



# **Government Performance Result Act (GPRRA) / Portfolio Decision Support (PDS)**

Project ID # vss\_09\_pagerit

**2009 DOE Hydrogen Program and Vehicle Technologies  
Annual Merit Review**

May 19, 2009

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Sponsored by Lee Slezak



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# Project Overview

## Timeline

- Start – October 2008
- End – July 2009
- 75% Complete

## Budget

- Total Project Funding
  - FY08 \$ 300k
  - FY09 \$ 400k

## Barriers

- Assess benefits of entire FreedomCAR partnership
- Provide guidance on R&D strategies

## Partners

- All FreedomCAR members
  - Technical Teams
  - National Laboratories
- Additional experts
  - Academia
  - PSAT users...

# Main Objectives

CAFÉ  
Fuel Economy Standards



Baseline



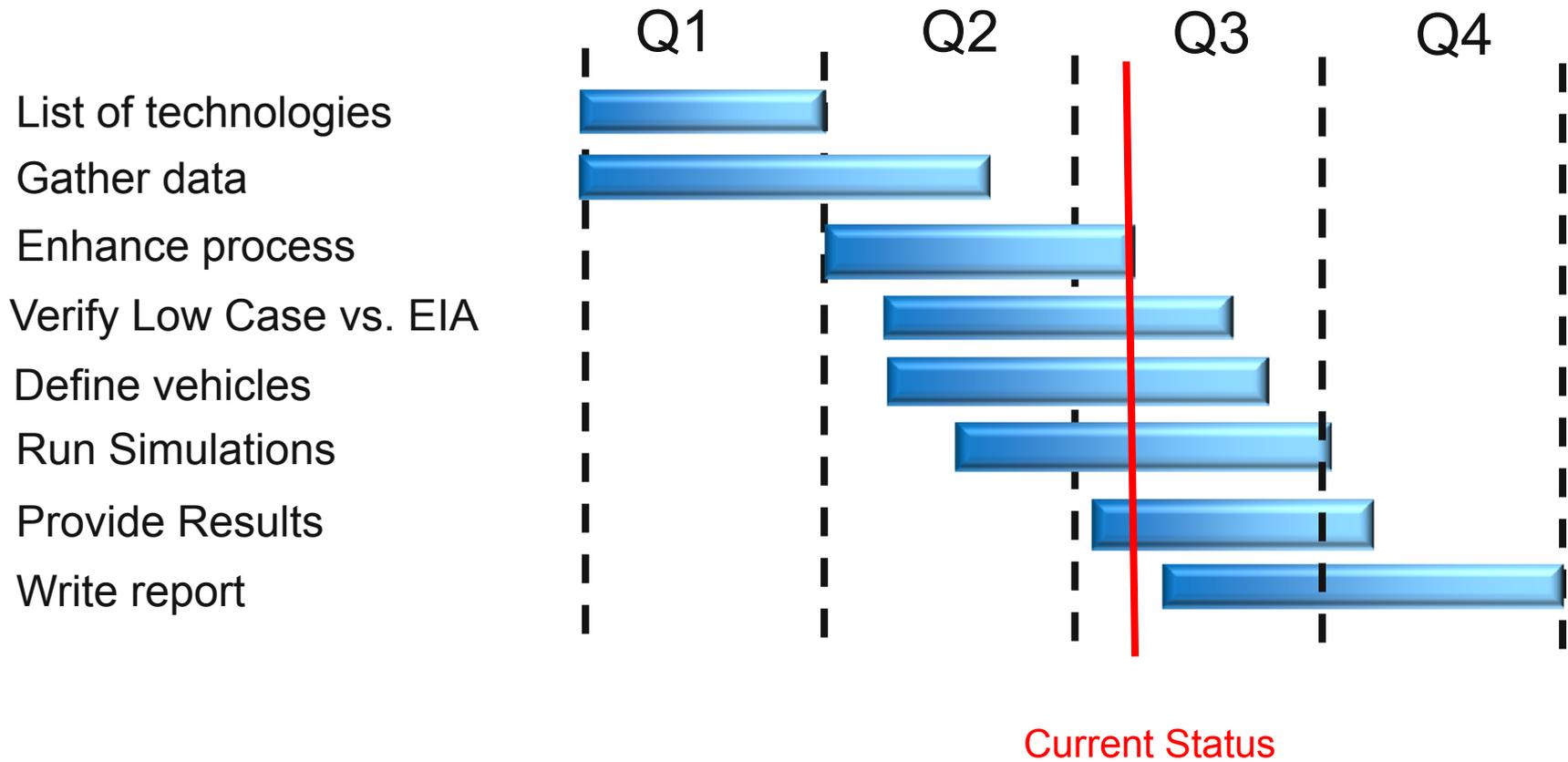
Additional  
Improvements



Mandated  
by  
Congress

- What are the benefits of the FreedomCAR & Fuel Partnership in terms of petroleum displacement?
- How much additional petroleum could be displaced with additional funding?
- Assess technology potential to guide future research and development

