









DOE Energy Storage Systems Research Program Annual Peer Review

November 2-3 Washington, DC

Flywheel-based Frequency Regulation Demonstration Projects for CEC, NYSERDA, & DOE

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- System Response Time
- Slam Test
- Typical Daily Response to Signals
- Daily Performance Summary
- Monthly Performance Summary
- Reactive Power Response
- Summary of Test Results
- Status vs. Objectives

Flywheel Product Development Status

Other Applications for Flywheel Technology

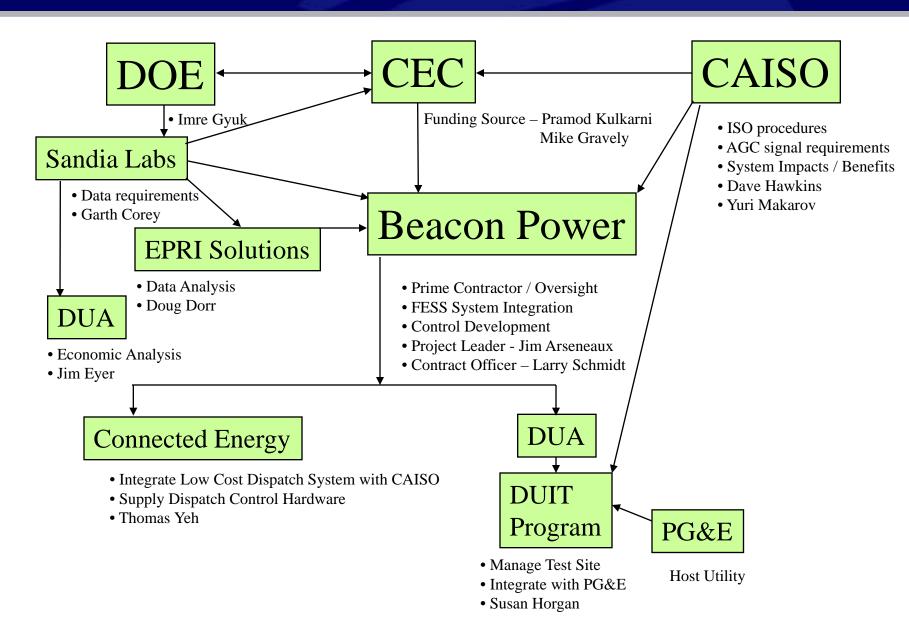
Objectives of Demonstration Projects Bea

Beacon POWER

- Proof of concept on ~1/10th power scale
- Show ability to follow fast-changing frequency regulation signals
- Demonstrate anti-islanding
- Validate interconnection capability
 (NYSERDA on end of line CEC at substation)
- Demonstrate performance and economic value
- Develop and demonstrate communications with grid operators
- Demonstrate reactive power compensation (NYSERDA only)
- Collect data for product specifications
- Gain industry confidence
- Report results to the industry

