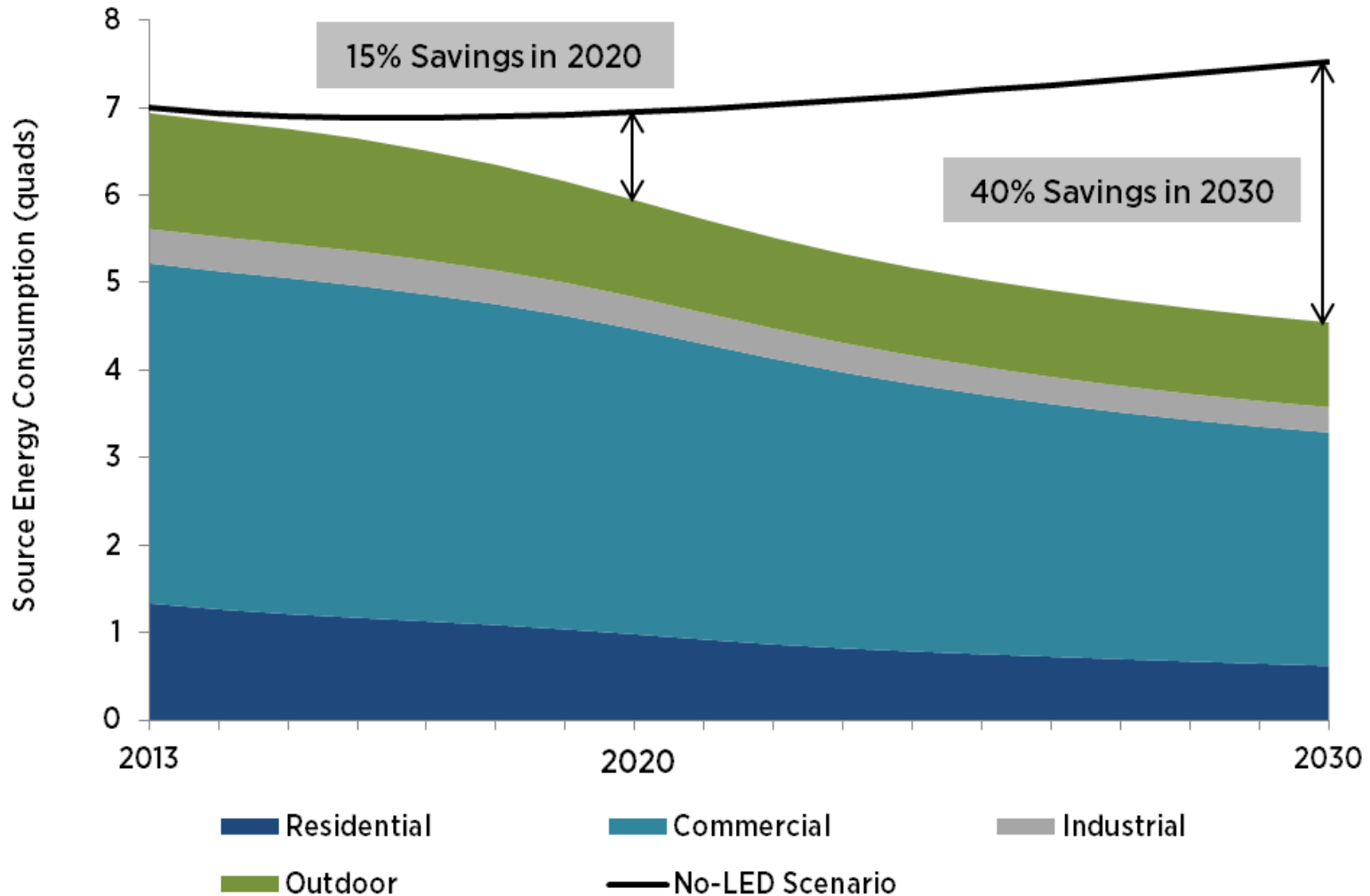


Source: DOE 2013

The Evolution of Adoption: It Takes Time



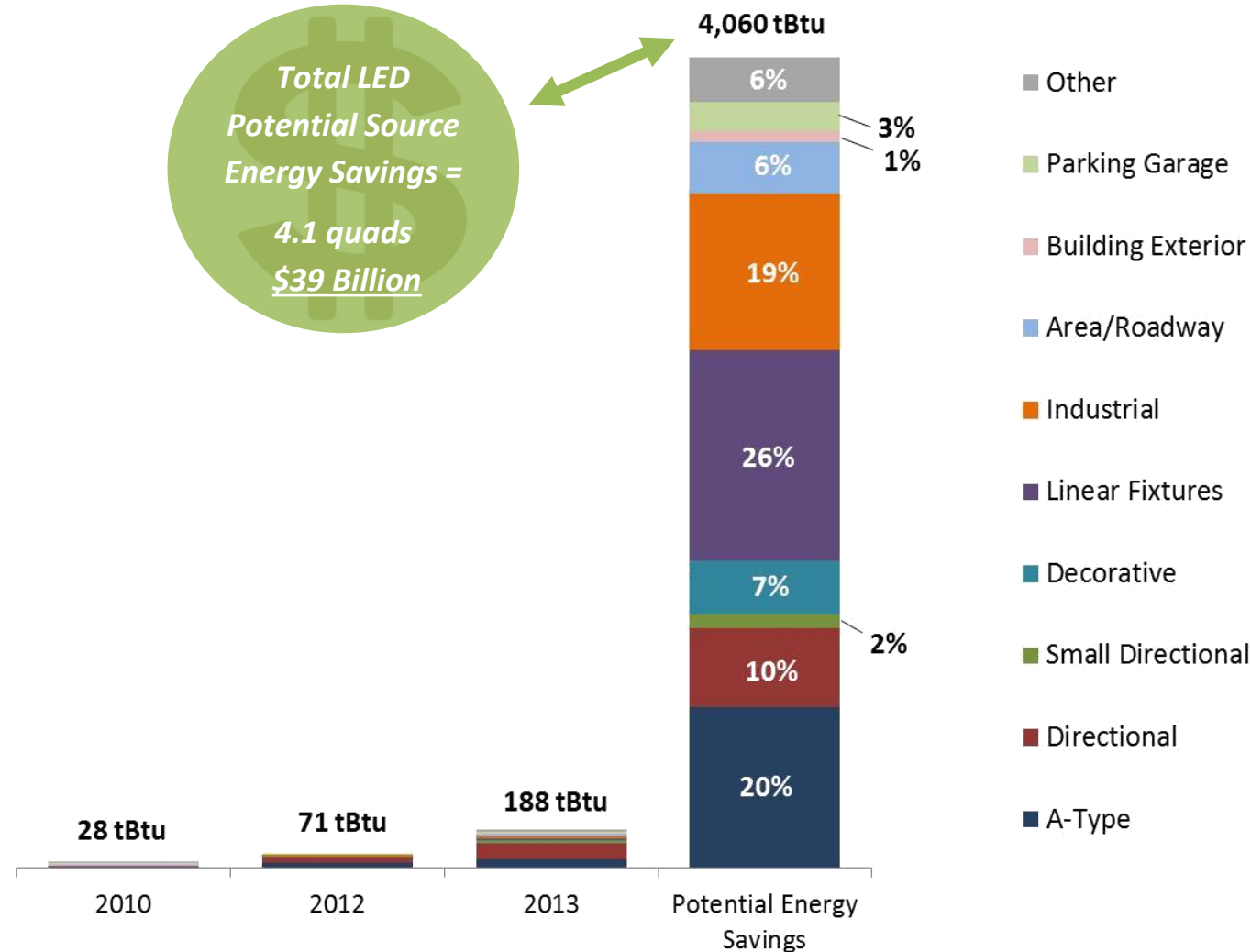
DOE Focus



Source: *Energy Savings Forecast of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications*
(August 2014)

www.ssl.energy.gov

Comparison of LED Energy Savings to Available Potential



Source: LED ADOPTION ASSESSMENT – 2013 UPDATE. DOE.

