# Infrastructure Needs for Reliability and Affordability

DOE Quadrennial Energy Review Providence, Rhode Island Monday, April 21, 2014

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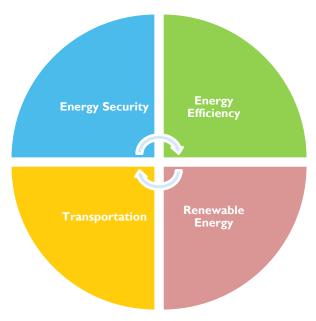
Commissioner

Rhode Island Office of Energy Resources



# RI Office of Energy Resources (OER) Overview

# "Leading Rhode Island to a secure, cost-effective, and sustainable energy future."



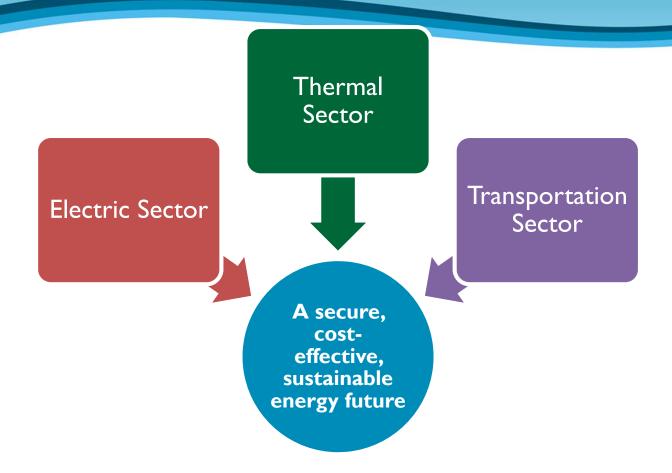
The OER is the lead state agency on energy policy and programmatic matters



The OER works closely with diverse partners to advance Rhode Island as a national leader in the new clean energy economy

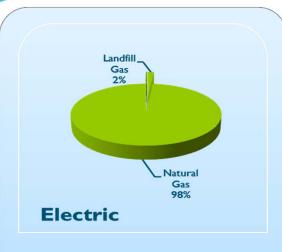


# RI State Energy Plan A Vision for RI's Energy Future

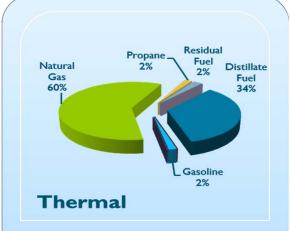


"In **2035**, Rhode Island provides energy services across all sectors—**electricity, thermal,** and transportation—using a **secure, cost-effective, and sustainable** energy system."

# Rhode Island Energy Use Today



63 Trillion BTU\$1.1 Billion/Year2.9 Million Tons CO<sub>2</sub>



\$1.1 Billion/Year

3.9 Million Tons CO<sub>2</sub>

63 Trillion BTU



64 Trillion BTU\$1.4 Billion/Year4.5 Million Tons CO<sub>2</sub>

RI spends \$3.6 billion annually on 190 trillion BTU of energy, emitting 11 million tons of CO2



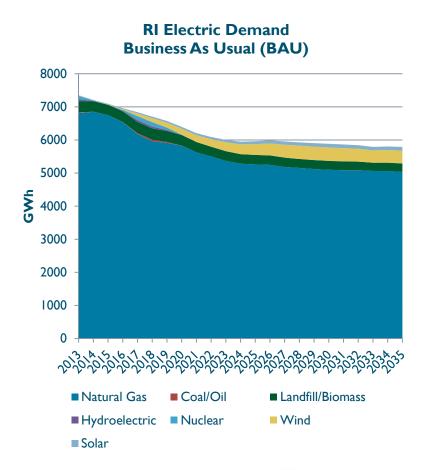
#### What's in store for the future?