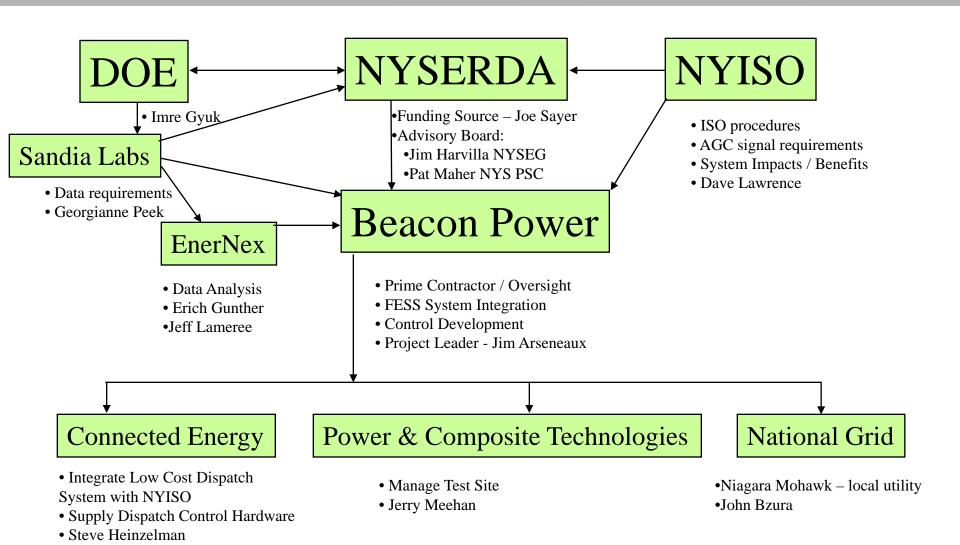
CEC Project Team





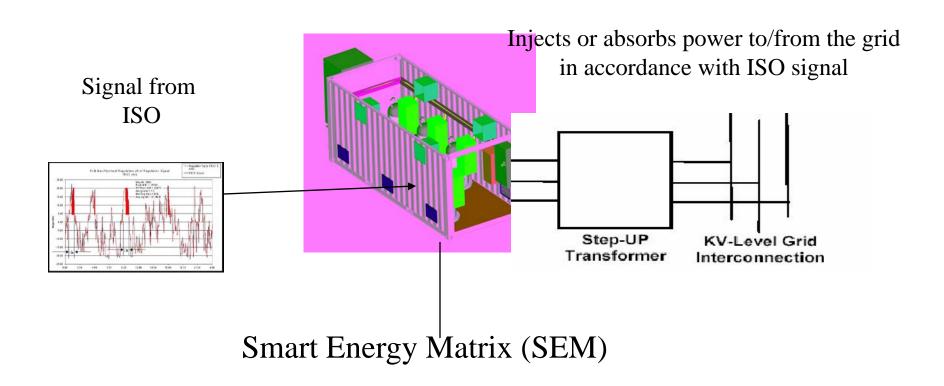
NYSERDA Project Team





System Operation

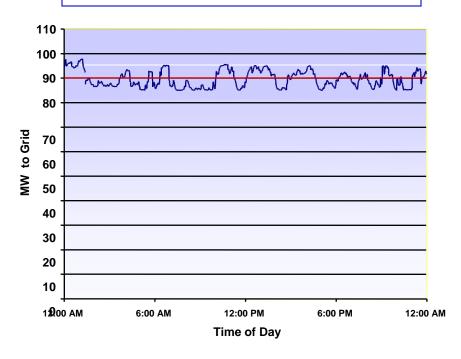




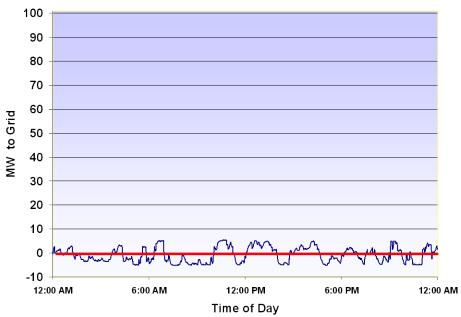
Regulation Using Generator vs. Energy Storage