LED Lamps Now Common & Changing Fast

800 Lumen Category (60 W Equivalent)

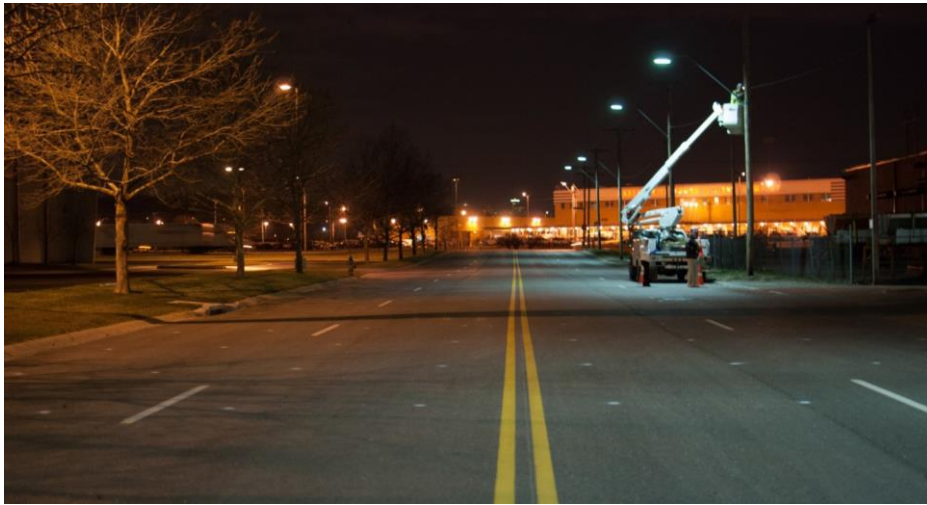


Cree

Philips

GE

Streetlights Being Changed to LED in Many Cities



Kansas City, MO



Portland, OR



Philadelphia, PA

Some Results of the DOE LEEP Campaign

Organization	Parkg Facility	Orig Wattg	Type	New Wattg	Type	Total Area Square Feet (1K)	Avg Site Savings	Notes
Allentown Prkg Auth	Garage	100-400	MH	40-100	LED	434	75%	With controls
Walmart	Lots	400	MH	200	LED	31,018	57%	
Hines	Lots	100-400	MH	44-132	LED	857	70%	
Parmenter	Lots	100-250	MH	39-56	LED	307	68%	
Regency	Lots	150-1000	MH	37-557 800	LED MH	14,573	39%	Some controls
Thedacare	Garage	175	MH	29	LED	126	86%	
U Md Med Cntr	Garage	250-400	MH	51-200	LED	309	75%	
CLTC	Lots	70-250	MH	83-90	LED	150	58%	Controls
MCBQ	Lots	100-400	MH	74-169	LED	3,779	66%	
U of PA	Garage	250	MH	160	LED	154	67%	
Prince William Cnty	Lots	250-400	MH	105-188	LED	119	82%	Controls
Howard Hughes	Garage	400	MH	115	LED	292	78%	Controls

