#### North Yuma-Spring Canyon Transmission Linc Erosion Control – Structure 31-3 Logan County, Colorado

A. Brief Description of Proposal: Western Area Power Administration (Western) proposes to hire a contractor to repair erosion damage at Structure 31-3 of the North Yuma to Spring Canyon (NYU-SG) 230-kV Transmission Line. The project is needed because the flooding that occurred in September 2013 changed the course of the South Platte River near the NYU-SG Transmission Line. As a result, Structure 31-3 is being threatened by the river. The new river course has undermined the guy anchors. Any additional erosion of the bank channel could impact the foundation of the structure. Western is requesting the contractor to excavate around the structure and place precast modular blocks to form a retaining wall at the channel bank. The contractor will backfill the area with concrete slurry to stabilize the structure foundation. The contractor will install a temporary rock dam out in the river's edge to help reduce sedimentation downstream from the project.

The work will be conducted within the existing right-of-way and will ensure the safety and reliability of the electrical transmission system.

B. <u>Number and Title of the Categorical Exclusion Being Applied</u>: (See text in 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D.)

#### **B1.3 Routine Maintenance:**

Routine maintenance activities and custodial services for buildings, structures, rights-of-way, infrastructures (including, but not limited to, pathways, roads, and railroads), vehicles and equipment, and localized vegetation and pest control, during which operations may be suspended and resumed, provided that the activities would be conducted in a manner in accordance with applicable requirements. Custodial services are activities to preserve facility appearance, working conditions, and sanitation (such as cleaning, window washing, lawn mowing, trash collection, painting, and snow removal). Routine maintenance activities, corrective (that is, repair), preventive, and predictive, are required to maintain and preserve buildings, structures, infrastructures, and equipment in a condition suitable for a facility to be used for its designated purpose. Such maintenance may occur as a result of severe weather (such as hurricanes, floods, and tornados), wildfires, and other such events. Routine maintenance may result in replacement to the extent that replacement is in-kind and is not a substantial upgrade or improvement. In-kind replacement includes installation of new components to replace outmoded components, provided that the replacement does not result in a significant change in the expected useful life, design capacity, or function of the facility. Routine maintenance does not include replacement of a major component that significantly extends the originally intended useful life of a facility (for example, it does not include the replacement of a reactor vessel near the end of its useful life). Routine maintenance activities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Repair or replacement of facility equipment, such as lathes, mills, pumps, and presses;
- (b) Door and window repair or replacement;
- (c) Wall, ceiling, or floor repair or replacement;
- (d) Reroofing;
- (e) Plumbing, electrical utility, lighting, and telephone service repair or replacement;
- (f) Routine replacement of high-efficiency particulate air filters;
- (g) Inspection and/or treatment of currently installed utility poles;

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- (h) Repair of road embankments;
- (i) Repair or replacement of fire protection sprinkler systems;
- (j) Road and parking area resurfacing, including construction of temporary access to facilitate resurfacing, and scraping and grading of unpaved surfaces;
- (k) Erosion control and soil stabilization measures (such as reseeding, gabions, grading, and revegetation);
- (l) Surveillance and maintenance of surplus facilities in accordance with DOE Order 435.1, "Radioactive Waste Management," or its successor;
- (m) Repair and maintenance of transmission facilities, such as replacement of conductors of the same nominal voltage, poles, circuit breakers, transformers, capacitors, crossarms, insulators, and downed powerlines, in accordance, where appropriate, with 40 CFR part 761 ("Polychlorinated Biphenyls Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions") or its successor;
- (n) Routine testing and calibration of facility components, subsystems, or portable equipment (such as control valves, in-core monitoring devices, transformers, capacitors, monitoring wells, lysimeters, weather stations, and flumes);
- (o) Routine decontamination of the surfaces of equipment, rooms, hot cells, or other interior surfaces of buildings (by such activities as wiping with rags, using strippable latex, and minor vacuuming), and removal of contaminated intact equipment and other material (not including spent nuclear fuel or special nuclear material in nuclear reactors); and
- (p) Removal of debris.

# C. Regulatory Requirements in 10 CFR 1021.410 (b): (See full text in regulation and attached checklist.)

1) The proposed action fits within a class of actions listed in Appendix A or B to Subpart D.

For classes of actions listed in Appendix B, the following conditions are integral elements. To fit within a class, the proposal must not:

- Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, or similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders;
- Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities;
- Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases;
- Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources. An
  environmentally sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified as needing
  protection through Executive Order, statute, or regulation by Federal, State, or local
  government, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically
  excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential
  to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its

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foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to those listed in paragraph B. (4) (see Attachment A).

- 2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal.
- 3) The proposal is not "connected" to other actions with potentially significant impacts, is not related to other proposed actions with cumulatively significant impacts, and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or 10 CFR 1021.211.

#### D. Special Stipulations Pertaining to the Proposal:

This Categorical Exclusion (CX) is valid for one year after the signature date. If construction activities have not commenced within that time or the scope of the work changes, Western's Environmental Division must be contacted for an updated environmental review.

If any cultural materials are discovered during construction, work in the area shall halt immediately, Western's Regional Preservation Officer shall be contacted, and the material evaluated by an archaeologist or historian meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (48 FR 22716, Sept. 1983).

All work will be conducted using existing access roads. Right of ingress and egress on private lands will require coordination and permission from the landowners.

To comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, work authorized under this CX should be scheduled outside the March 1 through July 31 general nesting periods. If construction activities are to be done during this period, contact Western's Environmental Division so that they may arrange for a pedestrian survey to be conducted in advance of the maintenance crews to identify active nests that are to be avoided.

During a site inspection conducted by Western, an active bald eagle nest was located within 500-yards of the project area. Therefore, as per the recommendation of the U.S Fish and Wildlife Service, no work under this Categorical Exclusion is authorized until after September 1. This will ensure that any bald eagle young have fledged.

Work within the river channel is authorized under Department of the Army Nationwide Permit (NWP) Number 13 – Bank Stabilization. All work must follow the guidelines and general conditions of NWP 13.

All equipment used will be cleaned prior to use in the area to prevent transporting of invasive plant or noxious weed seeds.

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Western shall exercise care to preserve the natural landscape and shall conduct this construction operation to prevent any unnecessary destruction, scarring, or defacing of the natural surroundings in the project vicinity. Except where clearing is required for permanent works, or excavation operations, vegetation shall be preserved and shall be protected from damage by construction operations and equipment.

<u>Determination:</u> Based on my review of information provided to me and in my possession concerning the proposed action, I have determined that the proposed action fits within the specified class of actions, the other regulatory requirements set forth above are met, and the proposed action is categorically excluded from requirements for an EA or an EIS.

Date: 5/28/15

Signature

Gene Iley, Jr.

NEPA Compliance Officer

Rocky Mountain Customer Service Region

Western Area Power Administration

Prepared by: Brian Little

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#### ATTACHMENT A

# Conditions That Are Integral Elements of the Classes of Actions in Appendix B That Apply to This Proposal

Checklist for Categorical Exclusion Determination, revised Nov. 2011

Application of Categorical Exclusions (1021.410)	Disagree	Agree	Unknown
(b)(1) The proposal fits within a class of actions that is listed in		X	
appendix B to subpart D.			
(b)(2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal		X	
that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the			
proposal. Extraordinary circumstances are unique situations presented			
by specific proposals, including, but not limited to, scientific			
controversy about the environmental effects of the proposal; uncertain			
effects or effects involving unique or unknown risks; and unresolved			
conflicts concerning alternate uses of available resources.			
(b)(3) The proposal has not been segmented to meet the definition of a		X	
categorical exclusion. Segmentation can occur when a proposal is			
broken down into small parts in order to avoid the appearance of			
significance of the total action. The scope of a proposal must include			
the consideration of connected and cumulative actions, that is, the			
proposal is not connected to other actions with potentially significant			
impacts (40 CFR 1508.25(a)(1)), is not related to other actions with			
individually insignificant but cumulatively significant impacts (40			
CFR 1508.27(b)(7)), and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or §			
1021.211 of this part concerning limitations on actions during EIS			
preparation.	·····		
B. Conditions that are Integral Elements of the Classes of Actions	NO	YES	Unknown
in Appendix B.			
(1) Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit	X		
requirements for environment, safety and health, or similar			
requirements of DOE or Executive Orders.	N/		
(2) Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste	X		
storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including			
incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded			
waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities.	<u>.</u>		
(3) Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or	X		
CERCI.A-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that			
preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled			
or unpermitted releases.	77	-	
(4) Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally	Х		
sensitive resources. An environmentally sensitive resource is			
typically a resource that has been identified as needing protection			
through Executive Order, statue, or regulation by Federal, state, or			
local government, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. An			

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action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive			
resources are present, the action would not have the potential to			
cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction			
of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer			
or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands).			
Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to:			
(i) Property (such as sites, buildings, structures, and objects) of	X		
historic, archaeological, or architectural significance			
designated by a Federal, state, or local government, or			
property determined to be eligible for listing on the National			
Register of Historic Places;			
(ii) Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or their	X		
habitat (including critical habitat) or Federally- proposed or			
candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act);			
state-listed or state-proposed endangered or threatened species			
or their habitat; Federally-protected marine mammals and			
Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal Protection Act;			
Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management	,		
Act); and otherwise Federally-protected species (such as	,		
under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act or the			
Migratory Bird Treaty Act);			
(iii) Floodplains and wetlands (as defined in 10 CFR 1022.4,	X		-
—Compliance with Floodplain and Wetland Environmental			
Review Requirements: "Definitions," or its successor);			-
(iv) Areas having a special designation such as Federally- and	X		
state-designated wilderness areas, national parks, national			
monuments, national natural landmarks, wild and scenic			
rivers, state and Federal wildlife refuges, scenic areas (such as			
National Scenic and Historic Trails or National Scenic Areas),			
and marine sanctuaries;			
(v) Prime or unique farmland, or other farmland of statewide or	X		
local importance, as defined at 7 CFR 658.2(a), —Farmland			
Protection Policy Act: Definitions, or its successor;			
(vi) Special sources of water (such as sole-source aquifers,	X		
wellhead protection areas, and other water sources that are			
vital in a region); and			
(vii) Tundra, coral reefs, or rain forests; or	<u>X</u>		

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(5) Involve genetically engineered organisms, synthetic biology,	X		
governmentally designated noxious weeds, or invasive species,			
unless the proposed activity would be contained or confined in a			
manner designed and operated to prevent unauthorized release into			
the environment and conducted in accordance with applicable			
requirements, such as those of the Department of Agriculture, the			
Environmental Protection Agency, and the National Institutes of			
Health,		Ì	