

### **Building Technologies Program**

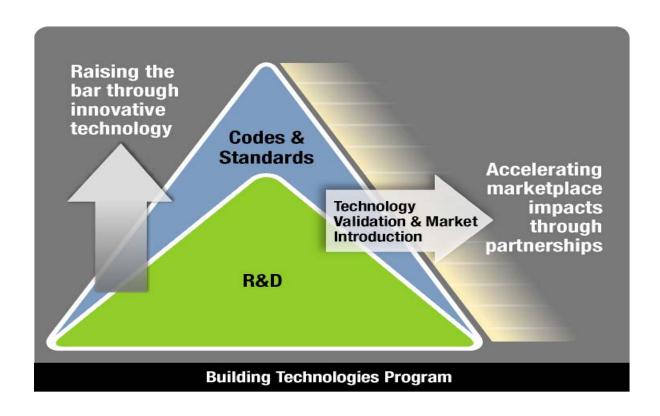
Jerry Dion
Acting Program Manager
Building Technologies Program

State Energy Advisory Board Meeting

October 17, 2007

The Buildings Technologies Program researches and deploys new technologies to make homes and commercial buildings more affordable, energy efficient, and better performing



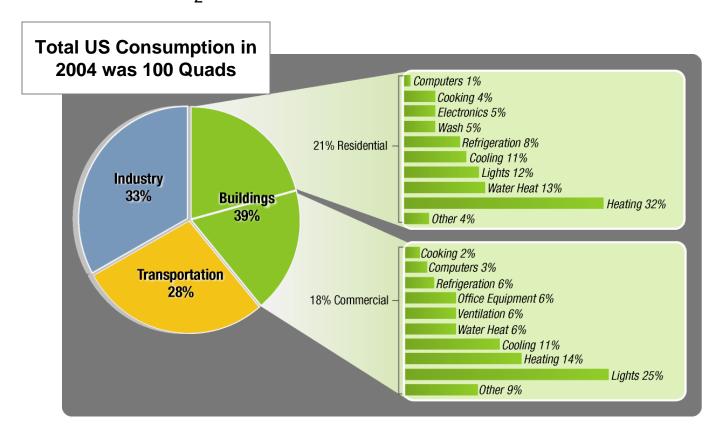


The investment in Buildings R&D yielded an ROI of 15:1 from 1978 to 2000

<sup>&</sup>quot;Energy Research at DOE: Was it Worth It", NRC 2001, Tables 3.1

Buildings sector accounts for 39% of US energy, 71% of electricity, 55% of Natural Gas, and 38% of carbon, 19% of NOx, and 52% of SO<sub>2</sub> emissions.





Building Sector construction and renovation accounts for 9% of GDP and employs 8 million people. Energy utility bills total \$325B each year.

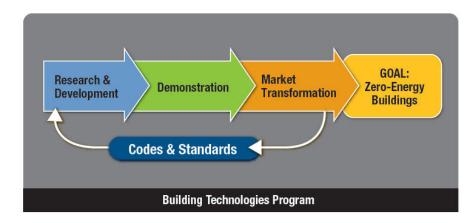
Source: Buildings Energy Data Book, September 2006, Tables 1.1.3, 1.1.6, 3.1.1, 3.3.1, 4.1.5, 5.1.2, 5.3.1

# Buildings Technologies Program employs three complementary strategies to achieve its mission



#### >R&D

- Whole Building Integration
- Component, Equipment, and Materials
- ➤ Appliance Standards
- ➤ Market Transformation
  - Energy Star
  - Building Energy Codes



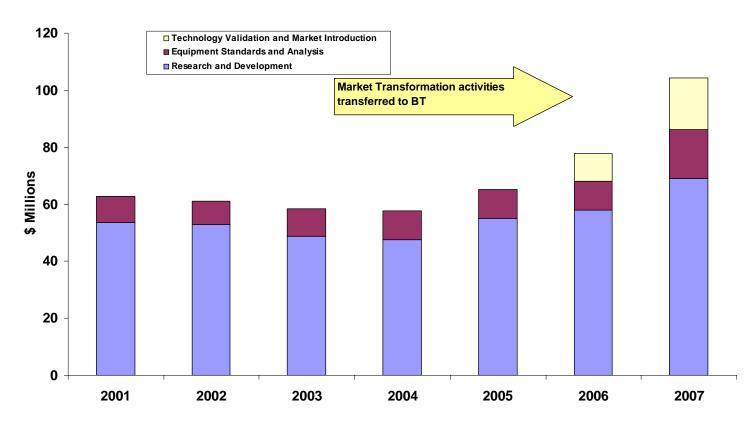
A net-zero energy building is a grid-connected residential or commercial building that, over the course of a year, produces with renewable sources as much energy as it consumes