Source: Lighting Energy Efficiency in Parking, US DOE

LED Downlights in the Hilton Columbus Downtown

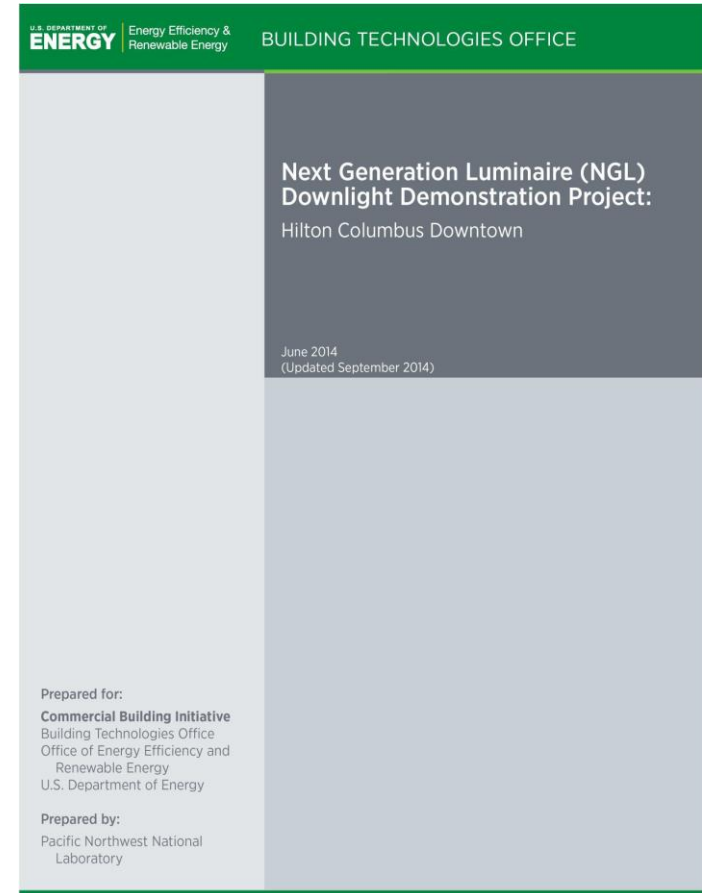
- LED savings:
 - 46% over CFL vertical
 - 50% over CFL horizontal
 - 79% halogen



Eaton's
Cooper Lighting



Entry area rendering comparing PAR halogen (left) to LED (right). LED increased vertical illuminance by 50%.



Various LED Options for Troffers



LED T8 lamps



Dedicated LED troffers



LED retrofit kits

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

Building Technologies Office
SOLID-STATE LIGHTING TECHNOLOGY FACT SHEET

Upgrading Troffer Luminaires to LED

Lighting accounts for roughly 20% of the electricity use in a typical commercial building, and the workforce in these indoor applications has been the linear fluorescent lamp. In 2010, lighting systems using linear fluorescent lamps accounted for over 75% of the lighting service in commercial buildings. Recessed troffer luminaires, commonly available in 1' x 4', 2' x 4', and 2' x 2' sizes, provide the majority of this lighting. The total installed stock of common linear fluorescent luminaires in the United States is estimated to be over 960 million luminaires.¹

Although the installation of LED troffer-style luminaires jumped from an estimated 40,000 units in 2010 to nearly 700,000 units in 2012, LED luminaires still represent less than 0.1% of the troffer luminaires installed in commercial buildings. It may be possible to achieve over 25% energy savings on a national level if LED technology reaches its projected market penetration in troffer luminaires of over 65% by 2030. The energy savings on an individual project can be much greater than 25%. The related economic and environmental benefits are substantial.²

Introduction

Three primary LED options exist for upgrading lighting systems that use fluorescent troffers: replacing the fluorescent lamps with LED replacement lamps, replacing the fluorescent lamps and other luminaire components with an LED retrofit kit, and replacing the fluorescent luminaires with new luminaires designed for LED light sources. Selecting the best option for an installation depends on the current lamp and ballast types and the condition of the fluorescent troffer luminaires, the desired photometric properties of the upgraded lighting system, the accessibility of the ceiling plenum, and the initial and ongoing economic goals for the upgrade. This fact sheet provides guidance on the various factors to consider when deciding on an LED upgrade for a fluorescent system.

