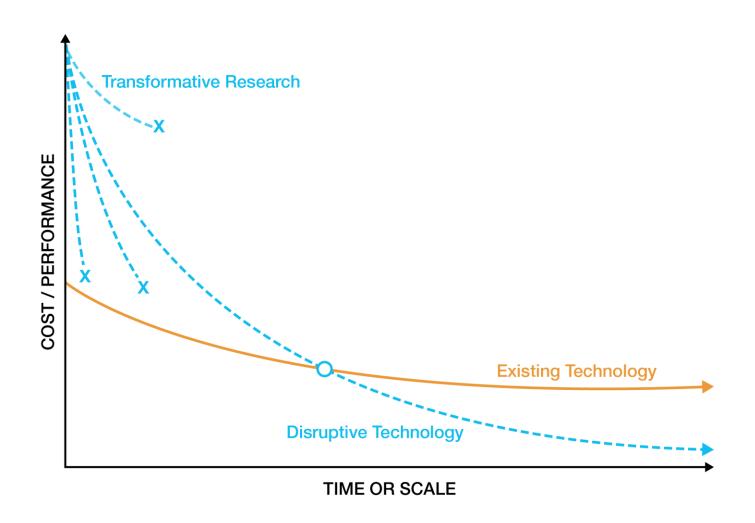


### **Storage Program Overview Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA-E)**

John Lemmon Reid (Rusty) Heffner

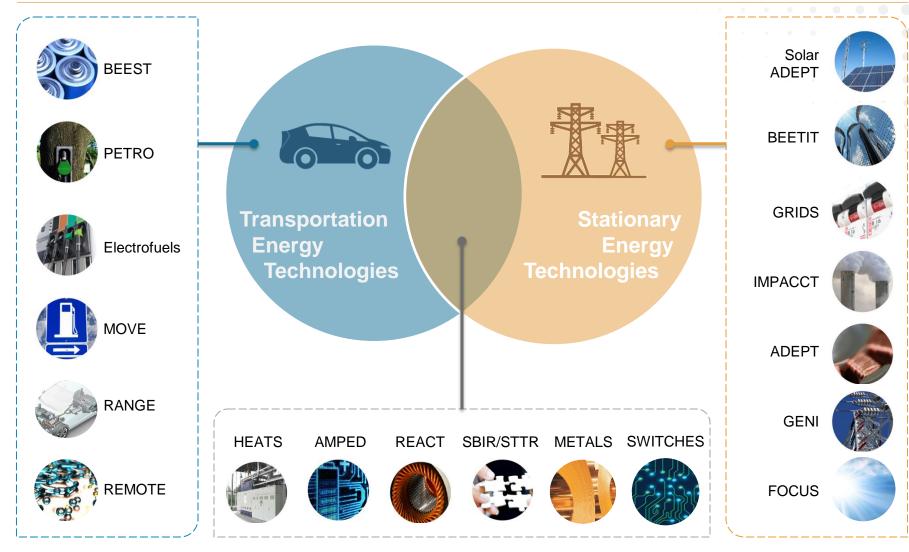
September 17, 2014

## What Makes ARPA-E's Mission Unique: Focus on High-Risk, Transformational Technologies



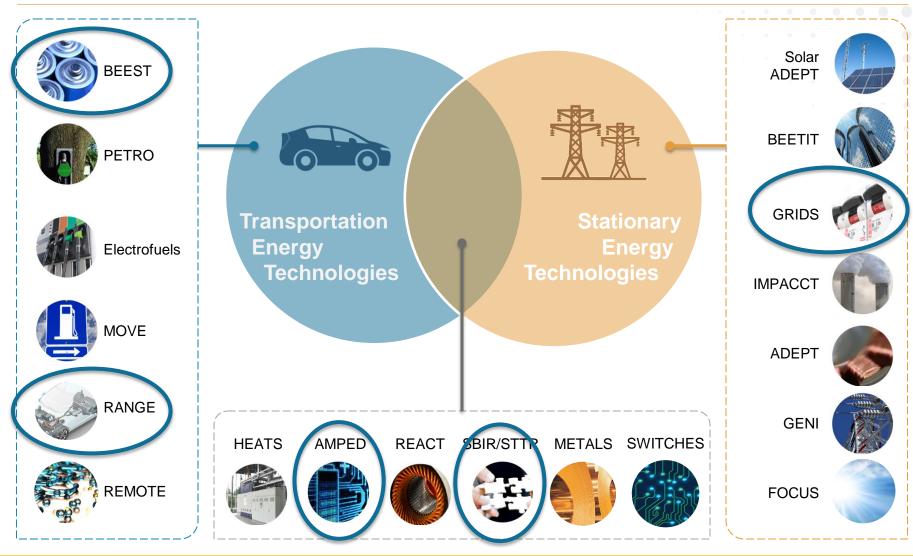


# ARPA-E's Project Portfolio Three-year Programs with Focused Performance Targets





## ARPA-E's Storage Portfolio Projects are Across 5 Programs, Plus 2 Open Solicitations



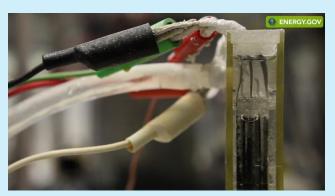


## ARPA-E's Storage Portfolio Has Grown Rapidly >\$200M of Funding for Storage Technology Since 2009

PROGRAM	TECHNOLOGY AREA	FUNDING (\$M)	# PROJECTS
OPEN 2009	Transportation & Stationary: Metal Air; Flow cells, capacitors, solid state	36	7
BEEST	Transportation: High Energy Density	32	10
GRIDS	Stationary: Flow cells, conventional cells, SMES, reversible fuel cell, flywheels	38	13
OPEN 2012	Transportation & Stationary: New flow Cell Chemistries; solid state	40	19
AMPED	Transportation & Stationary: Improved BMS algorithms and sensors	30	14
SBIR 2012	Transportation & Stationary: Flow cells, advanced membranes, high-temp cells	13	7
RANGE	Transportation: Robust Lower Energy Density Incorporated into Vehicle Design	36	22



### Sample ARPA-E Project: CUNY From High-Risk R&D to Storage Start-up in 48 Months



CUNY Energy Institute R&D Zn-Anode Cell

#### 2010

- \$3M ARPA-E award with aggressive life target (2000 cycles) for non-rechargable Zn-MnO<sub>2</sub> alkaline cell
- Technical focus was developing new cathode materials (MnO<sub>2</sub>), electrode design, and cycling protocol
- Distinguished academic team with industry partners and T2M experience







Urban Electric Power (UEP) Prototype

#### 2014

- >2000 cycles on Zn-MnO<sub>2</sub>, now optimizing electrode composition and electrolyte to attain >3000
