# 4<sup>th</sup> U.S.-China Energy Efficiency Forum September 25, 2013

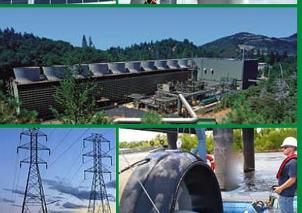
Compiled Presentations from Track 4, Breakout Session 1/Morning

Appliance and Equipment Energy Efficiency Standards

## **US Appliance Standards Program Overview**















Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

John Cymbalsky
Program Manager - Appliance Standards and
Building Codes

## **Appliance Standards: What Does the Program Cover?**

- Over 60 products are covered by DOE's appliance standards program. These are known as "covered products."
- Covered products are responsible for 90% of residential building energy consumption, 60% of commercial building energy consumption, and approximately 29% of industrial energy consumption.
  - In 2009, the Nation's 113 million households and 5.4 million commercial buildings consumed approximately 39.2 quadrillion Btu (quads) of energy annually, about 41 percent of the U.S. total.
  - Residential buildings use 22 percent of the U.S. total and commercial buildings use 19 percent. Industrial equipment and processes comprises 29 percent of the national total.
  - Energy use in buildings costs \$413.3 Billion (\$2009).



## **Appliance Standards: What are the Program Benefits**

The Program is highly effective, achieving high bang-for-the-buck in energy savings.

- Standards to date have saved US consumers \$42 billion in utility bills annually and \$30 billion net of costs to achieve these savings.
- The national energy efficiency standards promulgated to date are expected to save 69 quads of energy by 2020 and 120 quads by 2030.
- The cumulative utility bill savings to consumers of these standards are estimated to be over \$900 billion by 2020 and over \$1.6 trillion through 2030.
- Annual carbon dioxide savings will reach nearly 260 million tons by 2020 and the cumulative savings by 2030 is estimated to be 6.5 billion tons.



#### What Does the Program Do?

- Establishes test procedures for measuring the energy efficiency of covered products.
  - Energy efficiency is often difficult to define, and requires different metrics for different products.
  - Test procedures must be carefully developed, so they can't be gamed.
- Establishes the mandatory standard levels for the energy efficiency of covered products.
  - The standard is defined in terms of the test procedures established by the Program.
  - Manufacturers must test their products using the DOE test procedure, and it must meet the standard level to be sold in the U.S.

- (c) Dishwashers. (1) The Estimated Annual Operating Cost (EAOC) for dishwashers must be rounded to the nearest dollar per year and is defined as follows:
- (i) When cold water (50 °F) is used,
- (A) For dishwashers having a truncated normal cycle as defined in section 1.15 of appendix C to this subpart,

 $EAOC = (D_e \times S) + (D_e \times N \times (M - (E_D/2))).$ 

(B) For dishwashers not having a truncated normal cycle,

 $EAOC = (D_e \times S) + (D_e \times N \times M)$ 

Where,

 $D_{\rm c}$  = the representative average unit cost of electrical energy, in dollars per kilowatt-hour, as provided by the Secretary,

See the Federal Register, August 29, 2003.

Product class	Standard level			
Residential water heaters*				
Gas-fired Storage	For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume at or below 55 gallons:  EF = 0.675 – (0.0015 × Rated Storage Volume in gal-	lons:		
	lons).	gallons).		
Electric Storage	For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume at or below 55 gallons:	For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume above 55 gal- lons:		
	$EF = 0.960 - (0.0003 \times Rated Storage Volume in gallons).$	EF = 2.057 - (0.00113 × Rated Storage Volume in gallons).		
Oil-fired Storage	EF = 0.68 - (0.0019 × Rated Storage Volume in gallons).			
Gas-fired Instantaneous	EF = 0.82 - (0.0019 × Rated Storage Volume in gallons).			

See the Federal Register, April 16, 2010.



## What Does the Program Do?

- Enforces the standards.
  - DOE can order manufacturers to take corrective action if their products do not meet the standard levels.
  - This can include ordering them not to sell the products in the United States and the imposition of civil penalties.

#### BEFORE THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY Washington, D.C. 20585

In the Matter of:	)
Sears, Roebuck & Co. (freezers)	) Case Number: 2011-SE-1418
W. Carlo Microsoft	)

Issued: June 26, 2012

#### NOTICE OF NONCOMPLIANCE DETERMINATION

Manufacturers and private labelers are prohibited from distributing covered products that do not comply with applicable federal energy conservation standards. 10 C.F.R. § 429.102; 42 U.S.C. § 6302.

On September 22, 2011, DOE completed testing of one compact chest freezer, Kenmore-brand model number 255.19702010 ("19702"), privately labeled and distributed in commerce in the U.S. by Sears, Roebuck & Co. ("Sears") and manufactured in China. In December 2011 and January 2012, DOE completed testing of three additional units of 19702. DOE's testing was conducted in accordance with the relevant DOE test procedure (10 C.F.R. Part 430, Subpart B, Appendix B1).