# Milestones



EIA = *Energy Information Administration*

# Approach

## Component & Vehicle Assumptions

Veh Classes



Timeframe

2010  
2020  
2030  
2045

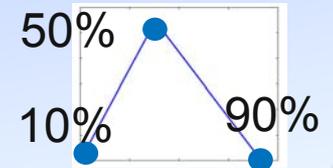
Powertrain



Fuels

Gasoline  
Diesel  
Ethanol  
Hydrogen

Uncertainties

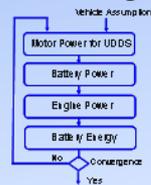


## Vehicle Definition & Simulation

Vehicle  
Technical  
Specifications



Sizing

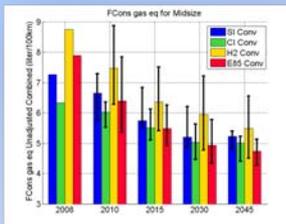


Simulation



## Results Analysis & Validation

Results

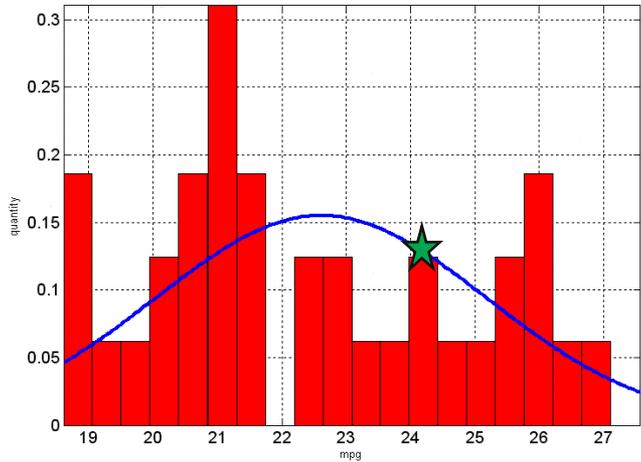


Validation

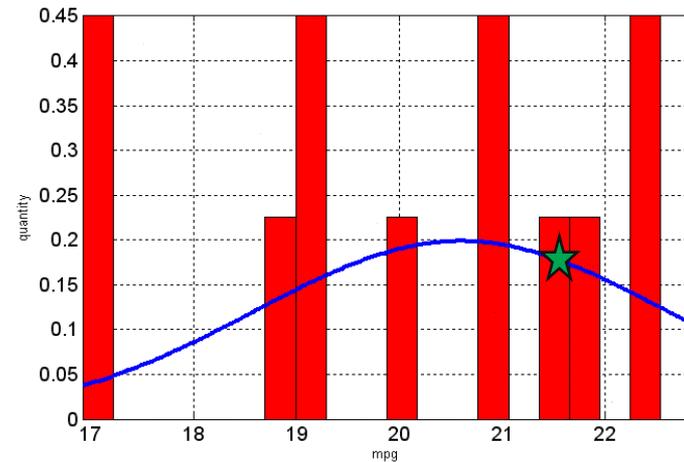


# Reference Vehicles Fuel Economy Compared to Entire Class

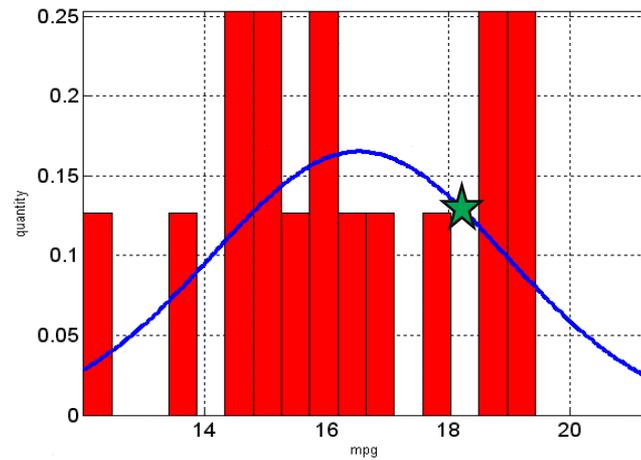
Midsized Car



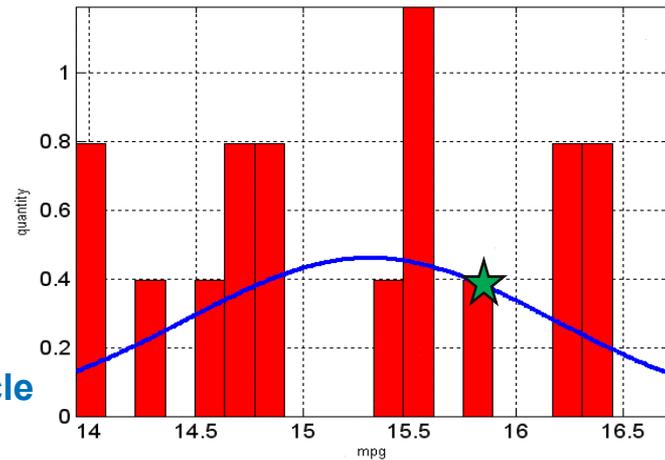
Small SUV



Midsized SUV



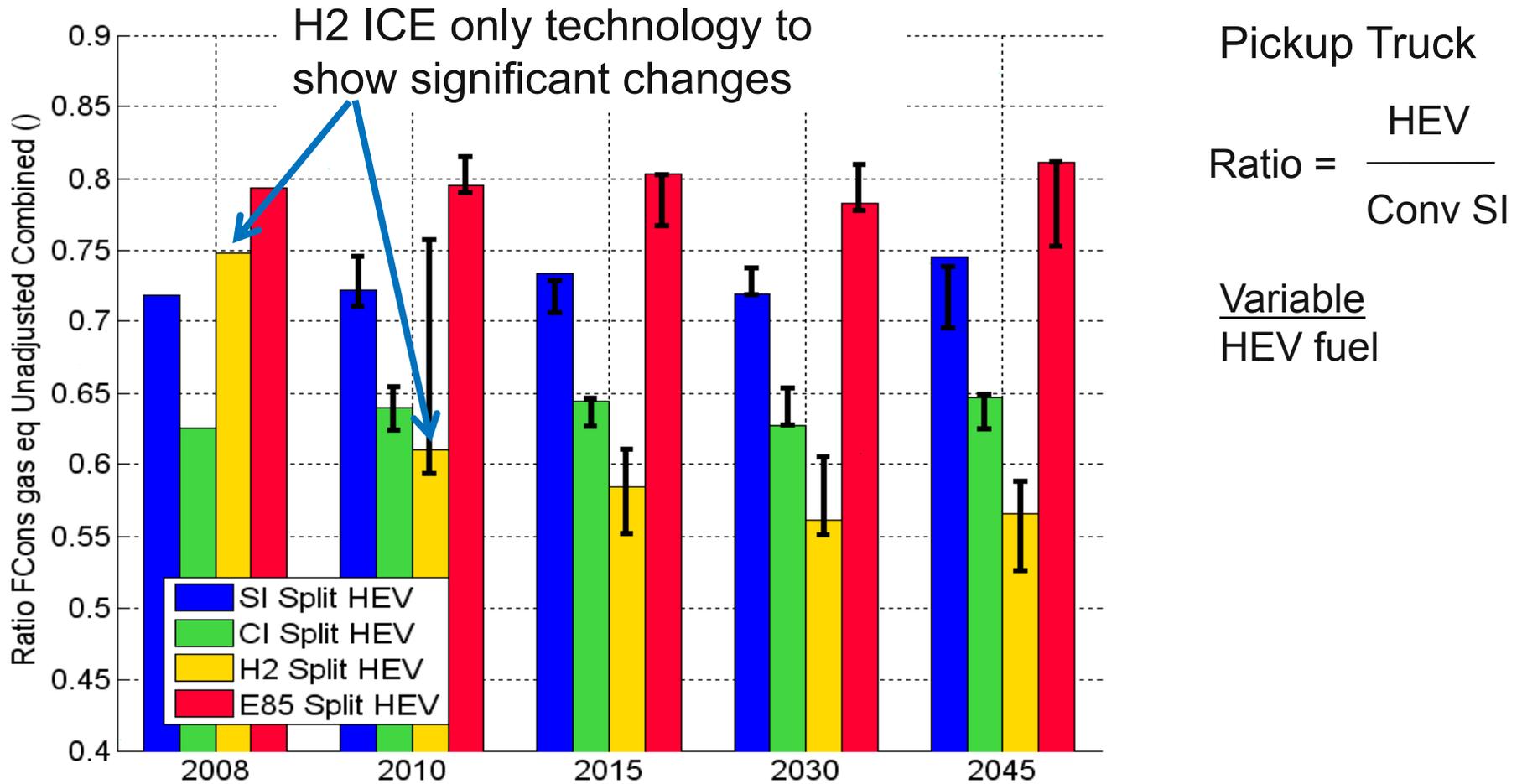
Pickup Truck



★ = Ref. Vehicle

GPRA/PDS 2008 Results

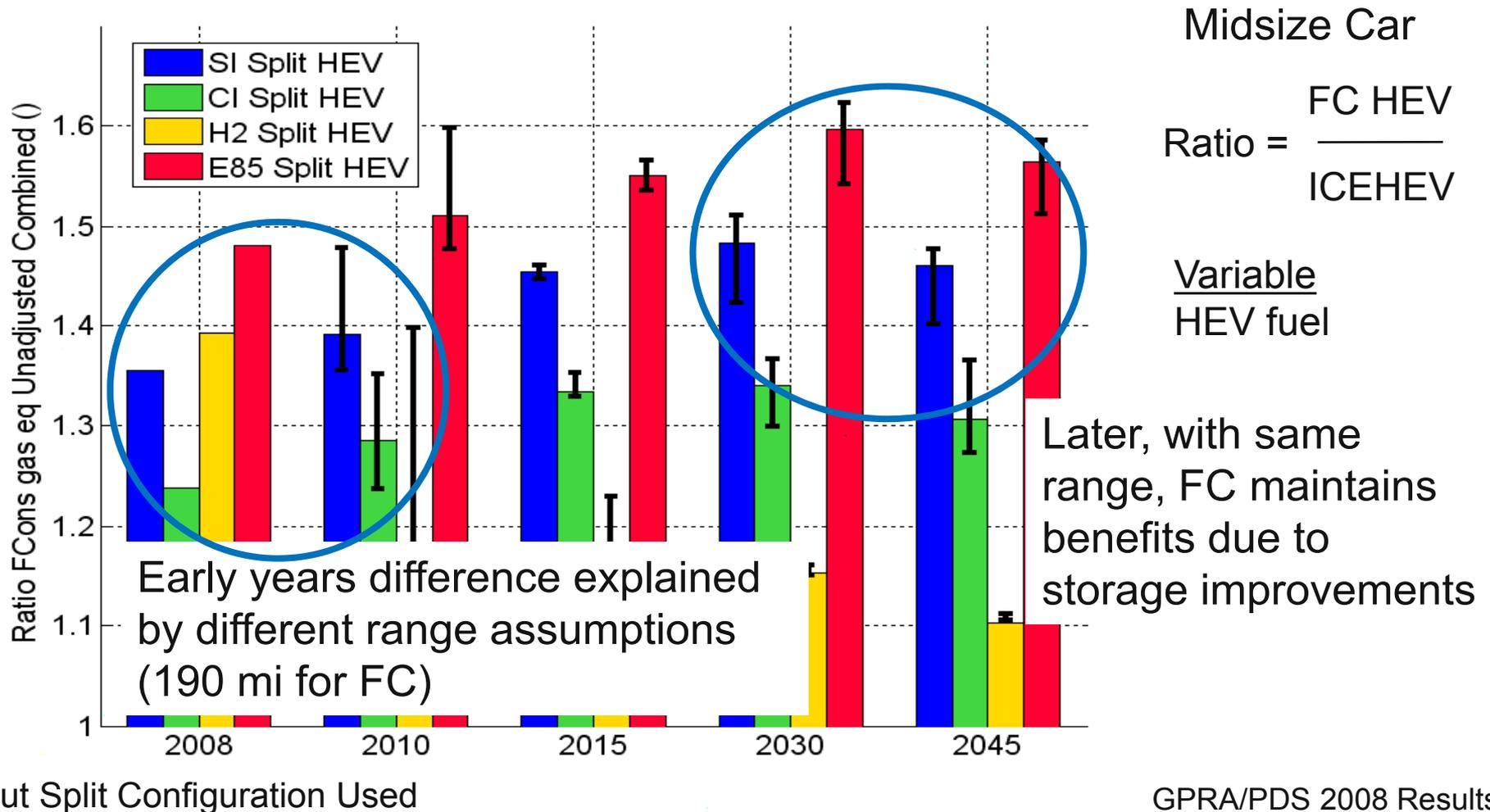
# HEVs Fuel Consumption Remains Fairly Constant Compared to Conventional