- UEP founded in 2012; secured additional R&D funding from NYSERDA, BPA, and ConEd
- Closed seed round in 2012; nearing close of Series A funding





### Sample ARPA-E Project: Harvard University Novel, Low-Cost Flow Battery is Maturing Rapidly

#### **Quinone-Bromide Chemistry**

- Low Cost Electrolyte: <\$27/kWh at scale
- Fast Kinetics: 1000x faster than VO<sub>2</sub>+/VO<sup>2+</sup>
- Modest Stack Costs: carbon paper electrodes, no catalyst
- High Power: > 600 mW/cm² (peak)
- Durable: > 99.8% capacity retention (700 cycles)
- Non-Hazardous: Aqueous, non-toxic electrolyte

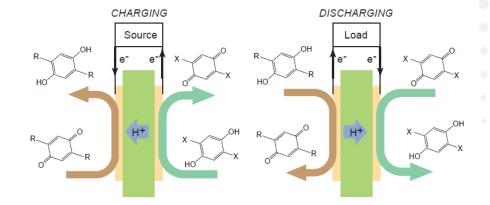
#### **Quinone-Quinone Chemistry**

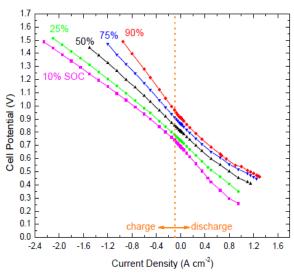
Currently under development







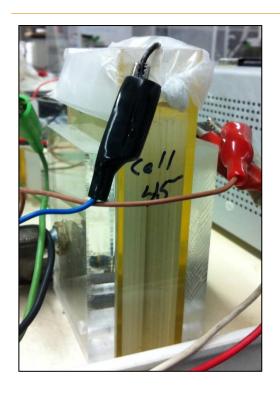




Nature **505**, 195-198 (2014) doi:10.1038/nature 12909



### How do we create a path to scale innovation?



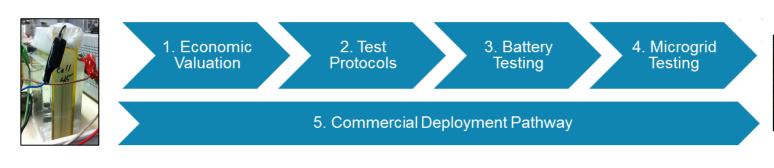




- Need to demonstrate performance, cycle life, cost and manufacturability of new technology at a reasonable scale
- How can we screen and optimize promising technologies before we fund costly scale up?



### CHARGES: Cycling Hardware to Analyze and Ready Gridscale Electricity Storage (CHARGES)





- Existing ARPA-E performers provide single cell and multi-cell systems for testing
- CHARGES awardees will provide analysis and testing expertise and the facility where new storage technologies can be tested under controlled conditions as well as under "real world" microgrid operating conditions
- CHARGES awardees also will facilitate information exchange with potential buyers of stationary storage systems, including utilities and IPPs
- The objective is to resolve fundamental challenges in physics and chemistry for emerging stationary storage technologies before substantial scaling is required
- Will also generate credible performance data in the process







www.arpa-e.energy.gov