

Sandia is a multi program laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company, for the United States Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.



## High-Throughput and Combinatorial Screening of Hydrogen Storage Materials

~Summary of Current Activities at Sandia~

#### Workshop at Sentech offices, Bethesda, Washington D.C. June 26, 2007

Ewa Rönnebro and Anthony McDaniel Sandia National Laboratories, CA

This presentation does not contain any proprietary, confidential, or otherwise restricted information





### **Screening for New Metal Hydrides at SNL**

- Select potential high-capacity ternary system and find the cation matrix that stabilizes a certain anionic complex
- Theory guidance: Monte Carlo (MC) technique provides minimum energy structures for subsequent enthalpy estimates (E. Majzoub)



Anionic complex  $[MH_{e}]^{y-1}$ 

- > Examples of potential structures:
  - A-Si-H; A = Li, Na, K, Mg to form  $[SiH_x]^{y-1}$
  - A-Ge-H; A = Li, Na, K, Mg to form  $[GeH_x]^{y-1}$
  - AB(BH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>x</sub> (mixed borohydrides)





# Traditional" Synthesis Method of Complex Metal Hydrides

### <u>"Hot-sintering"</u>

- > TM + Binary Hydride (A) +  $H_2 \rightarrow A_x TM_y H_z$  (s)
- >Hydrogen pressure <100 bar in an autoclave</p>
- ➤ Temperature <600°C</p>
- Reaction time: several hours to several days
- Most known complex metal hydrides have been made by hot-sintering, but only a few groups in the world uses this method

The sintering technique is used by groups at: U. Geneva (Switzerland), MPI (Germany), Stockholm University (Sweden), IFE (Norway), SRNL (USA), U. Tohoku, AIST (Japan)

# EXCELLE IN THE OFFER OFF

Metal + Binary Hydride +  $H_2 \rightarrow$  Complex Hydride Boride + Binary Hydride +  $H_2 \rightarrow$  Metal Borohydride

Established a synthesis route that combines high-energy milling (SPEX) followed by hot-sintering under high H<sub>2</sub>-pressures (in-house station)

We can test six samples per experiment at a certain P, T and reaction time. Screening involves both searching for new materials and catalysts

## Commercial autoclave with 6 steel crucibles

Normal Run: <700bar H<sub>2</sub>-pressure, <450°C, <48 hours

Our screening technique for new complex anionic materials is competitive with existing high-throughput techniques, but Sandia (McDaniel) is now taking a new approach using multiple micro-hotplates and in-situ diagnostics



#### **Approach To High Throughput**



### Synthesis And Characterization

- Utilize arrays of micro-hotplates to synthesize and characterize materials
  - High temperature and high pressure processing of precursors
    gas flow or overprise
    - 800 °C and 2000 bar  $H_2$
  - Micro-scale in-situ diagnostics
    - calorimetry and  $H_2$  gas detection

#### **130 bar H<sub>2</sub> fully instrumented prototype**

✓ 5 micro-hotplates: 4 samples, 1  $H_2$  detector

- $\checkmark$  Calorimeter and gas composition diagnostics (at millimeter length scales)
- ➢Proof Materials: MgH₂, NaAlH₄



5 micro hot plates with isolated flow channels mount in 2.75" OD flange

hotplate in air at 1000 K







**Rapid Characterization With** 



#### **High Sensitivity**



(0.1 to 0.5 mg of material)

- Rapid thermal characterization with high sensitivity
  - Transition temperature (kinetics)
  - Enthalpy of transition
  - H<sub>2</sub> capacity
- Enable a unique combinatorial approach (information rich)!

 $NaAIH_4 \rightarrow H_2$  + products





#### **By Theoretical Predictions**

Element	Hydride	Boride
Li	LiH	LiB <sub>2</sub> , LiB <sub>12</sub>
В		
Na	NaH	
Mg	MgH <sub>2</sub>	MgB <sub>2</sub>
K		
Ca	CaH <sub>2</sub>	CaB <sub>6</sub>

ER OF



Sandia

National

Laboratories<sup>1S</sup>

- Statistically based mixing rules of precursor powders determine initial condition
- Survey hydrogen content, transition temperatures and heat fluxes with RTP
- Secondary analysis on promising combinations





#### 15 Isolated And Fully Multiplexed Sample Wells

multiple micro-hotplates for combinatorial synthesis and characterization





internal flow paths, hotplates, and circuitry mounted on Cuclad PTFE board



First generation high pressure vessel design complete

- 15 sample hotplates, 3 gas detectors
- Achieve sample temperatures of 1200 K and H<sub>2</sub> pressure of 2000 bar
  - Melt or near melt processing from elemental and binary hydride precursors