YAVAPAI APACHE NATION BIOMASS FEASIBILITY STUDY



OVERVIEW

YAN Demographics Biomass Study Team YAN Biomass Study Background Project Rationale & Outline **Project Progress** Future Q&A



YAN DEMOGRAPHICS

- YAN Population = 1800 Enrolled Members
- YAN Geography = 650 Acres in 5 Locations
- Projected location of a Biomass Facility
 - Located in Verde Valley of Central Arizona
 - Middle Verde (On reservation)
 - Drake (30 Miles from the Reservation)



YAN BIOMASS STUDY TEAM

- YAN Energy Director

 Tracy Tudor
- YAN Program Consultant Mark Randall
- YAN Utility Consultant Leonard Gold
- YAN Technology Consultant Al Dozier



YAN BIOMASS BACKGROUD

- YAN Energy Program 1999 resource assessment
- YAN has 41 kW of Solar Generation
- YAN is negotiating with local utility for procurement of Reservation electrical utilities
- YAN views Biomass as an opportunity for economic development
- 2001 DOE FEMP Pre-feasibility Study indicated biomass could be economic



Project Rationale

Pyrolytic Steam Reforming Gasification



Gasification vs. Incineration

Gasification	Incineration
> Oxygen free gasification; converts feedstock to Syn Gas and benign ash	> Thermal destruction with direct flame & excess oxygen, Heat & CO2
➤ No air flow (extremely low NOX)	> High air flow (high NOX)
No toxic emissions (no Furans or Dioxins)	> Generates <u>Furans and Dioxins</u>
> 94-98% reduction in volume and weight of carbon in Feedstock	> Maximum 85% to 90% reduction
> Creates high quality Syn Gas (450 to 900 BTU/SCF) that is storable	Heat is only usable form of Energy and can not be stored
> Secondary air pollution control devices rarely required	Secondary air pollution control device <u>always required</u>

Gasifier Technology

- Can process any carbonaceous material
- Supplies its own purified process water
- Produces "Syn-gas"
- BTU Energy can be from 350-900 BTU/SCF
- Process Residue is a benign Ash

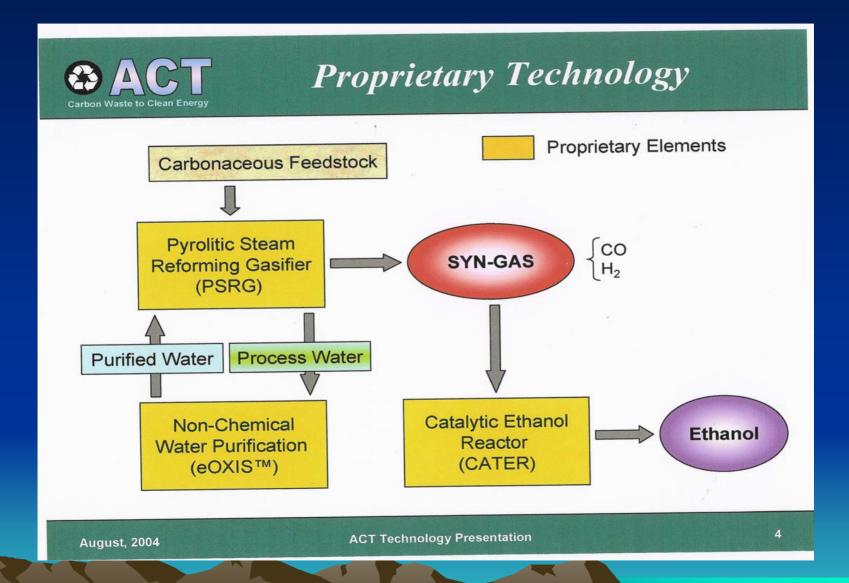


Wide Range of Gasifiable Materials

- Forest Trimmings Wood
- Agricultural Residues
- Animal Manures
- Human Biosolids
- Municipal Solid Wastes
- Carbonaceous Fossil Fuels



Gasifier Process



Denver Test Facility



Pilot Testing Facility



Rice Straw

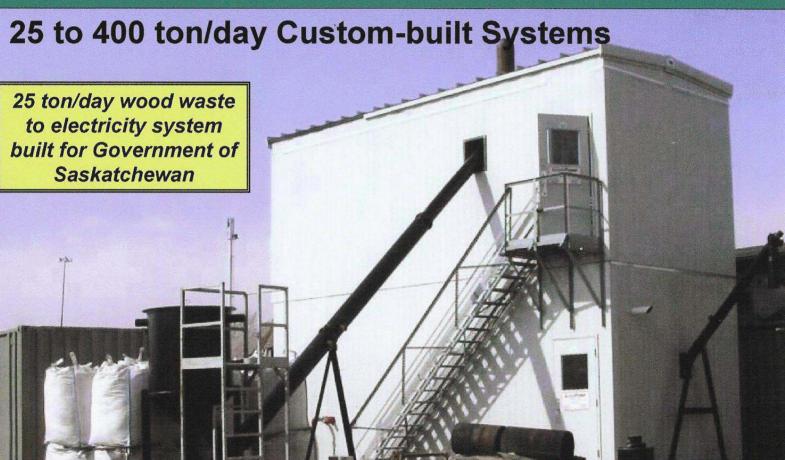




Pilot testing facility allows short-term design testing of feedstock to optimize process design



Production Units



August, 2004

ACT Technology Presentation

16

Project Outline

- Resource Availability Assessment
- Technology Review and Best Fit Analysis
- Preliminary Design and Cost Analysis
- Financing and Incentives
- Utility Interface
- Manpower Availability
- Business Plan
- Tribal Council Approval



BIOMASS STUDY PROGRESS

- Completed Fuel Availability Assessment
 - Forest Material
 - National Forests 3 within 100 mile radius
 - USFS is preparing treatment plans
 - 300 Tons per day needed for economics of scale
 - 2006, Forest material will be available
 - Studying Transportation options
 - Sewage Sludge
 - Completed quantity and energy content study
 - Biofuel Crops
 - Studying suitability



Results to Date

- Human biosolids could provide up to 40%
- Gasifier could be a solution to local biosolids disposal problems
- Forest material availability and processes not yet established.
- Transportation of forest material has marginal economics.
- Relocation of plant improves economics of gas production and diminishes economics of power production
- Local resources such as energy crops and MSW need study

FUTURE

Continue to explore other potential waste-streams





-- Human Waste Sludge



-- Horse/Cattle Manure



-- Local lumber mills





SUMMARY

- Feasibility Study is On-track
- Technology Validation is On-track
- Arizona RPS will be a factor in economics
- Multiple feedstocks will be necessary
- Project has potential to address a variety
 of waste disposal issues for the Verde
 Valley



Questions