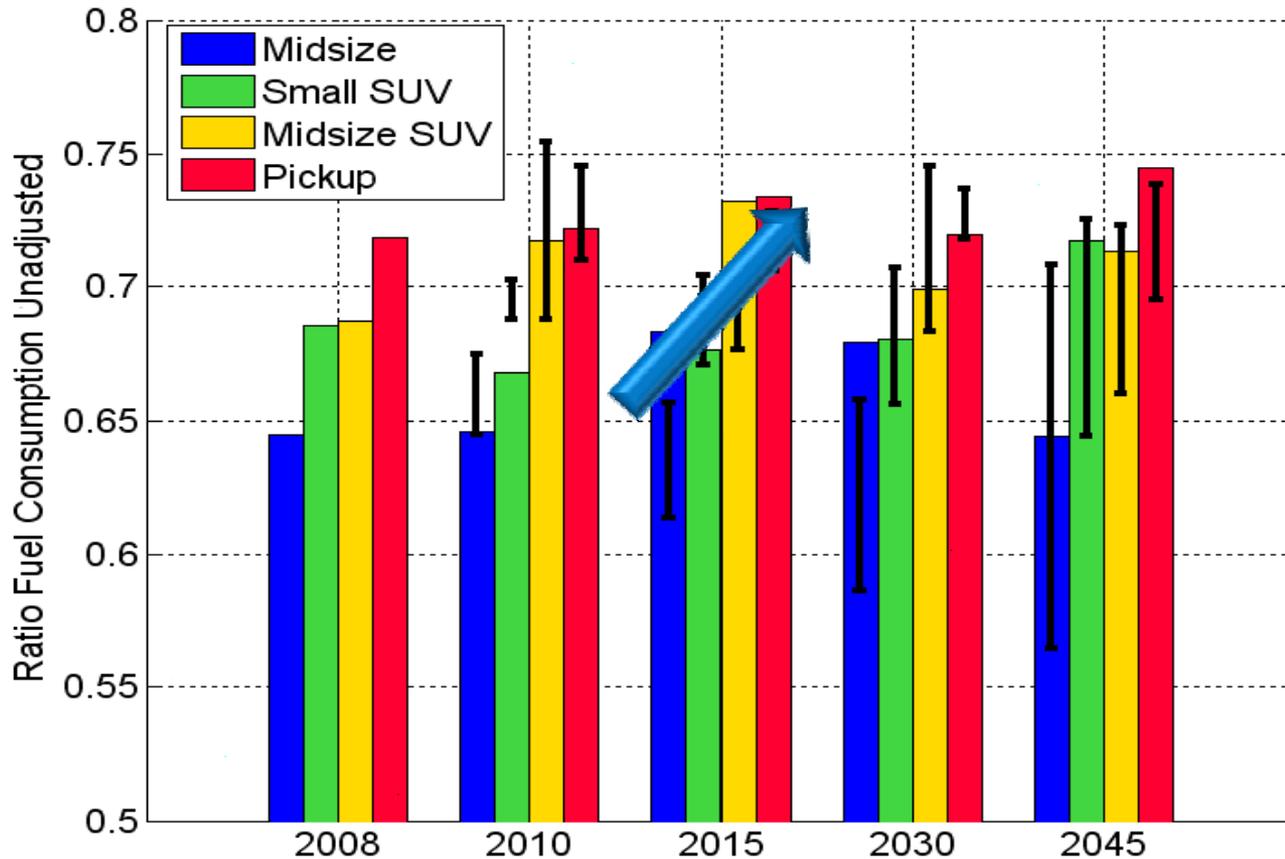
Input Split Configuration Used

GPRA/PDS 2008 Results

# FC-HEVs Fuel Consumption Compared to ICE-HEVs Shows Largest Uncertainties



# Hybridization Benefits Based on Ratio Reduced with Larger Vehicle Class



$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{\text{SI HEV}}{\text{Conv SI}}$$