System Factors to Consider

An evaluation of LED upgrade options includes assessing the system costs and the impacts on the lighting system performance. Table 1 summarizes a number of the key factors, and the accompanying text explains those factors. The column heading *Lamps* refers to LED replacement lamps; the heading *Kits* refers to LED retrofit kits; and the heading *Luminaires* refers to new LED luminaires. For each of the three LED upgrade options, the table provides a color-coded identification of whether a factor is favorable for the related LED option (green circle), whether there may be reasons to exercise caution based on this factor (yellow triangle), or whether there may be significant barriers to implementing the related LED option based on this factor (red square). Note that the performance of the products available within each of the LED options varies and each individual product must be evaluated on its own merits.

¹ "Energy Savings Potential of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications", Navigant, January 2012, http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/publications/pdfs/ssl_energy_savings_report_jan_2012.pdf
² "Adoption of Light-Emitting Diodes in Common Lighting Applications", Navigant, April 2010, http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/publications/pdfs/ssl_adoption_report_2010.pdf



Initial Costs

Equipment Purchase Costs
LED replacement lamps often provide the lowest cost option in terms of purchasing the LED components. The cost of LED retrofit kits is usually more than replacement lamps, and purchasing new LED luminaires usually is the highest cost.

Installation Labor Costs

Replacement lamps that simply snap into the existing fluorescent lamp sockets provide the lowest labor costs for installation. However, most products marketed as replacement lamps require further modifications to the luminaire, and will have labor costs similar to products marketed as retrofit kits. Labor costs for installing retrofit kits are generally higher than those for replacement lamps, and depending on the extent of the luminaire modifications required, may approach or even exceed the labor

Table 1. System factors to consider for LED upgrades.

SYSTEM FACTORS TO CONSIDER	DESCRIPTION	LAMPS	KITS	LUMINAIRES
Initial costs	Equipment purchase costs	●	▲	■
	Installation labor costs	●	▲	■
Operating costs	Safety certification costs	▲	▲	●
	Energy costs for equal light output	■	▲	●
Current light levels	Replacement costs over system life	▲	▲	▲
	Acceptable; should not be reduced at all	▲	▲	▲
Dimming required	Reductions of 10% or more are okay	●	●	●
	No dimming is not required	●	●	●
	Yes, dimming is required	■	▲	▲

Fact sheet available!

Challenges: Dimming

Achieving high-quality dimming performance with LED lamps is difficult, but improving

Depending on:

- 1) characteristics of the LED sources (drivers)
- 2) characteristics of the dimmer
- 3) number and type of light sources on the circuit



You might encounter:

- Limited dimming range
- Unpredictable dimming curve
- Dead travel
- Pop-on
- Drop-out
- Flashing, ghosting
- Premature failure
- Audible noise
- Inoperability