An integrated and aggressive Buildings Program is required to achieve Zero Energy Homes by 2020, and Commercial Buildings by 2025

Buildings Technologies R&D expenditures over the past 7 years demonstrate a consistent commitment to developing leading edge technologies



#### **Building Technologies R&D Budget**



Building Program continues to evolve to address opportunities, e.g. Solid State Lighting Initiative

Source: U.S. DOE

#### **Building Technologies Program**



#### U.S. Market

- •40% of all energy is consumed by buildings
- •2 million new homes built each year; could be 30% more efficient at no extra cost over the life of the home
- •Green building movement small, but growing

#### **Accomplishments**

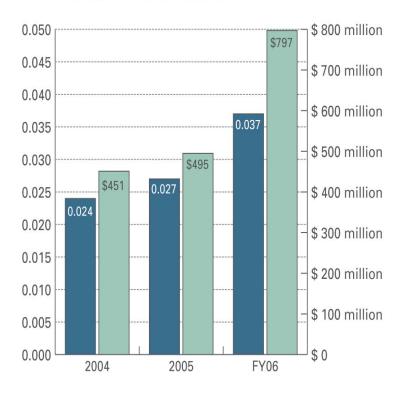
- Pioneered compact fluorescent light bulbs
- •SSL breakthrough: World record for the efficacy of a production, market available Light Emitting Diode Lamp white light (85 lumens/watt)
- •Technologies for new homes to be 30% more efficient in all climate zones
- •Appliance standards savings through 2005: over \$50 Billion; 10 Quads; and nearly 200 million metric tonnes carbon

#### Current Program Activities

- Accelerate Appliance Standards Rulemakings
- Buildings R&D leading to zero-energy buildings
- Solid State Lighting R&D
- •Promote Adoption of Improved Building Codes

#### **Example: Energy Star Annual Savings**

#### **Annual Savings of All DOE Products**

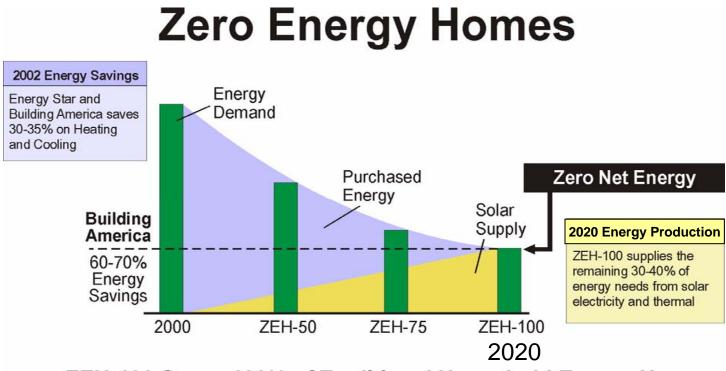




FY2006	FY2007	FY2007	FY2008
Adjusted Approp	Request	CR Appropriation	Request
\$68.2M	\$77.3M	\$104.3M	\$86.5M