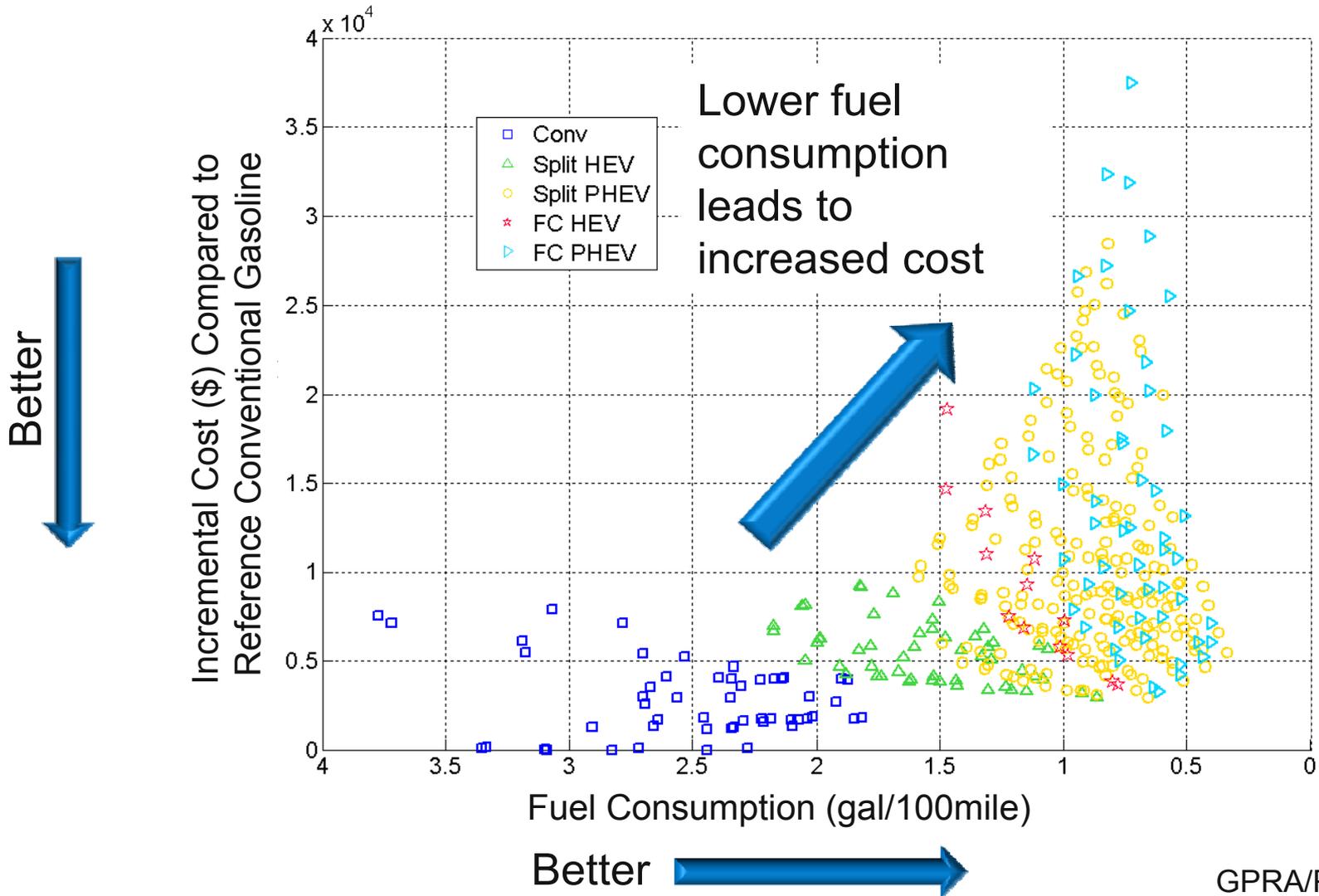
Variable  
Vehicle Class

Input Split Configuration Used

GPRA/PDS 2008 Results

# Trade-off Between Cost & Fuel Efficiency

## All Vehicles

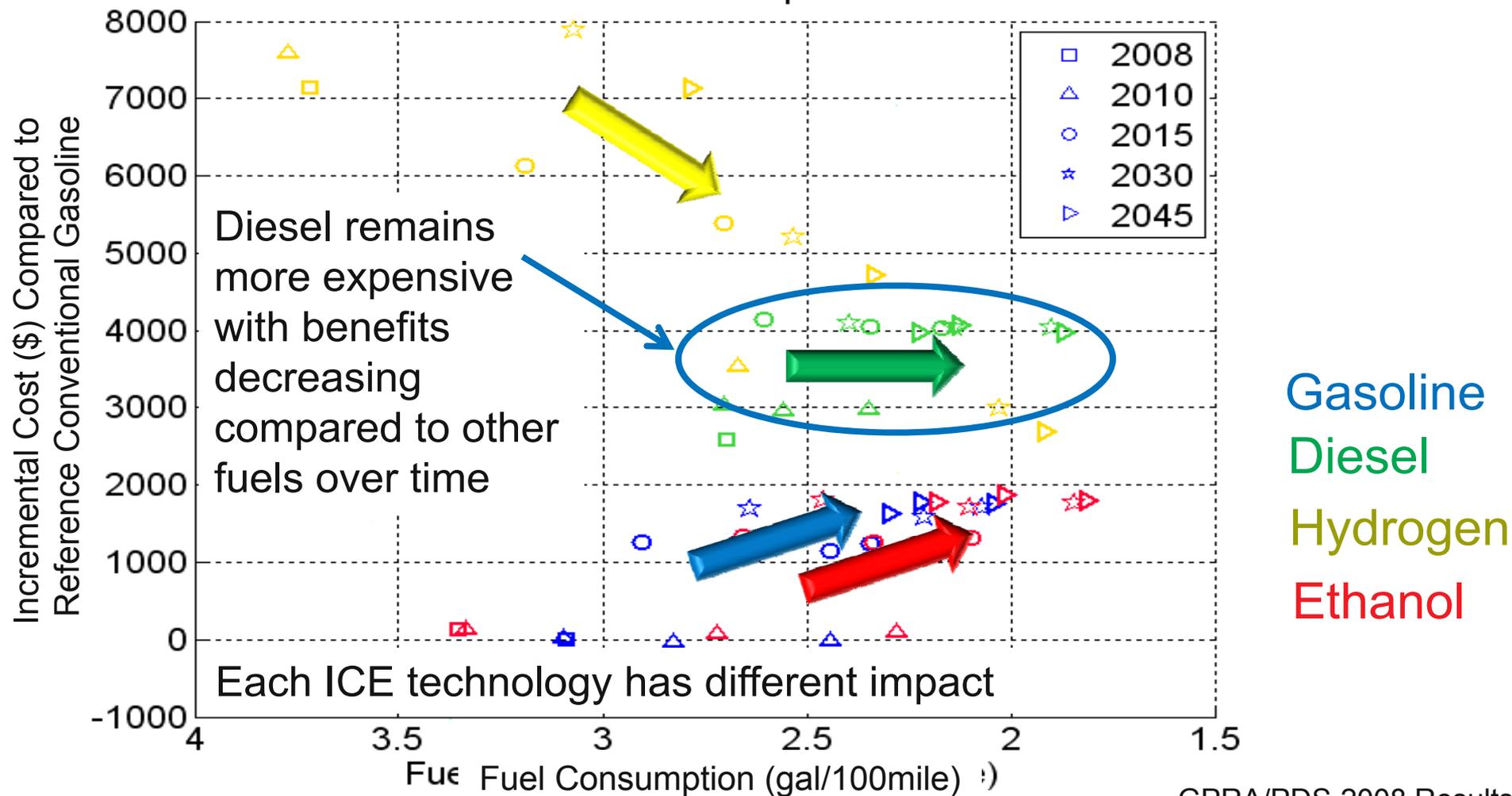


GPRA/PDS 2008 Results

# Trade-off Between Cost & Fuel Efficiency

## Conventional Vehicles

Incremental Cost vs fuel consumption for Midsize Conv