100 MW Generator Set at 90 MW with 5 MW Regulation



Energy Storage providing 5 MW of Regulation



- Generator varies output
 - Decreases efficiency
 - Increases emissions

- Flywheel recycles energy
 - High round trip efficiency
 - Zero emissions

Outside View of System





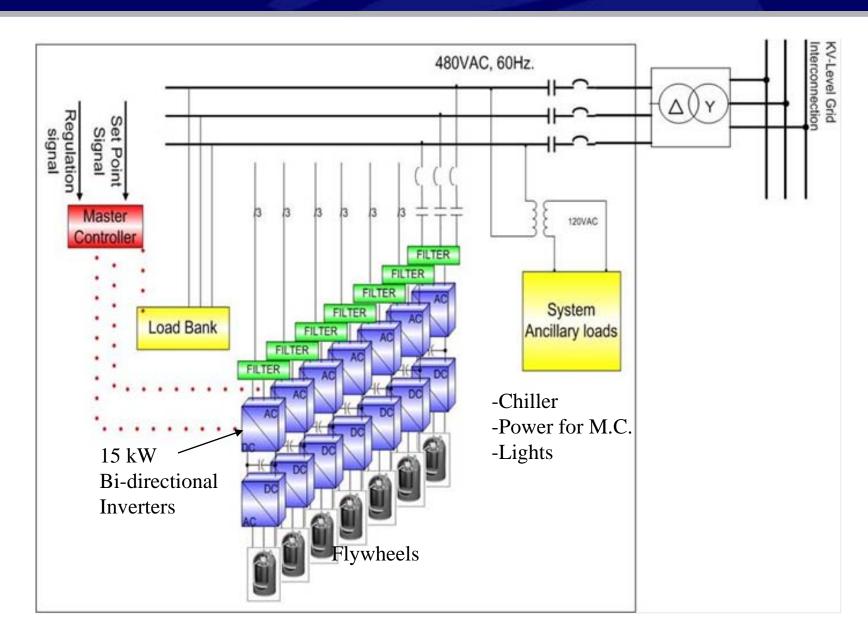