## Building America Program is marching towards ZEH for All Americans



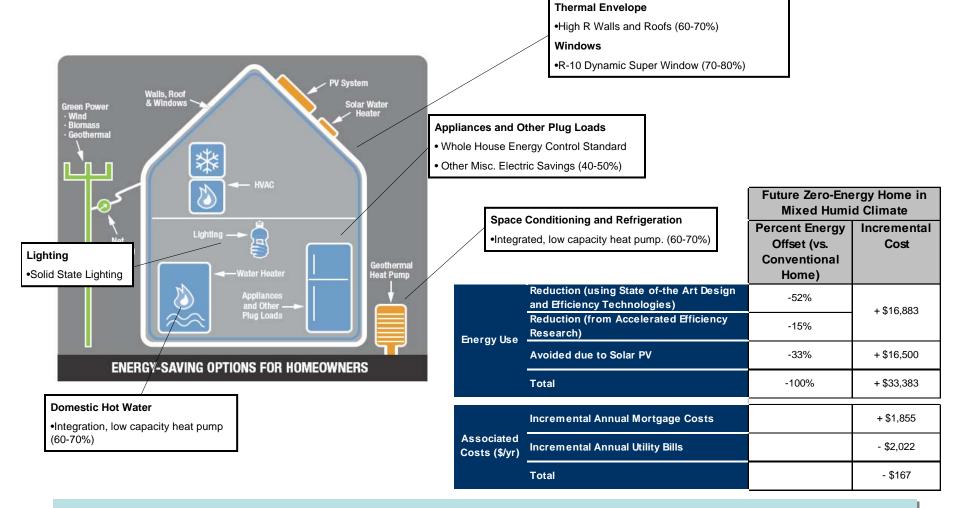


ZEH-100 Saves 100% of Traditional Household Energy Use

Ultimate goal is a Zero Energy Home using cost effective tools, techniques and integrated technologies, systems and designs for buildings that generate and use energy so efficiently that buildings are capable of generating as much energy as they consume.

Building America Program is marching towards ZEH for All Americans

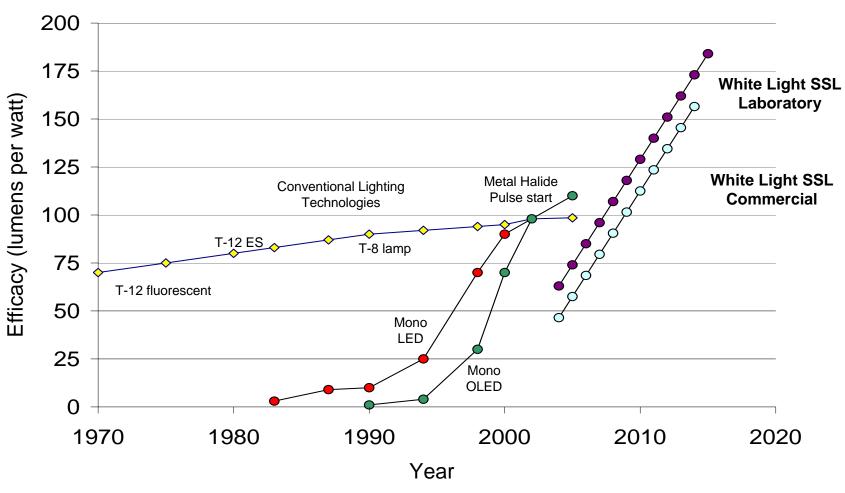




ZEH homes available now at high cost and only some climates. Goal is to make available to all Americans through technology breakthroughs and cost reduction.



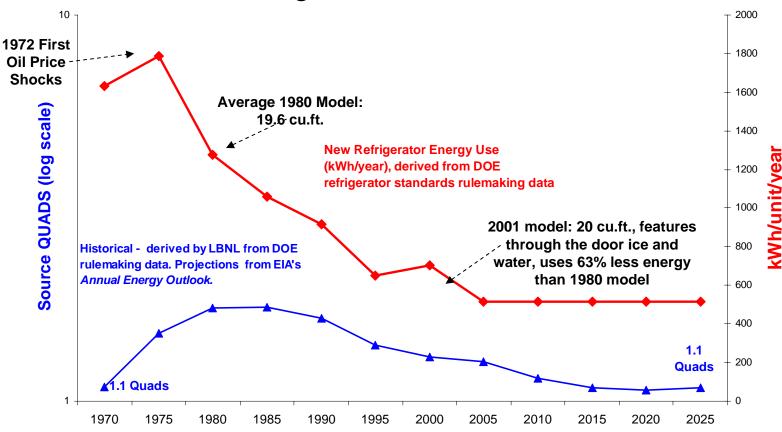
#### **Accelerated R&D for White Light SSL**



SSL Laboratory and Commercial Curves, revised April 2007

## Past Successes have resulted in large and sustained savings





Advanced Refrigeration "...one of the last half-century's more remarkable technological achievements in the energy field: a reduction of more than two-thirds in the average electricity consumption over 25 years, even as average unit sizes increased, performance improved,...DOE was an early and effective leader, ..." ("Energy Research at DOE: Was it Worth It", NRC 2001, page 96)