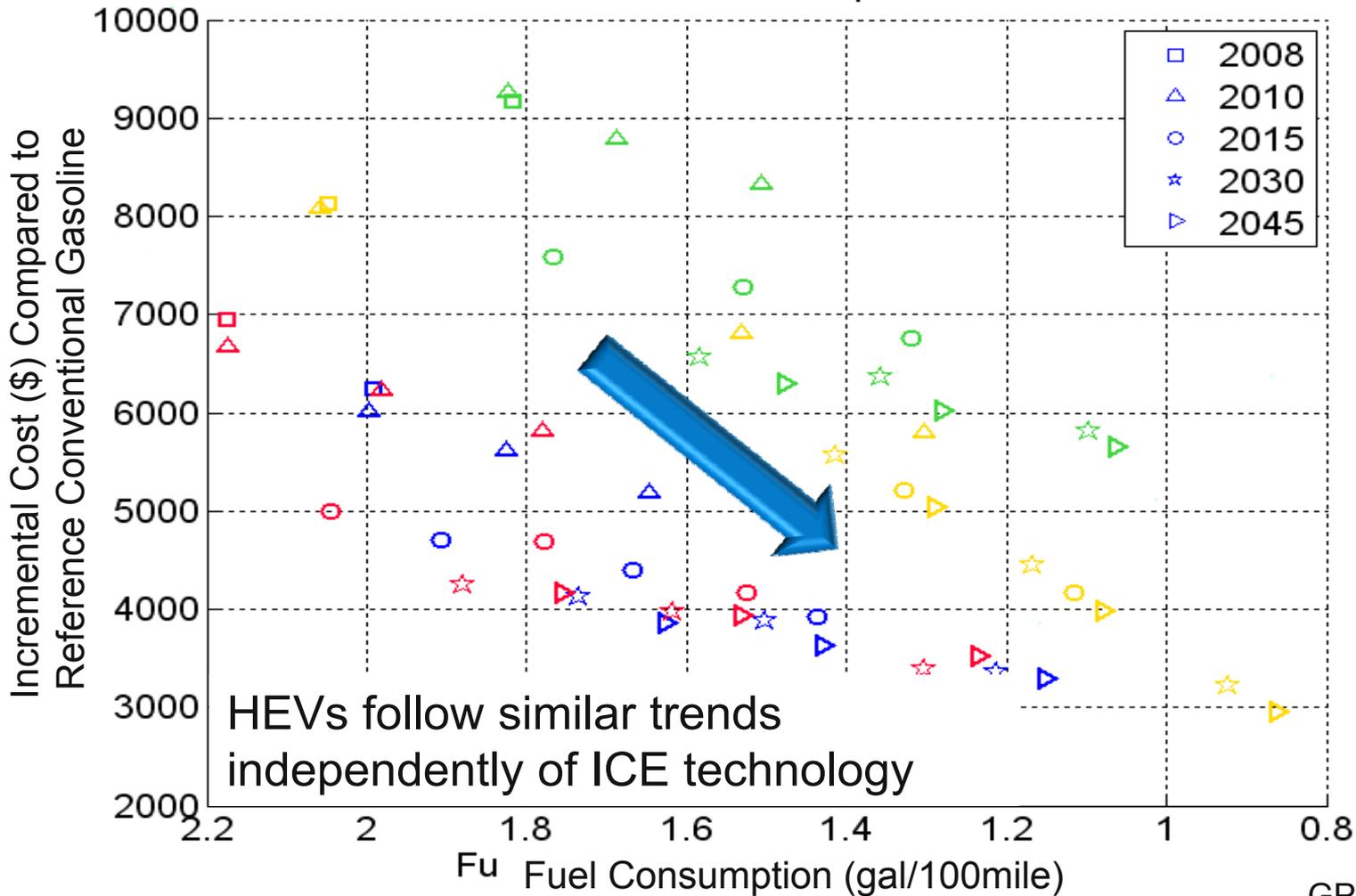


GPRA/PDS 2008 Results

# Trade-off Between Cost & Fuel Efficiency

## ICE-HEV Vehicles

Incremental Cost vs fuel consumption for Midsize HEV



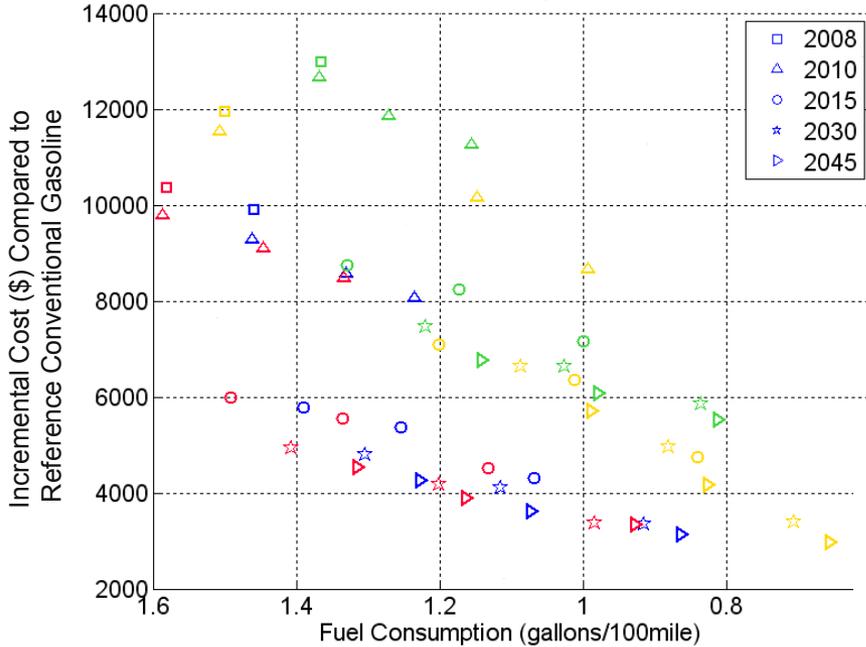
Gasoline  
Diesel  
Hydrogen  
Ethanol

GPRA/PDS 2008 Results