Inside View of System



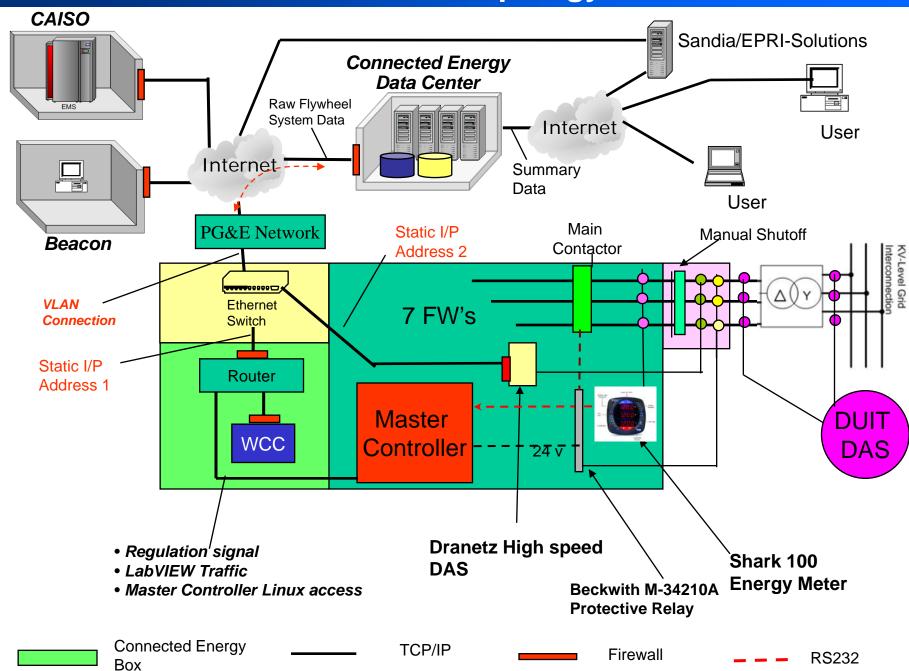


Demo Schematic



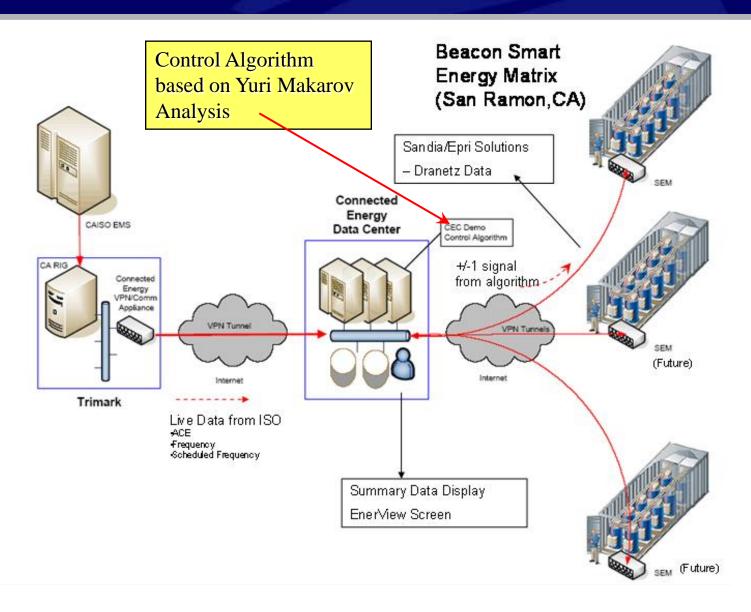


Data Communication Topology



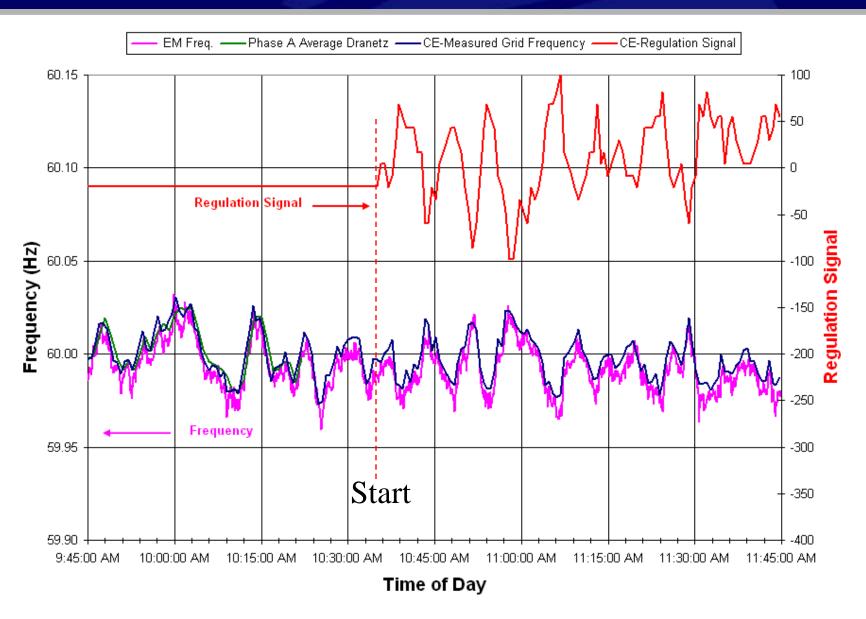
Control Signal Schematic (CEC)





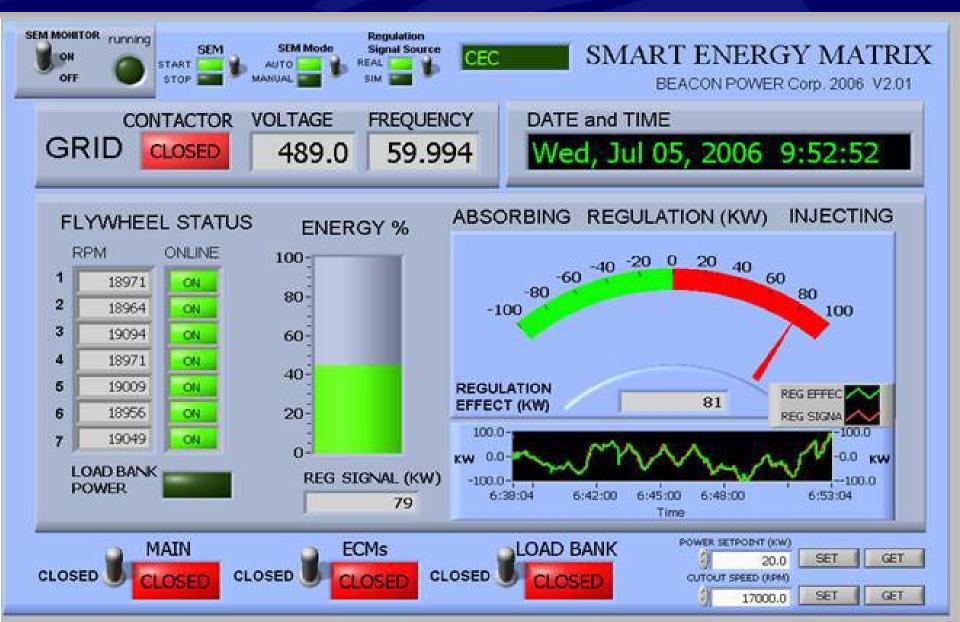
Regulation Signal Generated from Frequency (NYSERDA)