DOE's testing demonstrated that Kenmore-brand chest freezer model number 19702 is not in compliance with federal law. Given the tested units' measured volumes, their respective maximum permissible rates of energy consumption were 261, 262, 263, and 262 kilowatt-hours per year (kWh/yr). Based on their performance during testing, the four units that DOE tested consumed energy at the rates of 374, 413, 388, and 449 kWh/yr, an average of more than 50 percent over the federal limit.

(November 28, 2012)

#### Midea Agrees to Pay \$4.5M for Four Models that Fail to Meet Federal Energy Standards

Midea America Corp., Hefei Hualing Co., Ltd., and China Refrigeration Industry Co., Ltd. ("Midea")—all subsidiaries or affiliates of GD Midea Holding Co., Ltd.—agreed to pay \$4,562,838 after admitting in a compromise agreement that one refrigerator-freezer basic model and three freezer basic models fail to meet the relevant federal energy conservation standards. Specifically, Midea admitted that the DOE-tested units of the offending basic models consumed energy at approximately the following rates:

UL-WD195-D: 55% over the standard UL-WD145-D: 28% over the standard

HS-390C: 8% over the standard HD-146F: 8% over the standard



#### DOE Office of General Counsel Leads Enforcement with BTP Support

#### Certifications to Date

- Close to 2 million products have been certified to DOE since January 1, 2010
- 100-percent of certifications are reviewed by DOE

#### Enforcement Activity

- Approximately 250 open enforcement actions
- Emphasis on testing and standards violations
- Expanding to commercial equipment
- Collected over \$5,400,000 in civil penalties for violations
- Enforcement news: http://energy.gov/gc/enforcement-news

#### Online, Public, Searchable Certification Database

- Launched at end of 2011
- Version 2.0 release upcoming

#### Guidance Database

DOE released a guidance database in September 2011, which houses responses to questions DOE
has received regarding scope of coverage, definitions, test procedures, standards applicability,
certification, and enforcement.



#### What Does the Program Do?

- Working with EPA, leads test procedure development, testing/verification, and MOST FFFICIENT for ENERGY STAR.
  - DOE generally uses the same test procedure for appliance standards and ENERGY STAR.
  - DOE conducts testing in support of the ENERGY STAR program to verify the required efficiency levels.
  - DOE has tested over 400 products since 2010 to ensure that products bearing the ENERGY STAR logo deliver the energy savings consumers expect.
  - ENERGY STAR MOST EFFICIENT targets ~top 5% of market for several home appliances.









#### Department of Energy

Washington, DC 20585

December 9, 2010

Ms. Leslie Jones ENERGY STAR Program U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Room 62023 Washington, DC 20460

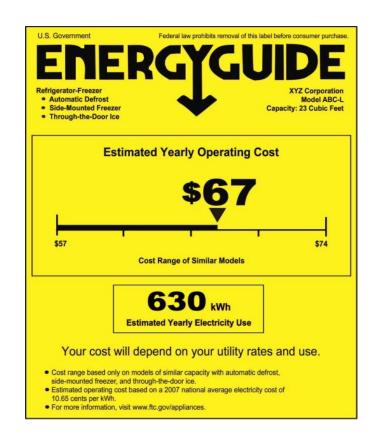
Dear Ms. Jones:

On October 20, 2010, the United States Department of Energy (DOE) notified Electrolux Major Appliance (Electrolux) that DOE had tested the Frigidaire brand chest freezer model FFN09M5HW\* manufactured by Electrolux as part of the ENERGY STAR Testing Pilot Program, and that, according to Stage I testing, this model exceeded allowable ENERGY STAR energy-efficiency requirements by 20 percent. DOE gave Electrolux until November 1, 2010, to request additional testing or have this matter referred to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for disqualification from the ENERGY STAR program.



## What Does the Program Do?

- Working with FTC, DOE creates a methodology to calculate energy-usage values for Energy Guide labels on appliances.
  - Generally the results on the FTC label are based on calculations resulting from DOE test procedures.
  - Manufacturers must file data reports with FTC and must contain the ratings for the appliances. FTC is allowing manufacturers to submit reports to DOE via CCMS.





## **Compliance Dates for Standards Promulgated to Date**

Product	Compliance Date for Original Standard and Updates	Authorizing Legislation
RESIDENTIAL PRODUCTS		
Clothes Washers (Water and Energy)	1988, 1994, 2004/2007, <b>2015/2018</b>	NAECA 1987
Clothes Dryers	1988, 1994, <b>2014</b>	NAECA 1987
Dishwashers (Water and Energy)	1988, 1994, 2010, 2013	NAECA 1987
Refrigerators and Refrigerator-Freezers	1990, 1993, 2001, <mark>2014</mark>	NAECA 1987
Freezers	1990, 1993, 2001, <b>2014</b>	NAECA 1987
Room Air Conditioners	1990, 2000, <b>2014</b>	NAECA 1987
Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps	1992/1993, 2006, <b>2015</b>	NAECA 1987
Water Heaters	1990, 2004, <b>2015</b>	NAECA 1987
Furnaces	1992, 2013	NAECA 1987