# Trade-off Between Cost & Fuel Efficiency

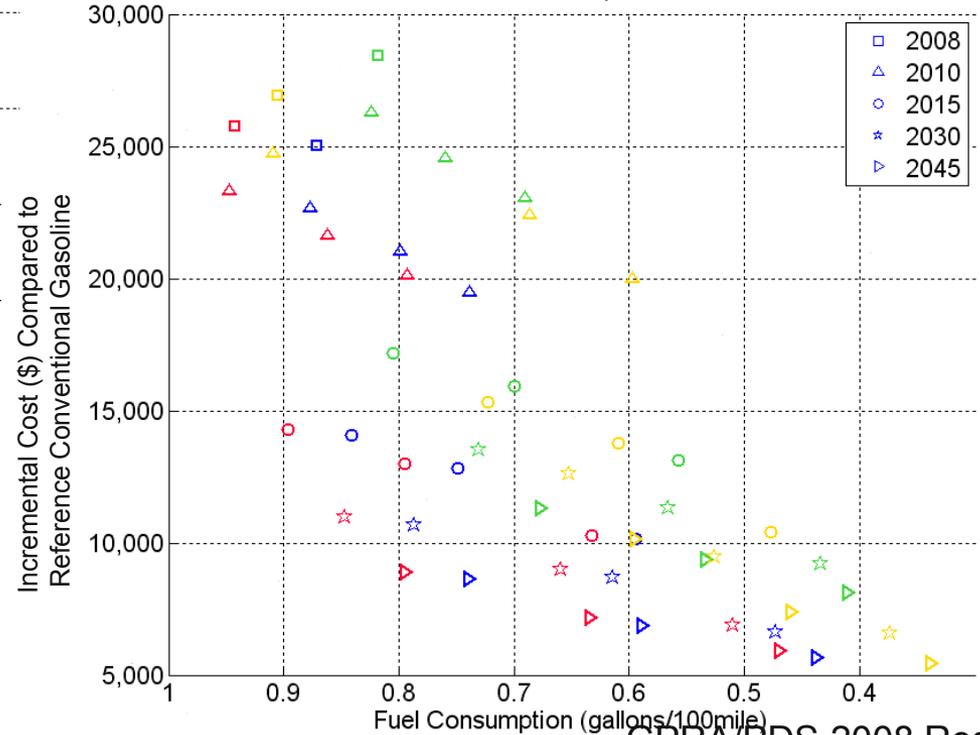
## ICE-PHEV Vehicles

Incremental Cost vs fuel consumption for Midsize PHEV10



Higher efficiency ICEs offer less benefits than for HEVs and Conventional

Incremental Cost vs fuel consumption for Midsize PHEV40



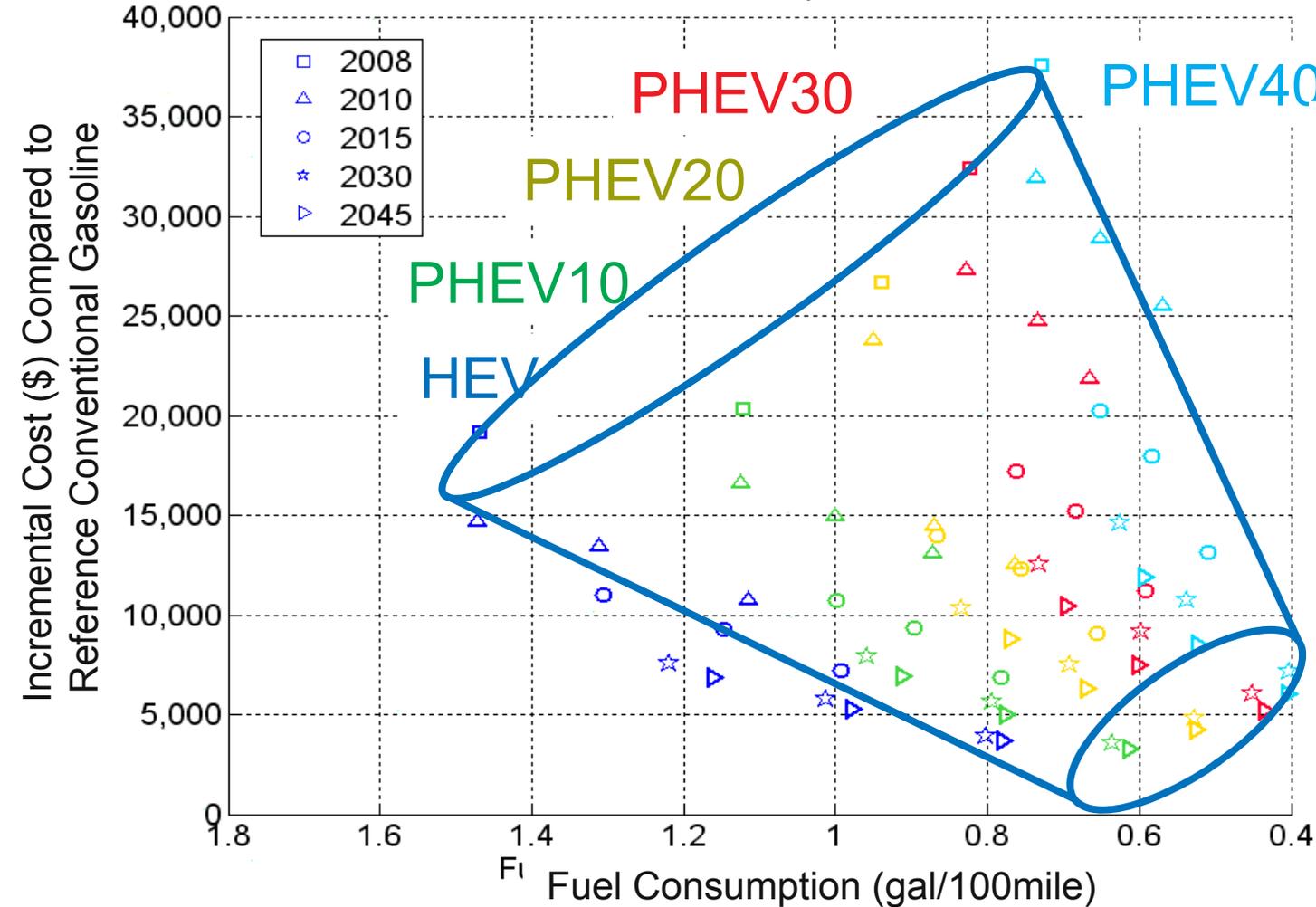
Gasoline  
 Diesel  
 Hydrogen  
 Ethanol