#### • Electric Demand Decreasing

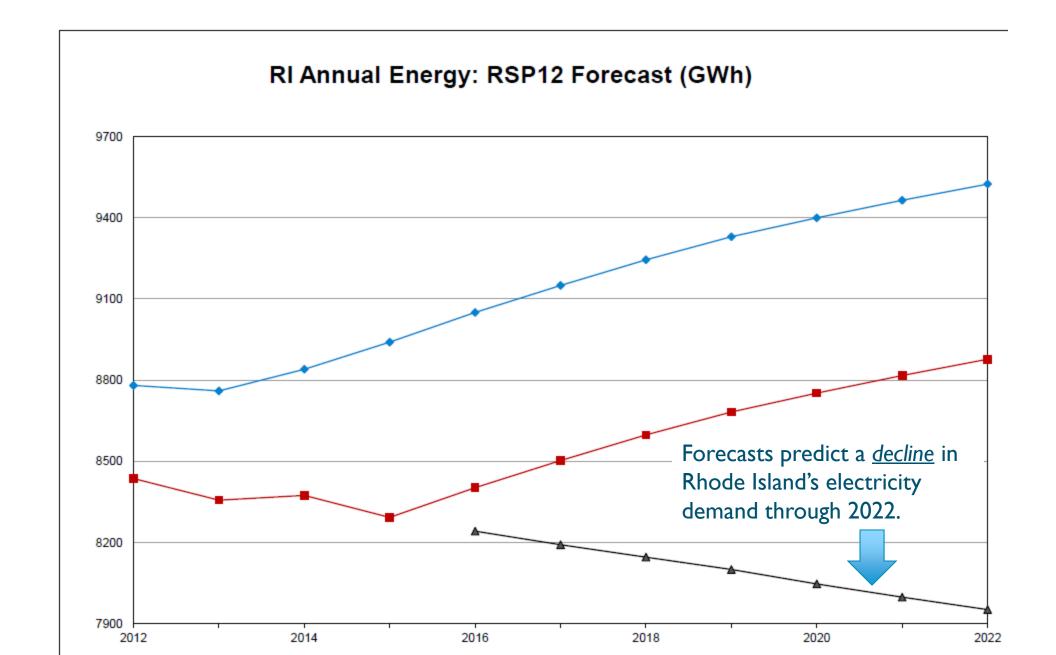
- Least-Cost Procurement of all cost-effective electric energy efficiency
  - ~20% projected energy reductions
- Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI)
  - ~20% projected electric GHG reductions

#### Renewable Energy Increasing

- Renewable Energy Procurement
  - 16% Renewable Energy Standard
  - >200 MW of wind & solar









#### What does this mean?

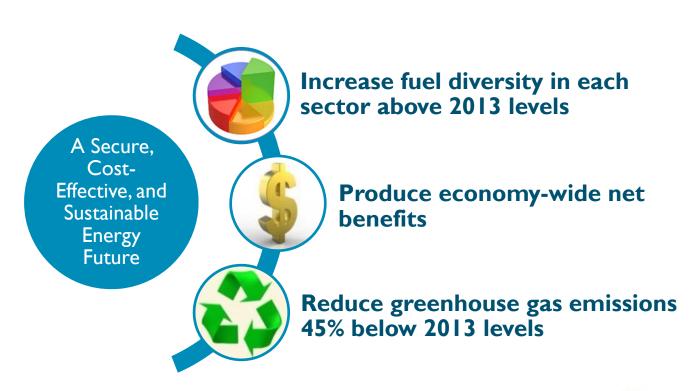
# Rhode Island is already poised to make significant progress towards a secure, cost-effective, and sustainable energy future

... but can we do better?



# State Targets

Scenario modeling shows Rhode Island can:





#### Investments will be Needed...

- OER's <u>State Energy Plan</u> analysis supports the need for both *local* and *regional* investment. To meet goals:
  - Robust energy efficiency (20%;) and
  - Local renewable generation (350 600 MW); and
  - Expansion of Renewable Energy Standard (40%); and
  - Development of utility-scale offshore wind; and
  - Access to low carbon Canadian hydropower; and
  - Significant local investments in the transportation and thermal sectors;
  - Strategic investments to insure power resiliency & reliability
- "All of the above" clean energy strategy potential for \$8.8 -\$14.5 billion in NPV benefits