## **Compliance Dates for Standards Promulgated to Date**

Product	Compliance Date for Original Standard and Updates	Authorizing Legislation
RESIDENTIAL PRODUCTS		
Boilers	1992, 2012	NAECA 1987
Direct Heating Equipment	1990, 2013	NAECA 1987
Cooking Products	1990, 2012	NAECA 1987
Pool Heaters	1990, 2013	NAECA 1987
Ceiling Fans and Ceiling Fan Light Kits	2007	EPACT 2005
Torchieres	2006	EPACT 2005
Dehumidifiers	2007, 2012	EPACT 2005
External Power Supplies	2008	EISA 2007
Microwave Oven Stand-by Power	2016	EISA 2007



## **Compliance Dates for Standards Promulgated to Date (2)**

Product	Compliance Date for Original Standard and Updates	Authorizing Legislation
COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS		
Electric Motors	1997, 2010	EPACT 1992
Warm Air Furnaces	1994	EPACT 1992
Packaged Boilers	1994	EPACT 1992
Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps	1994/1995, 2003/2004, 2010, 2012, 2012- <b>2014</b>	EPACT 1992
Water Heaters, Hot Water Supply Boilers and	1004 2004	EPACT 1992
Unfired Hot Water Storage Tanks	1994, 2004	
Distribution Transformers	2007, 2010, <b>201</b> 6	EPACT 1992, EPACT 2005



## **Compliance Dates for Standards Promulgated to Date (3)**

Product	Compliance Date for Original Standard and Updates	Authorizing Legislation
COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS		
Refrigerators, Refrigerator-Freezers and Freezers	2010, 2012	EPACT 2005
Automatic Ice Makers	2010	EPACT 2005
Clothes Washers <sup>+</sup>	2007	EPACT 2005
Unit Heaters	2008	EPACT 2005
Refrigerated Beverage Vending Machines	2012	EPACT 2005
Walk-in Coolers and Walk-in Freezers	2009	EISA 2007



## **Compliance Dates for Standards Promulgated to Date (4)**

Product	Compliance Date for Original Standard and Updates	Authorizing Legislation
LIGHTING PRODUCTS		
Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts	1990, 2005/2010, <mark>2014</mark>	NAECA 1988
General Service Fluorescent Lamps and		EPACT 1992, EISA
Incandescent Reflector Lamps	1995, 2008, 2012	2007
Medium Base Compact Fluorescent Lamps	2006	EPACT 2005
Illuminated Exit Signs	2006	EPACT 2005
Traffic Signal Modules and Pedestrian Modules	2006	EPACT 2005
Mercury Vapor Lamp Ballasts	2008	EPACT 2005
Metal Halide Lamp Ballasts and Fixtures	2009	EISA 2007
General Service Incandescent Lamps,		EISA 2007
Intermediate Base Incandescent Lamps and	2012/2014 & 2020	
Candelabra Base Incandescent Lamps		



## **Compliance Dates for Standards Promulgated to Date (5)**

Product	Compliance Date for Authorizi Original Standard and Legislatic Updates	
PLUMBING PRODUCTS (Water Only)		
Faucets	1994	EPACT 1992
Showerheads	1994	EPACT 1992
Water Closets	1994/1997	EPACT 1992
Urinals	1994/1997	EPACT 1992
Pre-rinse Spray Valves	2007	EPACT 2005



## **Standards Under Development**

Standards	Stage
Computers	Framework
Computer Servers	Framework
Portable Air Conditioners	Framework
Commercial Packaged Boilers	Framework
Refrigerated Beverage Vending Machines	Framework
Commercial Compressors	Framework
Residential Boilers	Preliminary Analysis
Packaged Terminal Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps	Preliminary Analysis
Ceiling Fans and Ceiling Fan Light Kits	Preliminary Analysis
Commercial and Industrial Pumps	Preliminary Analysis
Commercial and Industrial Fans and Blowers	Preliminary Analysis
Miscellaneous Residential Refrigeration	Preliminary Analysis
Dehumidifiers	Preliminary Analysis



## **Standards Under Development - Continued**

Standards	Stage
GSFL and Incandescent Reflector Lamps	NOPR
High Intensity Discharge Lamps	NOPR
Furnace Fans	NOPR
Electric Motors	NOPR
Set Top Boxes	NOPR
Automatic Commercial Ice Makers	NOPR
Commercial Clothes Washers	NOPR
Single Package Vertical Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps	NOPR
Residential Water Heaters	NOPR
Commercial Packaged Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps	NOPR
Commercial Warm-Air Furnaces	NOPR
Commercial Water Heaters	NOPR
Battery Chargers and External Power Supplies	Final Rule
Metal Halide Lamp Fixtures	Final Rule
Commercial Refrigeration Equipment	Final Rule
Walk-in Coolers and Freezers	Final Rule