Market Transformation: Energy Star

Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

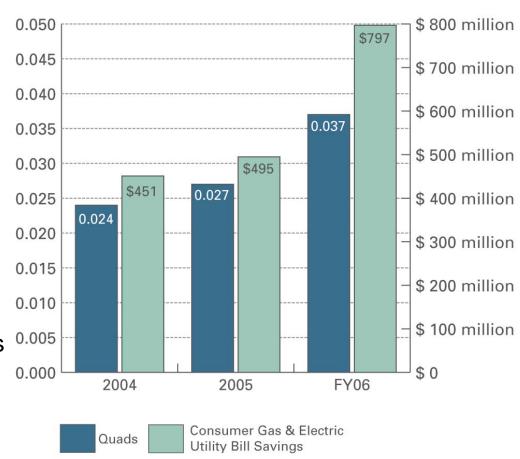
#### **Annual Savings of All DOE Products**

#### **DOE Products**

- Clothes Washers
- Dishwashers
- Refrigerators
- Room A/C
- CFLs
- Windows

#### **Emerging**

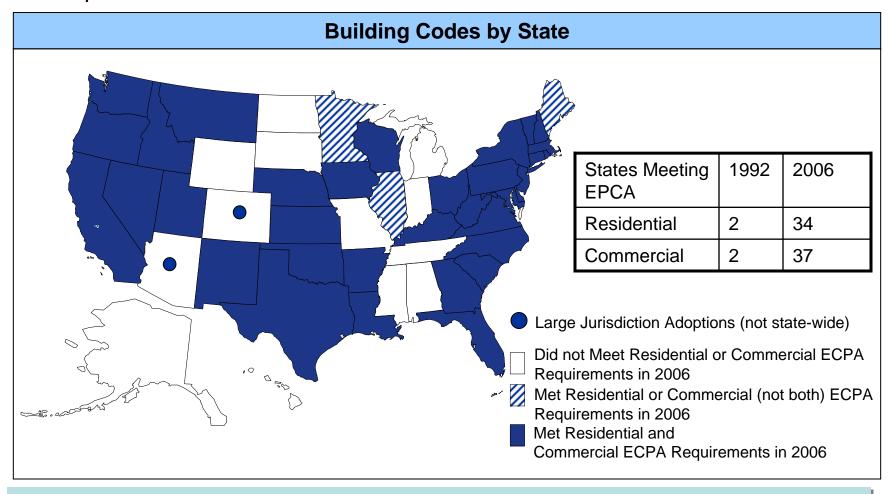
- SSL
- Advanced Tech Water Heaters
- Packaged Terminal A/C



DOE Energy Star beginning to encompass advanced technology... Issued a solid state lighting specification for minimum efficiency

Improved energy codes allow new technologies & better practices. DOE provides technical assistance to states to implement and enforce new codes.





Building Standards evolve as cost and performance of technologies improve over time. Cumulative source energy and avoided carbon savings since 1992 total 0.7 quads and 11 MMTCE, respectively

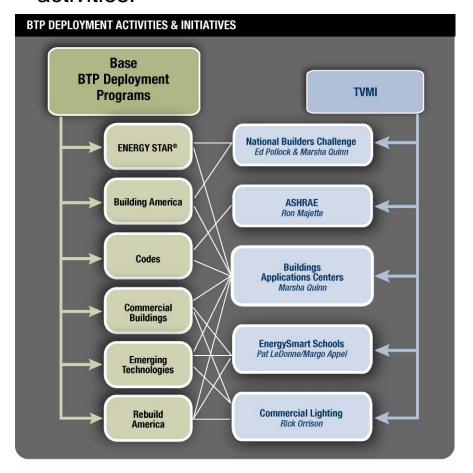


Building Energy Codes is the vehicle to overcome regulatory barriers to new and emerging technologies, broaden use of feasible and cost effective technologies, and provides RD&D off ramp.

- Legislatively mandated to support upgrading of building industry Model Energy Codes:
  - Support incrementally upgrading building industry Model Energy Codes
  - Determine whether upgraded model codes would improve energy efficiency in buildings and publish in *Federal Register*
  - Provide financial and technical assistance to States
  - Develop Federal Building Energy Code (move to FEMP July 2006)



Building Technologies' five new deployment initiatives build upon base activities.