# High energy costs jeopardize ability to meet these goals



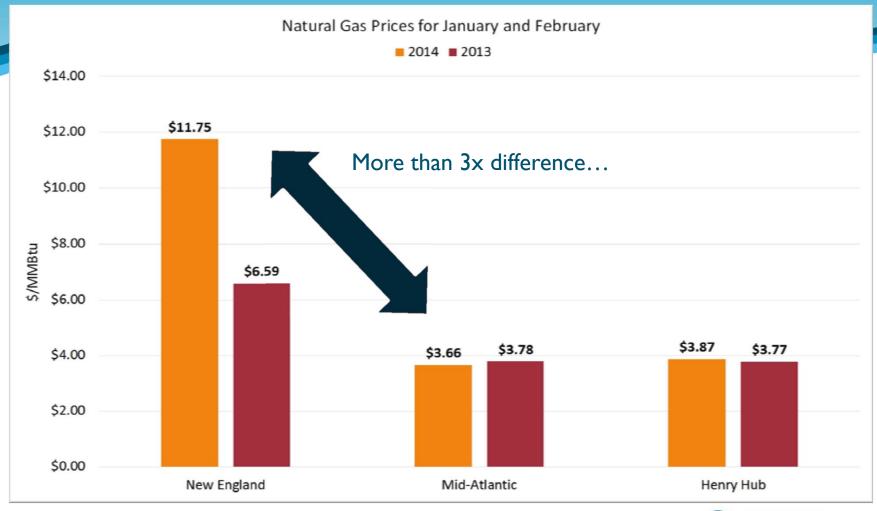
"The "overwhelming majority" of the increase, the utility said, is derived from a rise in the cost of wholesale production of electricity — costs that National Grid does not control..."

# "Utilities panel approves 12.1 percent rate hike for electricity"

-G. Wayne Miller, Providence Journal December 20, 2013



# New England's Economic Disadvantage





### A Call for Regional Action

- The New England Governors believe we must act to solve the region's energy crisis and spur investment in critically-needed energy infrastructure.
- We can do so in a coordinated manner that drives cost-effective investments, preserves existing clean energy investments, protects our environment and enhances economic competitiveness.
- Act Locally... but also <u>Act Regionally</u>



## Act Locally...

- Rhode Island <u>must</u> continue to robustly invest in clean energy and energy-alternative resources...
  - Energy efficiency and Least-Cost Procurement
  - Distributed Renewable Generation and Energy Storage
  - Renewable Energy Standard
  - Long-term Contracting Standard for Renewable Energy
  - Continue participation in RGGI
  - Target power resiliency investments at critical infrastructure
- Many of these investments generate local economic opportunities and create local jobs.



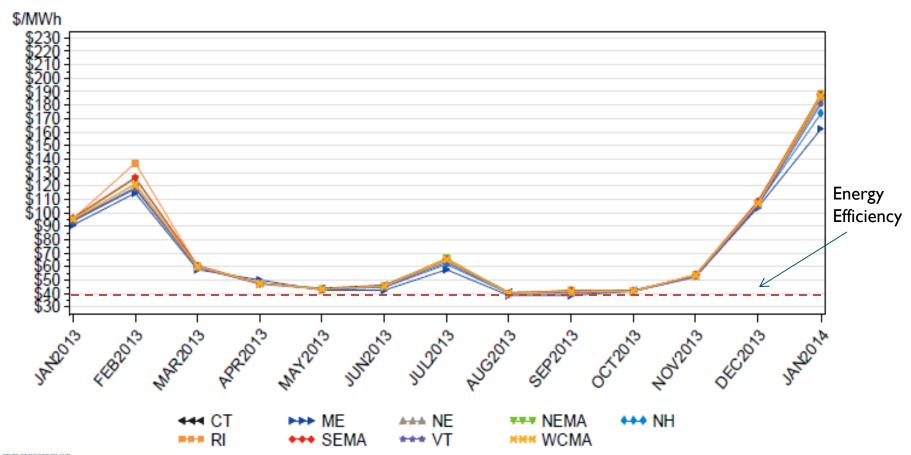
# ...but also act Regionally

- Make strategic, coordinated investments in regional energy infrastructure that will:
  - Strengthen state and regional economic competitiveness;
  - Meet common energy and environmental policy goals;
  - Diversify the region's energy supply portfolio;
  - Improve energy system reliability;
  - Increase the supply of cleaner, no-to-low carbon generation;
  - Mitigate energy price volatility;
  - Place downward pressure on long-term energy costs; and
  - Achieve what no single state could do on its own.



#### Value of Efficiency: Locks in Low Cost Energy Lowest Risk/Lowest Cost

#### Average Total Wholesale Load Cost- All Hours 13 Months Ending 31JAN14





## Thank You.