## **Test Procedures Under Development**

Test Procedures	Stage	Test Procedures
Alternative Efficiency Determination Methods	SNOPR	Compact Fluorescent Lamps Direct Heating Equipment and
Set Top Boxes	NOPR	Heaters (Active Mode)
Electric Motors	NOPR	Illuminated Exit Signs
High-Intensity Discharge Lamps	SNOPR	Light Emitting Diodes
Television Sets	SNOPR	Microwave Ovens (Active Mode
Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps	SNOPR	Packaged Terminal Air Conditio
Induction Cooking Products (Active-	NODD	Heat Pumps
Mode)	NOPR	Plumbing Products
Clothes Dryers (Automatic Termination Sensors)	NOPR	Residential Furnaces & Boilers Mode)
Furnace Fans	SNOPR	Traffic Signal Modules and Pede
Residential and Commercial Water	NOPR	Modules
Heaters	NOTIN	Commercial Clothes Washers
Miscellaneous Residential Refrigeration	NOPR	Residential Refrigerators - Ice N
Commercial and Industrial Pumps	NOPR	Dehumidifiers (Active)
Commercial and Industrial Fans and Blowers	NOPR	Luminaires Lighting Systems
Beverage Vending Machines	NOPR	
Ceiling Fans and Ceiling Fan Light Kits	NOPR	

Test Procedures	Stage
Compact Fluorescent Lamps	NOPR
Direct Heating Equipment and Pool Heaters (Active Mode)	NOPR
Illuminated Exit Signs	NOPR
Light Emitting Diodes	SNOPR
Microwave Ovens (Active Mode)	NOPR
Packaged Terminal Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps	NOPR
Plumbing Products	SNOPR
Residential Furnaces & Boilers (Active Mode)	NOPR
Traffic Signal Modules and Pedestrian Modules	NOPR
Commercial Clothes Washers	NOPR
Residential Refrigerators - Ice Making	NOPR
Dehumidifiers (Active)	NOPR
Luminaires Lighting Systems	RFI



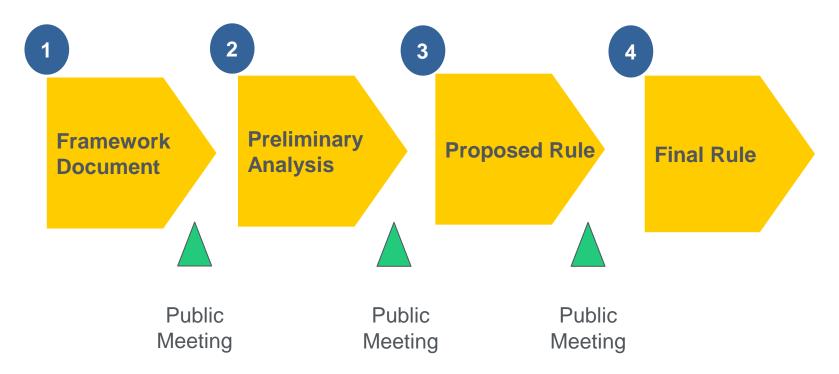
#### **ENERGY STAR Test Methods Under Development & Review**

Test Methods	Stage
Clothes Washer Performance (Rinsing ability/Cleaning ability)	Preliminary
Commercial Heat Pump Water Heaters	Draft 1
Computers	Draft Final
Connected Clothes Washers	Preliminary
Connected Clothes Dryers	Preliminary
Dishwasher Performance (Cleaning ability )	Final
Laboratory Grade Refrigerator/Freezer and Ultra-Low	
Temperature Freezers	Draft 2
Large Network Equipment	Draft 1
Boilers	Draft 2
Set-top Boxes	Draft 2
Commercial Refrigeration Equipment	Draft 2
Telephony	Draft 2
Central Air Conditioning	Preliminary
Clothes Dryers	Draft 2



#### Standards Rulemaking Process – How to Get Involved

DOE energy conservation standards are established by a four-phase rulemaking process which includes three public meetings



Stakeholders are encouraged to submit comments to the rulemaking docket during the comment periods that follow each of the first 3 phases



#### **Certification basics**

- Energy conservation standards regulatory program based on self-certification before distribution
  - Submitted annually
  - Updated to reflect discontinuance
- Manufacturer must submit a certification report
  - Report states that covered product/equipment was manufactured in compliance with the federal standards
  - Private labelers need not certify
  - Importers are "manufacturers"
- Representation of efficiency must be based upon either:
  - testing, or
  - estimations from a defensible mathematical model
    - This is only allowed for limited types of products/equipment!
- Certify efficiency based upon "basic model"



#### **Basic Model Explanation**

- Manufacturer decides scope of basic model
  - May contain multiple individual models
  - May be made up of only one individual model
  - Only have to test basic model not each individual model
- All individual models must be from same manufacturer.
  - May be distributed under different brand names
  - Must certify all brand names!
- Can only include individual models that have:
  - same primary energy source, and
  - essentially identical electrical, physical, and functional characteristics that affect
    - energy consumption,
    - energy efficiency,
    - water consumption, or
    - water efficiency