- •National Builders Challenge will construct over 3.7 million homes between 2007 and 2020.
- •ASHRAE will accelerate the adoption of the 30% upgraded codes in 3 years.
- •Buildings Application Centers create a permanent sustainable presence to transfer regionally-focused efficient building protocols and information.
- •Energy Smart Schools builds 700 new schools at 50% better than code, energy savings and improves 2,800 existing schools by 30%.
- •Commercial Lighting improves over 5 billion square feet of office space by 30%.

#### Past standards have addressed significant end-uses. Congress has expanded coverage to other end-uses



## Appliance Standards Developed and Issued by DOE (1987 through 2006)

- ➤ Residential Refrigerators (*twice*)
- >Room Air Conditioners (residential)
- ➤ Residential Central AC & HP
- ➤ Residential Water Heaters
- ➤ Small Furnaces, <45 kBtu/hr (residential)
- ➤ Residential Dishwashers
- ➤ Residential Clothes Washers (*twice*)
- ➤ Residential Clothes Dryers
- ➤ Electric Ranges and Ovens (residential)
- >Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts (commercial)
- >\*Commercial Warm Air Furnaces
- ➤\*Commercial Water-Cooled AC/Water-Source HP
- ➤\*Commercial Water Heaters

Congress put into place a schedule for Appliance Standards Rulemakings in 1987 (12 standards in 19 years)

\* DOE Adopted ASHRAE 90.1 as revised in Oct. 1999.

## Appliance Standards that DOE Must Issue between January 2007 and June 2011

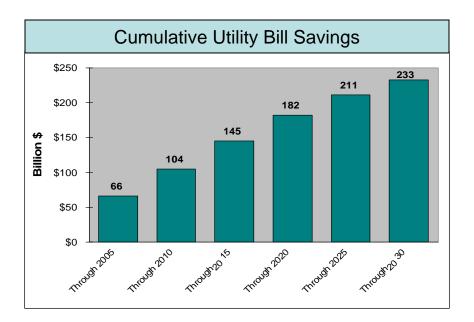
- ➤ Residential Furnaces and Boilers
- ➤ Mobile Home Furnaces
- >Small Furnaces, <45 kBtu/hr (residential)
- ➤ Residential Water Heaters
- ➤ Direct Heating Equipment (residential)
- ➤ Pool Heaters (residential)
- ➤ Distribution Transformers, MV Dry and Liquid-Immersed (commercial)
- ➤ Electric Motors (1-200 HP) (commercial)
- ➤ Small Electric Motors (<1 HP) (commercial)
- ➤Incandescent Reflector Lamps
- ➤ Fluorescent Lamps
- ➤ Incandescent General Service Lamps
- >Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts (commercial)
- ➤ Residential Dishwashers
- ➤ Gas and Electric Ranges and Ovens and Microwave Ovens (residential)
- ➤ Residential Clothes Drvers
- >Room Air Conditioners (residential)
- ➤ Packaged Terminal Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps
- ➤ Residential Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps
- ➤ Ceiling Fan Light Kits (complete)\*\*
- ➤ Residential Dehumidifiers\*\*
- ➤ Commercial Clothes Washers\*\*
- ➤ Beverage Vending Machines (commercial)\*\*
- ➤ Commercial Refrigeration Products\*\*

List does not include products with standards prescribed by EPACT 2005, if DOE does not have to develop subsequent standards. If the August 2008 determination for battery chargers and external power supplies is positive, a final rule will be issued by August 2011. Also, the HID lamp determination is scheduled for June 2010.