GPRA/PDS 2008 Results

# Trade-off Between Cost & Fuel Efficiency

## FC-HEV Vehicles

Incremental Cost vs fuel consumption for Midsize Fuel Cell



Based on the test procedure used, advanced powertrain do not benefit as much of high battery energy as current technologies

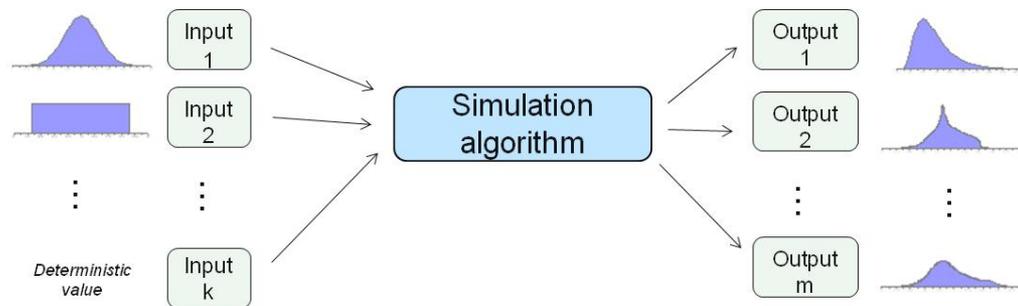
GPRA/PDS 2008 Results

# *In Addition to GPRA/PDS, the Results Are Used to Support Other Studies*

- Component requirement uncertainties
- Fuel efficiency improvement of different
  - Fuels
  - Configurations
- Cost benefit analysis of each technology
- Provide inputs to
  - GREET (i.e., PHEV effort funded by Fred Joseck)
  - HyTrans Model
  - ...

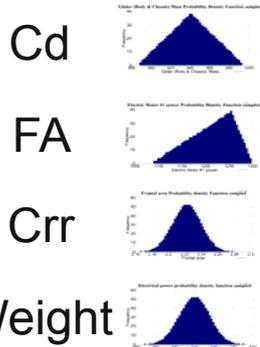
# MonteCarlo Analysis Implemented and Evaluated on a Single Vehicle

- Uncertainty is modeled by a probability density function (pdf)
- How is the uncertainty propagated?



- PHEV 10 miles All Electric Range (AER) midsize used as reference case

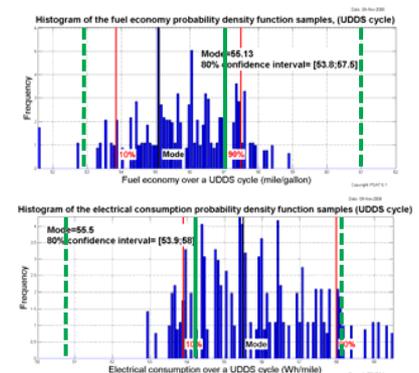
## Inputs



## Sampling

Monte Carlo (MC),  
Latin hypercube (LHS),  
Median Latin hypercube (MLHS)  
Quasi Monte-Carlo

## Results



# Future Activities

## GPRA/PDS Studies Will Require Increased Complexity

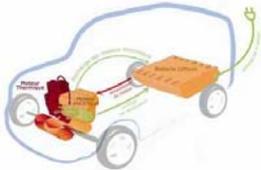
New Vehicle Classes



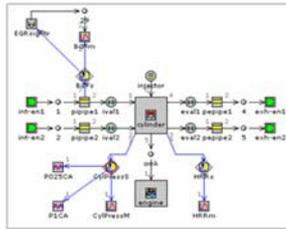
New Fuels



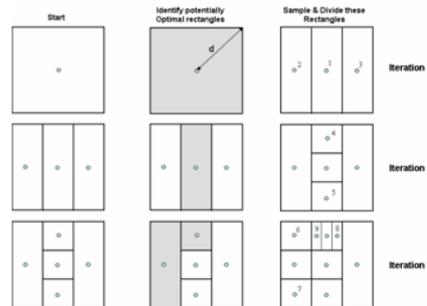
New Powertrain Configurations



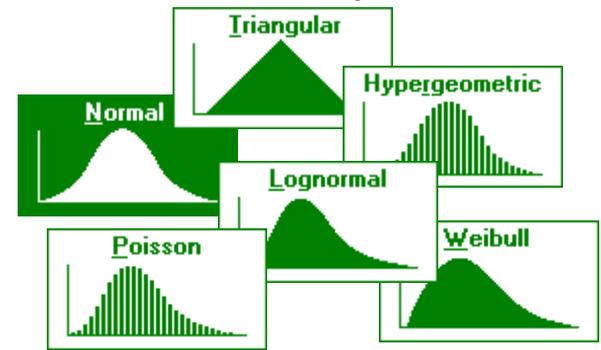
Detailed models required to represent future technologies



Use of optimization tool for component sizing and control strategy tuning



Monte-Carlo Risk Analysis



New Vehicle Test Procedures



$$\text{City FE} = 0.905 \times \frac{1}{\text{Start FC} + \text{Running FC}}, \text{ where}$$

$$\text{StartFC (gallons per mile)} = 0.33 \times \left( \frac{(0.76 \times \text{StartFuel}_{25}) + (0.24 \times \text{StartFuel}_{20})}{4.1} \right)$$

# Summary

- GPRA/PDS study evaluates the benefits of the entire FreedomCAR and Fuels partnership in terms of petroleum displacement.
- The study assesses technology potential to guide future research and development by evaluating the benefits of the latest technologies both from a component and a control point of view.
- More than 600 vehicles were simulated for different timeframes (up to 2045), powertrain configurations, and component technologies.
- Both their fuel economy and cost were assessed to estimate the potential of each technology. Each vehicle was associated with a triangular uncertainty.
- The results of the study are used to support numerous studies within DOE.

# References

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- A. Rousseau, “ Evolution of Hydrogen Fueled Vehicles Compared to Conventional Vehicles from 2010 to 2045”, SAE 2009-01-1008, World Congress, April 2009
- A. Delorme, A. Rousseau, S. Pagerit, “ Fuel Economy Potential of Advanced Configurations from 2010 to 2045 “, IFP HEV Conference, Paris, Nov 2008