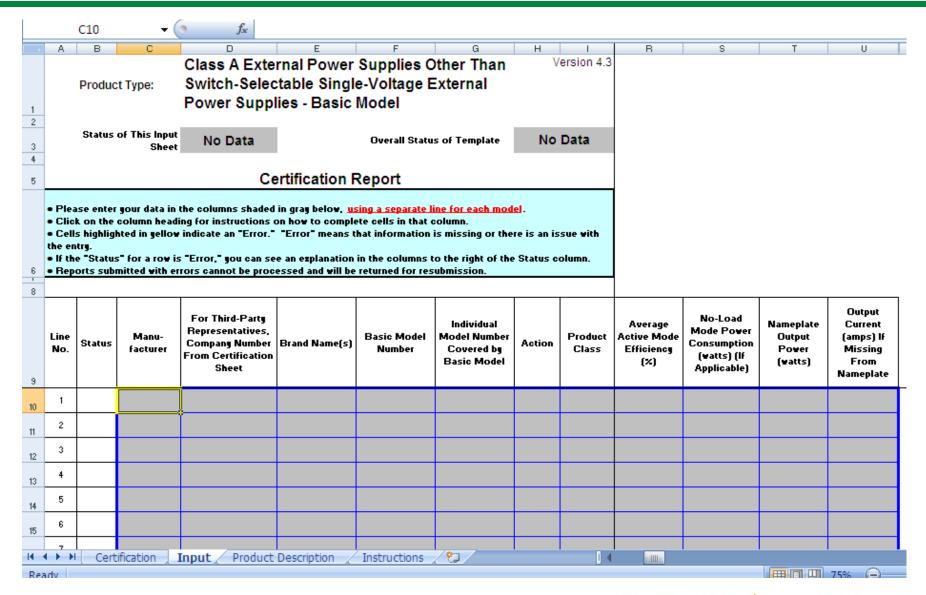


#### **Certification Submission**

- Requirements explained in 10 C.F.R. § 429.12
  - product or equipment type
  - product or equipment class
  - manufacturer's name and address;
  - private labeler's name(s) and address (if applicable);
  - brand name, if applicable;
  - basic model number and individual model numbers
  - whether new, discontinued model, or some other update
  - test sample size
  - importer identification numbers, if applicable;
  - whether certification based upon waiver of test procedure
  - whether certification is based upon exception relief from OHA
  - whether certification is based upon the use of ARM
  - product specific information listed in §§ 429.14 through 429.54



#### **Certification Submission**





# **Energy-Saving Certification System**in China

# 中国节能认证制度

HAO Xin/郝 欣

CNCA / Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China



4th EEFORUM, 2013.9.25, Washington



# Outline / 提纲

**Certification & Sustainable Development** 

节能认证与社会可持续发展

**Energy-saving products certification** 

节能产品认证

Low-carbon products certification

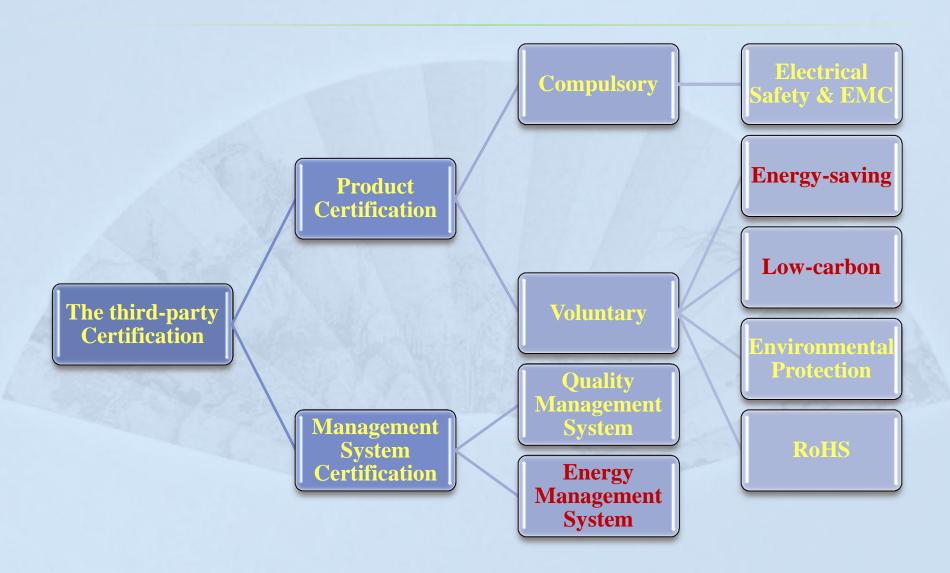
低碳产品认证

**Energy Management System Certification** 

能源管理体系认证

**Developments** 发展动态

- \* 认证工作在中国已发展20余年,在涉及安全、资源节约、环境保护等领域,逐步发挥着不可替代的作用。
- \* The third-party certification system has developed more than 20 years in China.
- \* Related to electrical safety, resource conservation, environmental protection and other fields.
- \* It is gradually playing an irreplaceable role.