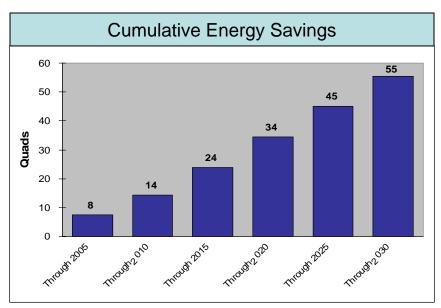
In response to EPACT 2005 and the consent decree, working on 20 new rulemakings, which will add to the above savings

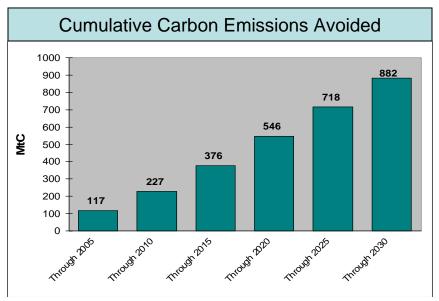
## Appliance Standards already enacted will result in cumulative energy savings of 55 Quads through 2030





"The importance of standards pulling technological innovation in buildings...cannot be exaggerated.
Often DOE research has been used to provide a proper basis for standards (NRC, 2001)







#### Building Technologies has some new activities in FY08:

#### Commercial Buildings

- Initiate a new strategy of large scale public-private partnerships with the retail, office and school building segments
- Engage numerous national building owners in consortia to develop, build, and demonstrate highly efficient prototypical designs that are at least 50 percent more efficient than current designs
- Provide research to fill technology gaps identified with the consortia, help the consortia implement volume purchase agreements for high efficiency technologies, and other activities to drive energy efficiency into these market segments.

#### Residential Buildings

 Transfer of the Solar Heating and Cooling System and Solar Decathlon activities from the Solar Program to BT.



### Backup Slides



	FY 2006 Current Approp	FY 2007 Request	FY 2007 Continuing Resolution	FY 2008 Request	FY 2008 House Mark	FY 2008 Senate Mark
Biomass and Biorefinery Systems R&D	89,776	149,687	199,687	179,263	250,000	244,000
Building Technologies	68,190	77,329	104,329	86,456	146,456	137,000
Federal Energy Management Program	18,974	16,906	19,480	16,791	27,000	23,000
Geothermal Technology	22,762	-	5,000	-	44,258	25,000
Hydrogen Technology	153,451	195,801	193,551	213,000	194,000	228,000
Hydropower	495	-	1	-	22,000	2,000
Industrial Technologies	55,856	45,563	56,563	45,998	57,000	57,000
Solar Energy	81,791	148,372	159,372	148,304	200,000	180,000
Vehicle Technologies	178,351	166,024	188,024	176,138	235,441	230,000
Activities	316,866	225,031	281,731	204,904	314,947	398,575
Wind Energy	38,333	43,819	49,319	40,069	57,500	57,500
Facilities and Infrastructure	26,052	5,935	107,035	6,982	195,699	6,982
Program Support	13,321	10,930	10,930	13,281	18,930	13,481
Program Direction	101,868	91,024	99,264	105,013	110,013	105,013
Use of Prior Year Balances	-3,339	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EERE	1,162,747	1,176,421	1,474,285	1,236,199	1,873,244	1,707,551



Building Technologies	FY 2007 Current Appropriation	FY 2008 Request	FY 2008 House Mark	FY 2008 Senate Mark
Residential Buildings Integration	17,270	19,700	19,700	27,000
Commercial Buildings Integration	8,699	7,000	7,000	17,000
Emerging Technologies	41,840	32,756	52,756	41,000
Technology Validation and Market Introduction	18,249	13,361	43,361	32,000
Equipment Standards and Analysis	16,925	13,639	23,639	20,000
Total, Building Technologies	102,983	86,456	146,456	137,000



#### Highlights:

- Solid State Lighting (\$10,000,000)
- Appliance Standards (\$5,000,000)
- Energy Efficient Reconstruction (\$2,000,000)
- Commercial Zero-Energy buildings (\$3,000,0000)
- Energy Star (\$3,000,000)
- Energy Building Code (\$3,000,000)
- EnergySmart Schools and Hospitals (\$3,000,000)
- Asia Pacific (-\$2,000,000)

#### Progress:

- Solid State Lighting three solicitations totaling \$15,000,000
- Energy Star –DOE hosted an advanced technologies (photovoltaics, small wind, and fuel cells) workshop to initiate dialogue with industry stakeholders (April 26, 2007)
- Energy Building Code- MOU signed with ASHRAE to make codes 30% better than Standard 90.1-2004

#### Major Solicitations in 2007/2008



- Building America Energy Efficient Housing Partnerships
- Energy Efficient Building Technologies Application Centers
- Solid State Lighting Core Research Round 4
- Solid State Lighting Product Development Round 4