Dimming with LED A-type Lamps

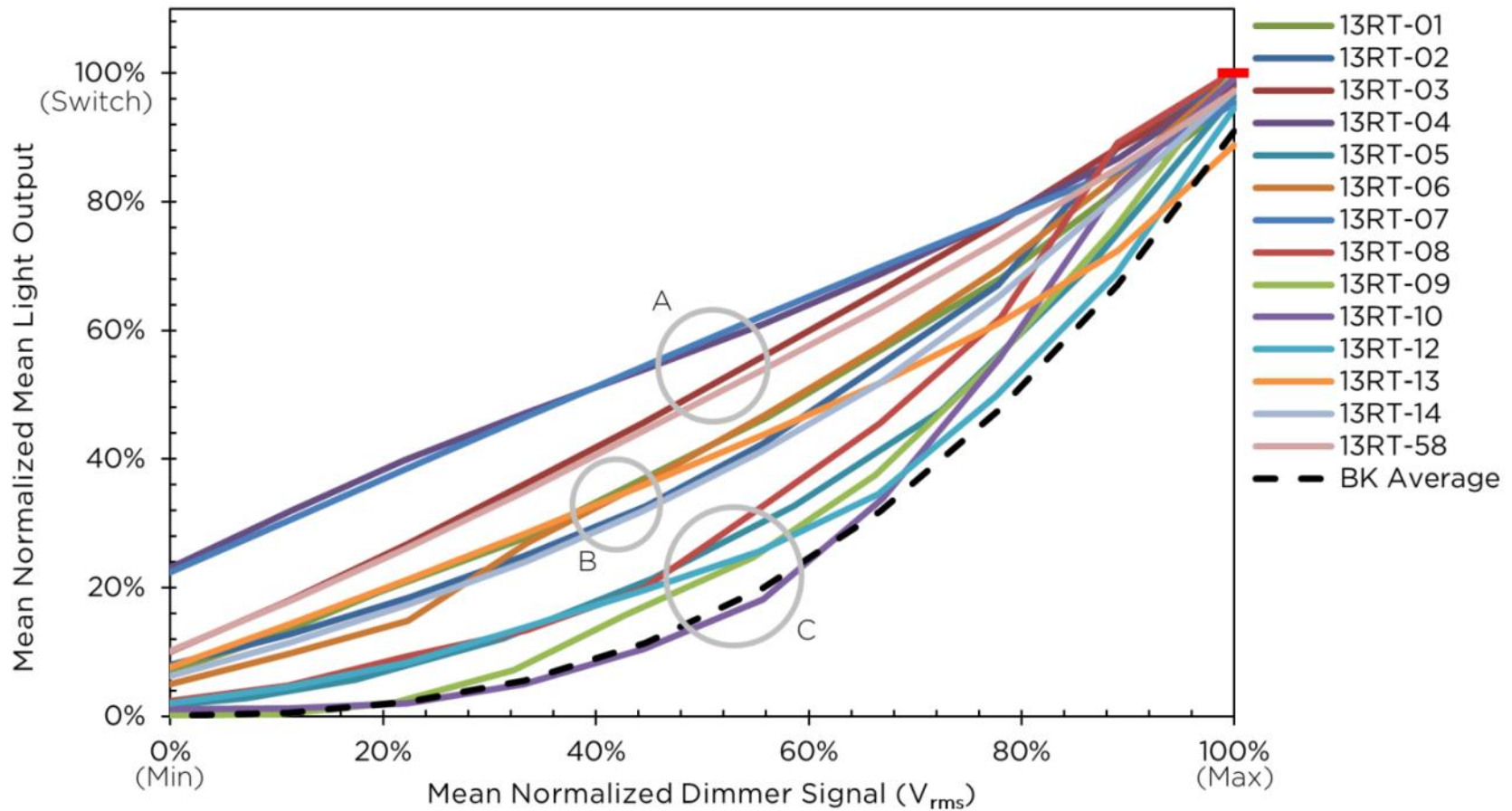


Figure 5. Dimming curves for the 14 dimmable LED lamps and the average of the two halogen benchmarks (BK). Some of the LED products exhibited a linear dimming response (A), some exhibited a partially adjusted curve (B), and some exhibited a response closer to the benchmark (C).