规范市场、提升质量

Regulate the market Improve the quality

引导消费

Guide consumption

Certification in China

促进技术进步

Promote technological progress

增加市场竞争力

Increase market competitiveness

A prerequisite for supporting policies, measures in building the sustainable development society.

可持续发展社会建设配套政策/措施实施的重要前提条件之一

"Energy Star" certification in U.S.. A prerequisite for the federal government purchases regulated by law.

《政府采购法》、总统令等都明确要求联邦政府采购的耗能产品必须是"能源之星"认证的产品

"Energy-saving product" certification in China. A prerequisite for the government purchases.

财政部、国家发改委《节能产品政府采购实施意见》:从国家认可的节能产品认证机构认证的节能产品中按类别确定实行政府采购的范围,并以"节能产品政府采购清单"的形式公布。

Paid more attention to energy-saving products certification. Achieved certain results in many aspects.

主管部门高度重视节能产品认证工作,取得了成效。

• CNCA, AQSIQ, NDRC, MIIT...

Took measures to promote energy-saving products certification. 积极推进节能产品认证工作

- Cultivate and standardize the certification market. 认证市场培育和规范
- Technical bodies' capacity building. 技术机构能力建设
- Products and technical specification development. 产品和认证技术规范 开发
- Certification results acceptable and recognition. 认证结果采信

"The guide opinions on strengthening the resource-saving products certification" 《关于加强资源节约产品认证工作的意见》

2007

CNCA, NDRC, AQSIQ

Official Document



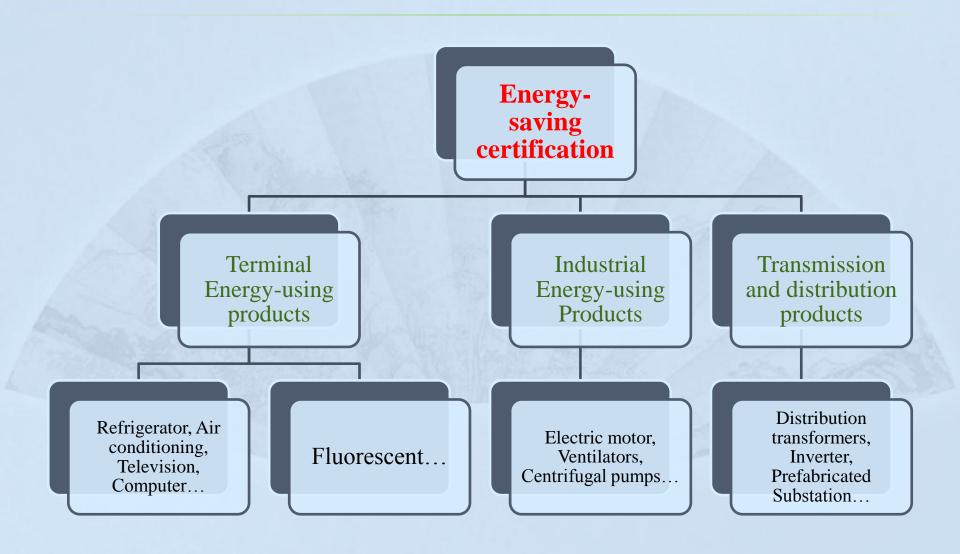
"Management approach on energy-saving products certification" 《节能产品认证管理办法》

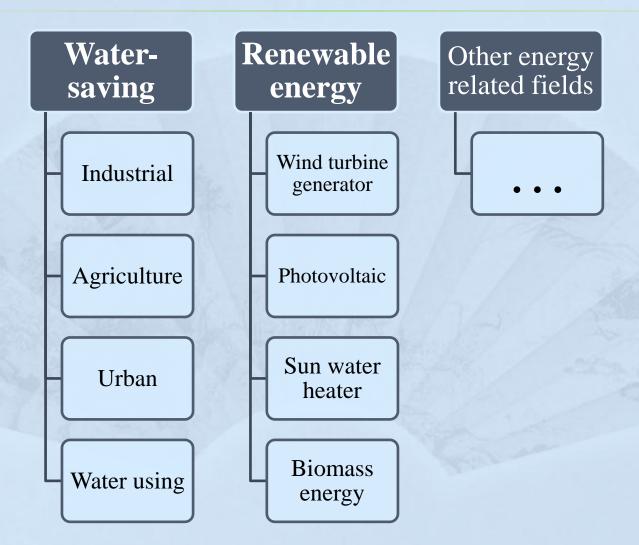
To be released

AQSIQ, NDRC, CNCA

Administrative Regulations







- \* By the end of June 2013, four major energy-saving product certification bodies accumulated issued 45620 certificates which involved 79 kinds of energy-saving products. In 2013, the total of new certificates is 5205, and the total of current valid certificates is 20299.
- \* 截止2013年6月底,4家主要节能产品认证机构共对79种产品颁发节能产品认证证书45620张,其中2013年新增证书5205张,目前有效证书20299张。