System Graphic User Interface





Flywheel Graphical User Interface



Remote Monitoring and Control of Flywheel and System Parameters



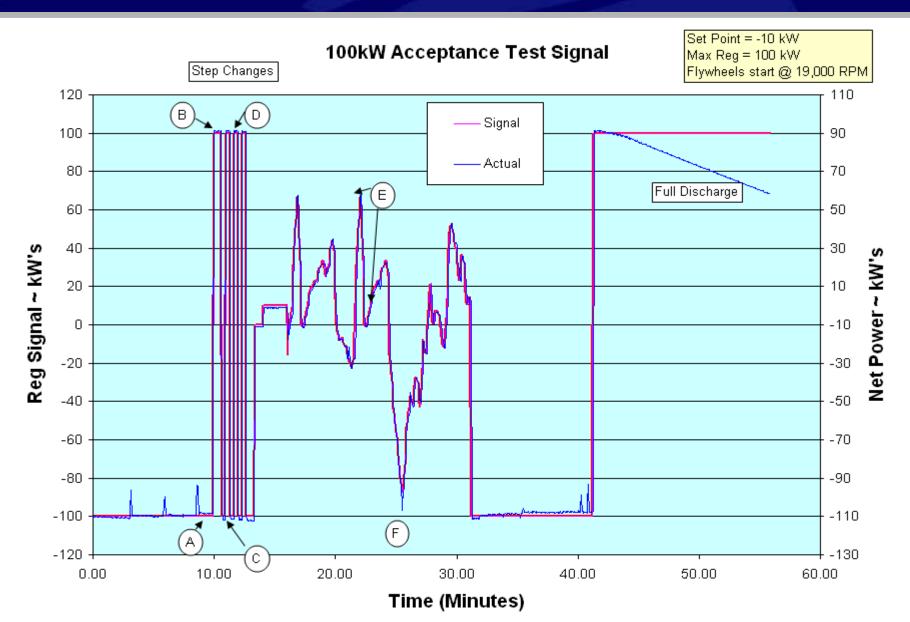
Test Results



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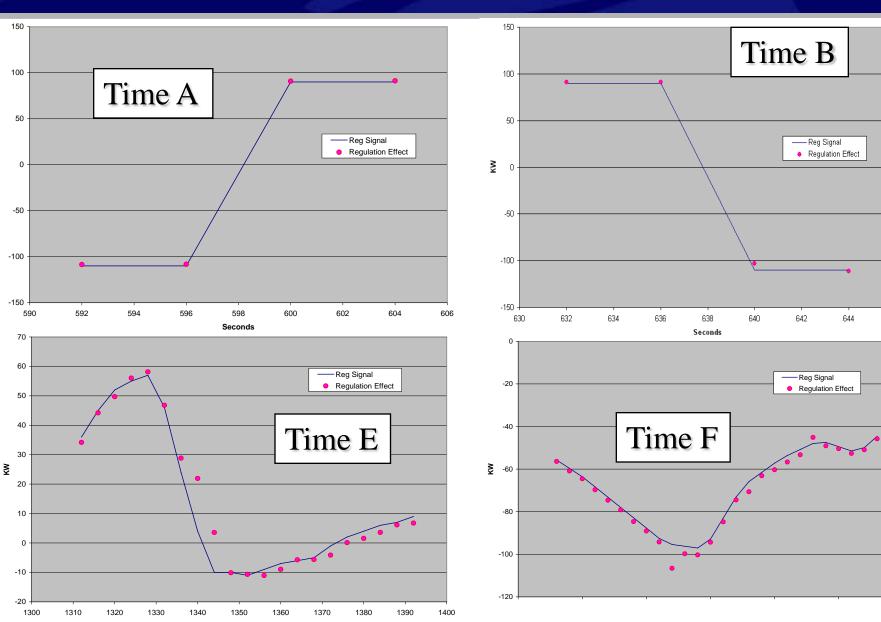
Acceptance Test Data