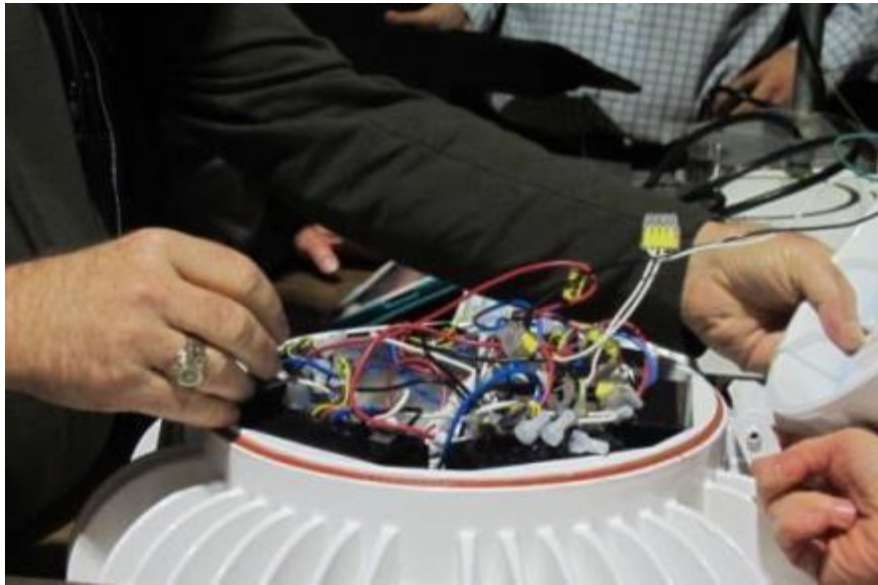
Challenges: Flicker

Some LEDs flicker noticeably, which may negatively impact adoption in some applications



Challenges: Serviceability

Lack of LED product serviceability and interchangeability has created market adoption barriers in certain sectors



Serviceability

- NGL recognized several products for serviceability
- Zhaga standards for 7 different LED light engine form factors so far; 3 more in development
 - 174 products certified so far



GE Lighting

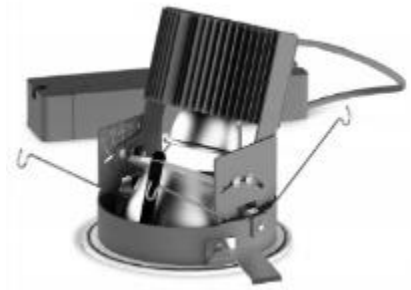
Examples of NGL
Indoor 2014
Products noted for
serviceability



H.E. Williams



Book 2 holder



Book 3 luminaire



Book 3 module



Book 4 module

What's Coming? Integrated Controls



CREE



What's Coming? Integrated Intelligence

retail lighting system

Philips pilots new system that uses intelligent LED in-store lighting to communicate with shoppers smartphones to deliver targeted offers and information based on their location

David has decided to cook a Mexican meal for his friends this evening.

1.

He chooses guacamole in the supermarket app he downloaded. It suggests a recipe for fresh guacamole that he accepts

2.

The light fixture above David sends his location to his smartphone and the app plots a route to the ingredients

3.

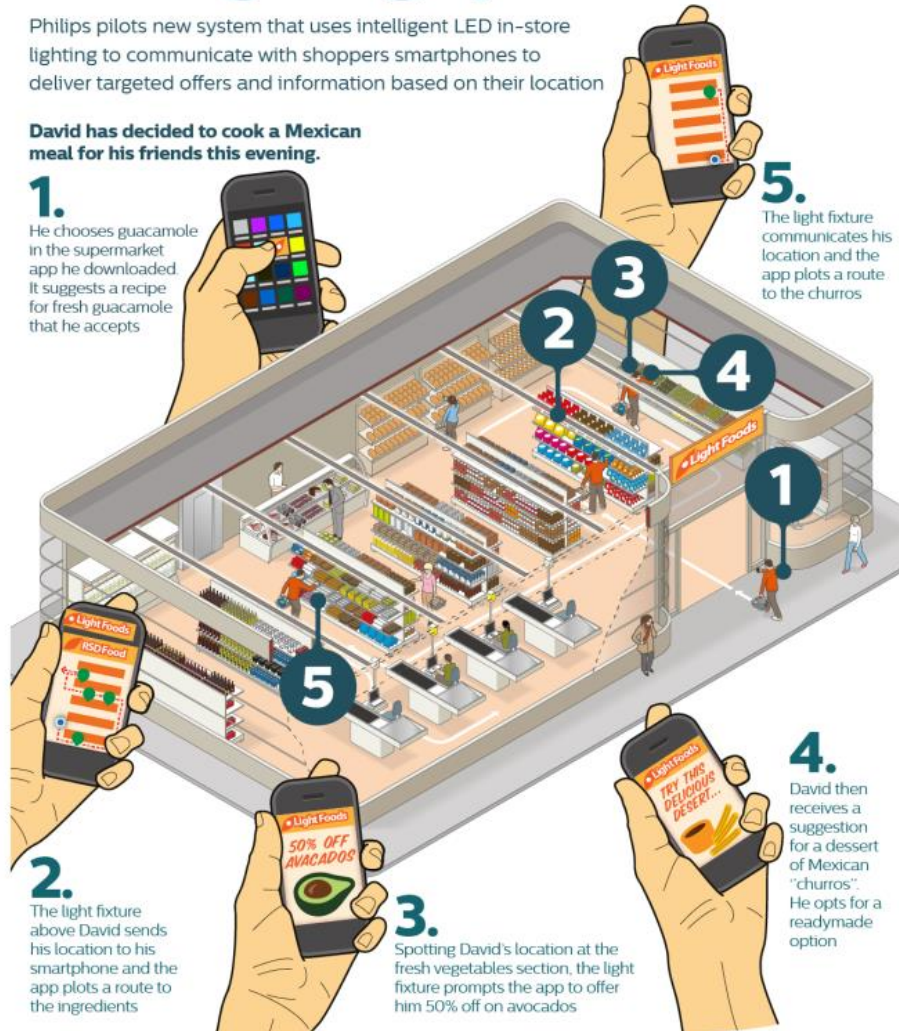
Spotting David's location at the fresh vegetables section, the light fixture prompts the app to offer him 50% off on avocados