# **Energy-saving products certification**

- \* First half of 2013, 52 kinds of products (68826 types), 459 manufactures listed in the 14th Government Purchases List for the energy-saving products.
- \* 25 kinds of products (57635 types) are government-mandated procurement.
- \* 2013年上半年完成的第14期《节能产品政府采购清单》共 覆盖26个品目、52种产品类别,清单中涉及459家企业、 68826个产品型号/系列;其中政府强制采购的节能产品覆 盖10个品目、25种产品类别,共涉及318家企业、57635个 产品型号/系列。

# **Energy-saving products certification**

- \* Continued to carry out energy-saving products certification quantified. Estimates showed that since 2008, energy certification of products accumulated saving/replacing 318.6 Billon kWh electricity, equivalent to 113.435 million tons of standard coal.
- \* 持续开展节能产品认证指标量化工作,将发证量较大、 计算方法成熟的近30种节能认证重点产品纳入指标量 化体系进行测算。测算结果显示,自2008年以来,获 得节能认证的产品累计节约/替代318640.51百万度电, 相当于11343.50万吨标准煤。

# **Energy-saving products certification**

Capacity of technical institution has steadily improved, some well-known certification brand gradually formed.

技术机构能力稳步提升,形成了一些知名的认证品牌

High attention to the certification standard system construction, and put much effort to the technical specification management.

高度重视认证用标准体系建设,加大技术规范管理力度

Good social and economic benefit.

产生了良好的社会、经济效益

# Low-carbon products certification

- \* Reduce carbon emissions, guide low-carbon production and consumption
- \* 降低碳排放,引导低碳生产和消费的有力手段。
- \* February 2013, NDRC & CNCA, "Interim Measures on Management of low-carbon products certification."
- \* 2013年2月,国家发展改革委和国家认监委联合印发《低碳产品认证管理暂行办法》
- \* Low-carbon authentication technology committee: responsible for product certification catalog, certification standards and specifications, implementation rules, requirement for certification body and personnel.
- \* 组建低碳认证技术委员会,研究制定国家低碳产品认证的产品目录、认证技术规范和认证实施规则,研究制定低碳产品认证实施机构和人员的资质准入条件。

# Low-carbon products certification

Announcement about the scope of certification.

2013年8月14日,《国家认监委关于发布<低碳产品认证目录(第一批)>的公告》(2013年第21号公告)。

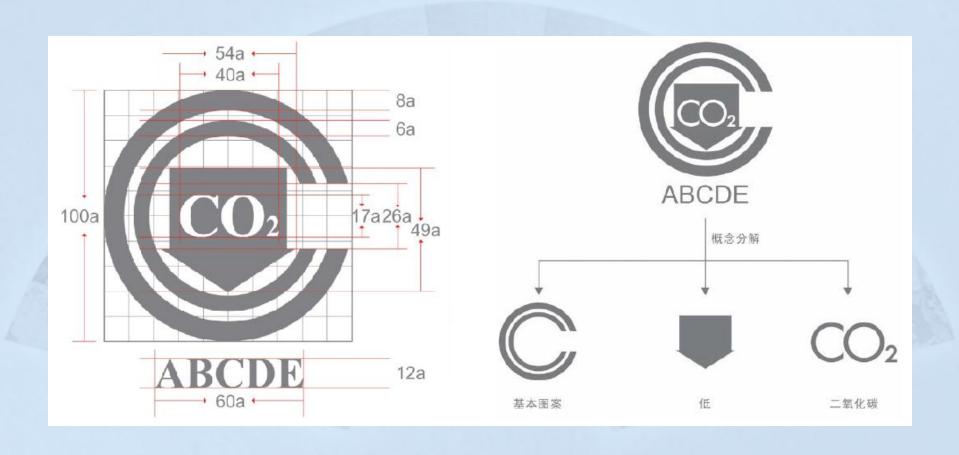
- Common Portland Cement 通用硅酸盐水泥
- Plate glass 平板玻璃
- Aluminum Profiles 铝合金建筑型材
- Small three-phase asynchronous motor 中小型三相异步电动机

Announcement about the approval requirements for low-carbon products certification bodies

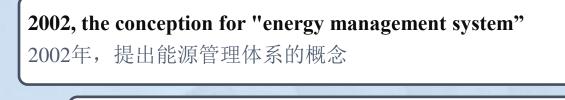
2013年8月30日,《国家认监委关于开展低碳产品认证机构审批有关事项的公告》 (2013年第21号公告),

- Scope of Certification 认证范围
- Certification standards 认证依据
- Requirement for certification body 认证机构条件
- Approval procedures 审批程序

# Low-carbon products certification



## **Energy Management System Certification**



#### 2009.10, certification test run

2009年10月,能源管理体系认证试点

#### 2011.06, ISO50001 released

2011年6月, ISO50001《能源管理体系 要求与实施指南》

#### 2012.12, IDT GB/T23331-2012

2012年12月, GB/T23331-2012《能源管理体系要求》

#### 2013.10.01, formally implemented

2013年10月1日,正式实施......