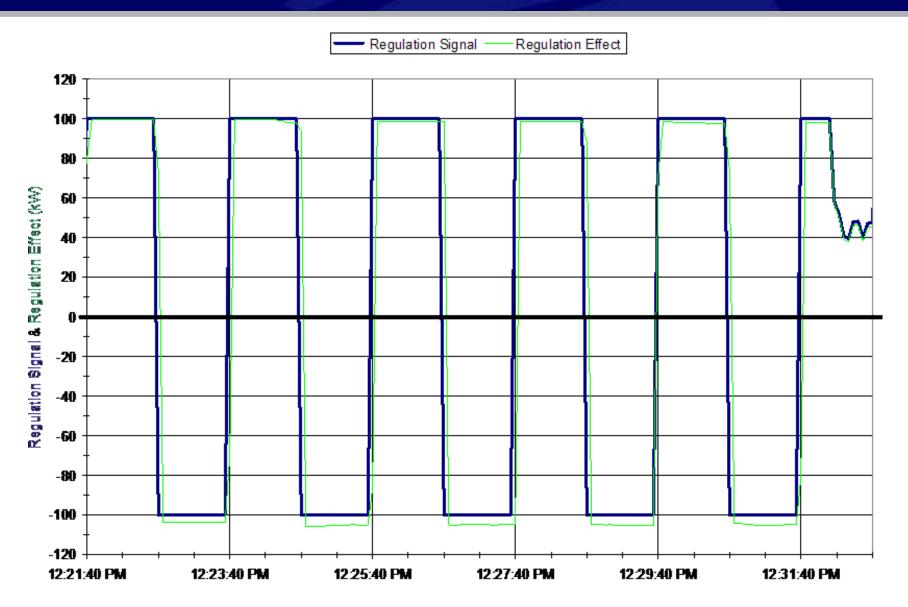
System Response Time





Results – Slam Test

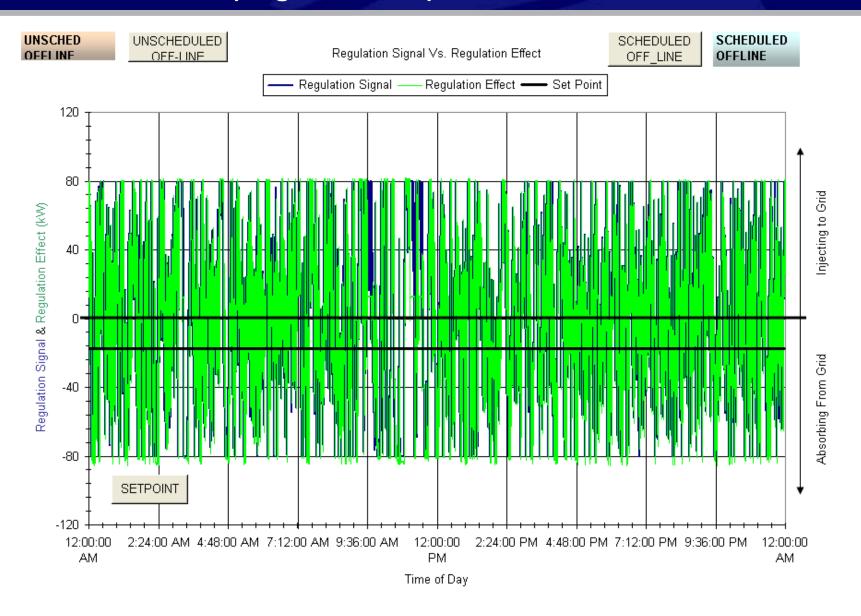




Typical CEC Response

Beacon POWER.

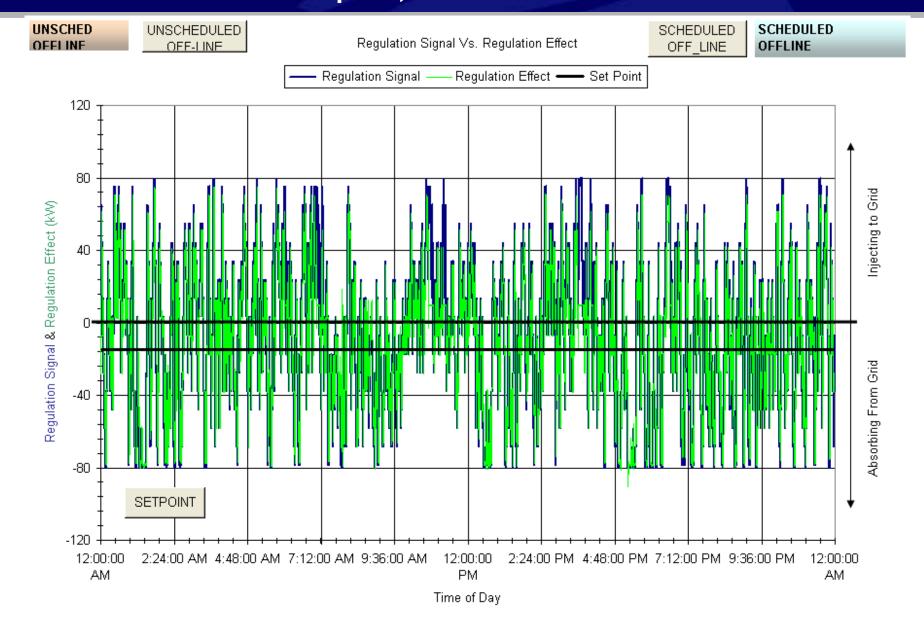
(August 2, 2006)