5.

The light fixture communicates his location and the app plots a route to the churros

4.

David then receives a suggestion for a dessert for a Mexican "churros". He opts for a readymade option



Uses LED lights to communicate location-based information to shoppers via smartphones

What's Coming: More Controls



GE Link



Cree Connected



TCP Connected

Lighting Control on
Wi-Fi network



Philips Hue

What's Coming? New Form Factors



Project: Holt Renfrew, Bloor Street, Toronto, Women's Designer on 2
Lighting Design: Lightbrigade Architectural Lighting Design
Interior Designer: Burdiflek
Photograph: A-Frame Studio / Ben Rahn Photographer

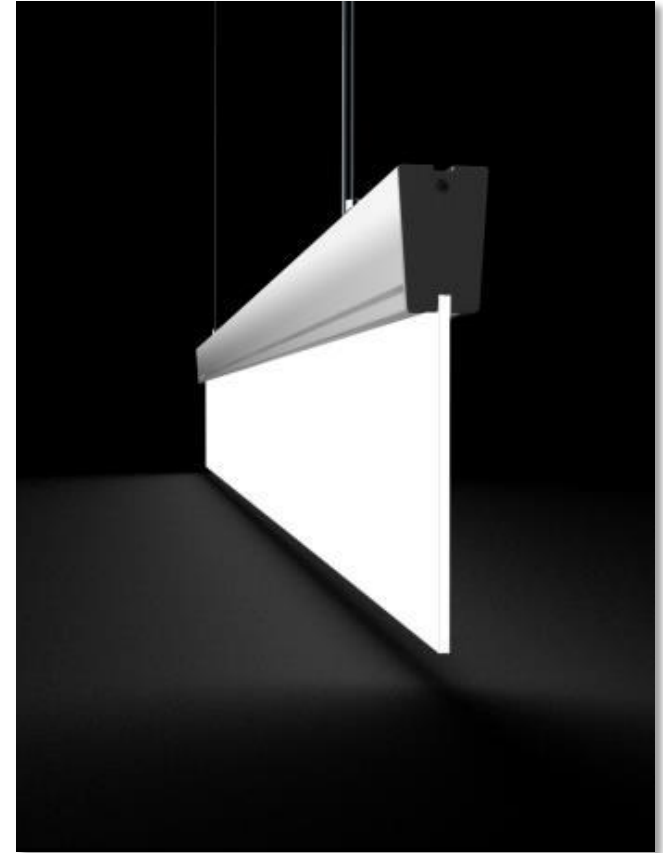


Source: Acuity Brands

What's Coming? New Form Factors



Source: Fred Maxik, Lighting Science



Source: GE Lighting

Thank You

Jeff McCullough
PNNL

www.ssl.energy.gov