## **Energy Management System Certification**

#### Energy Management System Certification - Test Run

37 certification bodies are involved in.

37家机构参与了能源管理体系认证试点工作

Issued 209 certificates by the end of June 2013.

截止2013年6月,共颁 发认证证书209张, 75%的获证组织是列入 发改委万家企业名单的 重点用能单位。 Issued Document joint with NDRC, accept the results of certification in certain area.

2012年11月,与发改委共同发布《关于加强万家企业能源管理体系建设工作的通知》,对认证结果予以采信

## **Energy Management System Certification**

# Institutional arrangements for the formal implementation

制度正式实施相关安排

- Management: CNCA/CNAS/CCAA 分工管理
- Approval of certification bodies 认证机构审批
- Professional division 专业划分
- The frequency of inspection 监督频次

# **Developments**

Release "energysaving product certification management measures" 发布《节能产 品认证管理办 決》

- Organization and management (the responsibilities of various stakeholders, the system model, and institutional management)
- Establishment and implementation of certification
- Certificates and mark
- Results acceptance
- Supervision
- Punishment...

# **Developments**

- \* Expend the scope of energy-saving products certification rely on energy efficiency standards for energy-using products.
- \* 依靠用能产品能效标准,扩大节能产品认证目录。
- \* To strengthen coordination with NDRC, NEA, MWR, etc., issue the unified products certification catalogue, certification rules, and the certification mark.
- \* 加强与国家发改委、国家能源局、水利部等部门的协调,联合发布国家统一的产品认证目录、认证规则、认证标志等。

# Thanks!

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#### The Role of Third Party Equipment Certification in Assuring Equipment Energy Efficiency and Regulatory Compliance

Henry Hwong
Senior Vice President, Technical Services and Communications



#### Introduction to AHRI





#### **Introduction to AHRI**

#### > Standards:

- Globally recognized & accredited SDO
- Over 100 standards and growing portfolio!
- Global and regional harmonization efforts

#### **Certification:**

- Certifying performance for over 60 years!
- Voluntarily driven
- 40 programs, 3,000 tests yearly, and growing

#### > Advocacy:

Promote industry interests domestically and globally





Globally Recognized. Industry Respected.





we make life better™

## **A History of Cooperation**

#### > Standards:

- MOU on standard usage
- Translations into Chinese
- US, China, EU regional standards harmonization

#### **Certification:**

- Advocated and supported voluntary, industry driven certification programs in China
- MOU on certification cooperation with CRAA
- Certification agreement with CRAA as AHRI's exclusive agent in China

#### > Advocacy:

- Refrigerant policies
- Trade show registration









#### **What is Performance Certification**

#### > Program that verifies performance of products

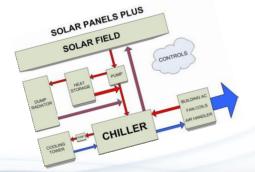
- Capacity
- Power Consumption
- Energy Efficiency
- Pressure Drop
- Purity of refrigerants





#### Product safety or quality are not certified







#### **Elements of a Credible Certification Program**

- Uses ISO 17025 accredited laboratories
- Accreditation to ISO 17065 as CB
- Uses recognized industry test standards
- > Stringent qualification process
- Certify all
- > Extensive and continuous testing
- Penalty for rerates
- Challenge tests
- > Open to all manufacturers
- Random selection
- Industry directed and respected
- Globally recognized



Globally Recognized. Industry Respected.



#### **AHRI Directory of Certified Product Performance**

- Provides certified performance ratings for 40 product categories
- Real-time data
- Quick search functions
- Sophisticated up front data validation
- Identifies tax credit/rebate eligibility
- Meets FTC labeling requirements
- Source of Data for all federal, state, and some global entities
- On-demand printout of certificates



www.ahridirectory.org



#### **AHRI Certificate of Product Ratings**

- Instantly generated and date stamped
- Printout of all certified ratings
- Identifies product re-rates due to certification test failures
- Identifies manufacturer and all associated brand names
- Unique reference and certificate number
- Authoritative proof of certification!





#### **One Stop Shopping for Regulatory Compliance**

- **DOE**
- **≻**Energy Star
- **→** California Energy Commission
- **➤ Natural Resources of Canada**
- **▶** Consortium of Energy Efficiency
- >Tax credit eligibility
- >State demand side rebate eligibility
- >LEED credit eligibility
- >FTC labeling
- > Specified around the world







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#### **AHRI Certification Meets Industry Needs!**

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# When it comes to Assuring Equipment Performance ... AHRI Certification is the First Best Practice!

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