Typical NYSERDA Response

Beacon POWER

Sept 28, 2006



Monthly Performance Summary



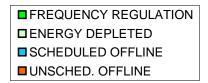
Date: August, 2006

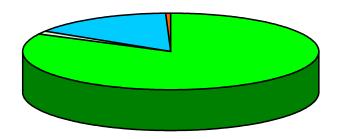
(CEC - Aug 2006)

CEC Run Data Monthly Summary Sheet

Beacon Power Proprietary Information

| | £. | Percent | Hours |
|---------------|--|---------|-------|
| | FREQUENCY REGULATION | 86% | 20.5 |
| DAILY SUMMARY | ENERGY DEPLETED | 1% | 0.3 |
| | SCHEDULED OFFLINE | 12% | 2.9 |
| | UNSCHED. OFFLINE | 1% | 0.2 |
| | Total | 100% | 24.0 |
| | Availability = Freq Reg / 24 Hrs minus | | |
| ON-LINE | Scheduled Offline Hrs | 97.6% | |
| PERFORMANCE | Deviation Excluding Depleted Time | 2.2% | |
| | Deviation Including Deplete Time | 3.1% | |





Monthly Performance Details

Beacon POWER

(CEC - Sept 2006)

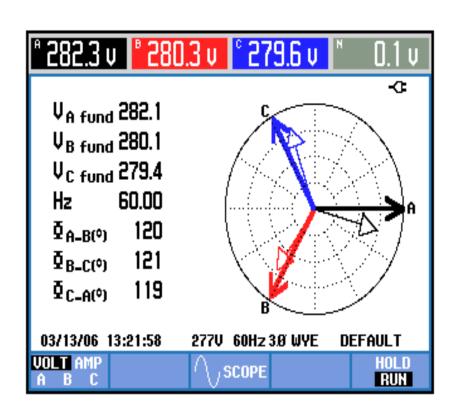
| September, 2006 SEM Performance Summary | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------|-------|--------------|----|----------|------------------------|-------------|---|
| Date | | Energy Depleted | Total Online | offline unsced | offline | | Deviation w/ | | Setpoint | Cutout Speed RPM | Max FW's | Comments |
| 6-Sep | 22.57 | 0.30 | 22.86 | 0.00 | 1.14 | 2.41% | 3.19% | 60 | 17.5 | 17,000 | 7 | Offline time being reviewed |
| 7-Sep | 23.64 | 0.30 | 23.94 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 2.32% | 3.04% | 60 | 17.5 | 17,000 | | |
| 8-Sep | 19.35 | 0.32 | 19.66 | 0.00 | 4.34 | 1.95% | 2.87% | 60 | | | | The regulation signal flatlined for several hours |
| 9-Sep | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 24.00 | | | 0 | 17.5 | 17,000 | | The regulation signal flatlined al day |
| 10-Sep | 12.63 | 0.55 | 13.18 | 0.00 | 10.83 | 1.62% | 4.23% | 80 | 17.5 | 17,000 | 7 | The regulation signal flatlined for several hours |
| 11-Sep | | | 22.63 | 0.61 | 0.76 | 1.74% | 2.30% | | | 17,000 | 7 | |
| 12-Sep | 23.72 | 0.35 | 24.07 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.98% | 2.91% | 80 | 17.5 | 17,000 | 7 | |
| 13-Sep | 23.43 | 0.58 | 24.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.20% | 3.65% | 80 | 17.5 | 17,000 | 7 | |
| 14-Sep | 23.93 | 0.07 | 24.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.98% | 2.91% | 80 | 17.5 | 17,000 | 7 | |
| 15-Sep | 23.37 | 0.64 | 24.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.95% | 3.56% | 80 | 17.5 | 17,000 | | |
| 16-Sep | 23.45 | 0.56 | 24.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.94% | 3.34% | 80 | 17.5 | 17,000 |) 7 | |
| 17-Sep | 23.43 | 0.58 | 24.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.12% | 3.55% | 80 | 17.5 | 17,000 | 7 | |
| 18-Sep | 23.44 | 0.56 | 24.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.43% | 3.88% | 80 | 17.5 | 17,000 | 7 | |
| 19-Sep | 13.91 | 0.76 | 14.67 | 0.00 | 9.33 | 1.99% | 5.10% | 80 | | | | |
| 20-Sep | | 0.68 | 22.52 | 1.48 | | | | 80 | | | | |
| 21-Sep | 22.76 | 0.61 | 23.37 | 0.63 | 0.00 | 3.01% | 4.37% | 60 | 17.5 | | | |
| 22-Sep | | | | | | 3.92% | | | | |) 6 | |
| 23-Sep | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24-Sep | 23.62 | 0.38 | 24.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.96% | 4.86% | 60 | 17.5 | 17,000 |) 6 | |
| 25-Sep | | 0.40 | 24.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | | | | | |
| 26-Sep | 23.63 | 0.37 | 24.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.89% | 4.81% | 60 | | | | |
| 27-Sep | | | | | | | | 60 | | | | |
| 28-Sep | | | | | | | | | | | | The regulation signal flatlined for several hours |
| 29-Sep | | | | | | | | | | 17,000 | | The regulation signal flatlined al day |
| 30-Sep | | | | | | | | | | | | The regulation signal flatlined al day |
| Average for September | 19.80 | 0.37 | 7 20.17 | 0.11 | | | | | | | | |

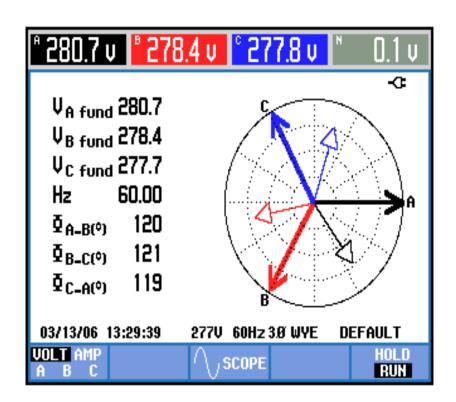
System online 20+ hours per day. Majority (>90%) of offline time is scheduled. Deviation from signal less than 4%.

Reactive Power Response (NYSERDA)



Phasor diagram at 50KW with and without reactive power (inductive)





50KW

50KW charge, 50KVAR, PF= 0.472

Test Results Summary



- CEC system has been operating for over a year with only two scheduled system shutdowns. NYSERDA since February also with two shutdowns.
- Testing successfully characterizing flywheel response to fast-acting regulation signals
- System reliability being validated
 - Startup / quality issues encountered and addressed as they occur
 - Flywheel reliability has been excellent with two minor issues addressed on site
 - Lessons from demo systems being used to improve design and reliability of the full-power system under development for 2007
- No technical barriers to product introduction have been identified
- Final phase should focus on establishing a signal that can be used for fullpower product introduction and identify associated economic value

Performance testing nearing completion. No technical barriers identified. Lessons being incorporated in product design.

Status vs. Objectives



| Objective | Status | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Proof of concept on ~1/10 th power scale | 100kW demonstrated vs. 1 MW (or greater) product | | | | |
| Show ability to follow fast-changing frequency regulation signals | Response time of 4 seconds demonstrated (see data) | | | | |
| Demonstrate anti-islanding | Complete - using standard Beckwith relay | | | | |
| Validate interconnection capability | Connected to grid with no adverse impact | | | | |
| Demonstrate performance and economic value | System performance demonstrated. Economic value analysis being worked with ISOs. | | | | |
| Develop and demonstrate communications with grid operators | All communications systems working | | | | |
| Collect data for product specifications | Data being collected and summarized. Lessons from demo being reflected in the full-power system under development. | | | | |
| Report results - gain industry confidence | Site demonstrations to key stakeholders. Data being distributed. | | | | |

Programs on schedule to meet all objectives

Beacon Flywheel Product Evolution







2001



2006



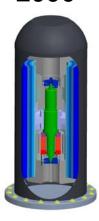












Gen 1 Telecom 2 kWh / 1 kW

Gen 2 Telecom 6 kWh / 2 kW

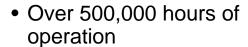
Gen 3 Grid 6 kWh / 15 kW

Gen 4 Grid 25 <u>kWh / 100</u> kW



2007







100kW demonstration unit



1st MW operational in commercial service

Gen 4 - 25kWh/100kW Flywheel Hardware





Rim

Housing



Gen 4 - 25kWh/100kW Flywheel





Related Applications



- Other potential applications being considered for flywheel technology
 - Mitigation of grid angular instability
 - Reactive power injection / absorption
 - Renewable ramp mitigation
 - UPS
 - Peak power
 - Micro-grid power regulation
 - Renewable energy integration