Canon West-Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Road Maintenance Chaffee and Fremont Counties, Colorado

A. Brief Description of Proposal: Western Area Power Administration (Western) proposes to maintain its access roads along the Canon West (CCW)-Poncha (PON) 230-kV Transmission Line. The work will occur along the transmission line access in Chaffee and Fremont Counties between the Canon West Substation, Township 18 South, Range 71 West, Section 3 of the Sixth Principle Meridian and the Poncha Substation, Township 49 North, Range 8 East, Section 9 of the New Mexico Principal Meridian. Surveys have shown that maintenance is needed intermittently on approximately 45 miles of existing access road in order to protect the roads from erosion, remove sloughed soil and rocks, remove overgrown vegetation, and repair culverts, as needed. Recent heavy rain events have caused damage to access roads in and around the Poncha Substation. In addition to these repairs, routine maintenance of the existing access roads is needed between CCW-PON Structures Nos. 82/4 to 127/1A.

The routine maintenance would be to standards sufficient to allow safe passage of rubber-tired bucket trucks for transmission line maintenance. Specific actions would include access road grading and improvements, and repair or replacement of water bars and culverts. The work would be conducted within Western's existing right-of-way and easements on private lands and those administered by the U.S. Department of Interior Bureau of Land Management, Royal Gorge Field Office. Maintenance crews will perform the work within the developed facilities by road grader, bulldozer, backhoe, or similar equipment. No new road construction is proposed as part of the project.

B. Number and Title of the Categorical Exclusion Being Applied: (See text in 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D.)

B1.3 Routine Maintenance.

Routine maintenance activities and custodial services for buildings, structures, rights-of-way, infrastructures (including, but not limited to, pathways, roads, and railroads), vehicles and equipment, and localized vegetation and pest control, during which operations may be suspended and resumed, provided that the activities would be conducted in a manner in accordance with applicable requirements. Custodial services are activities to preserve facility appearance, working conditions, and sanitation (such as cleaning, window washing, lawn mowing, trash collection, painting, and snow removal). Routine maintenance activities, corrective (that is, repair), preventive, and predictive, are required to maintain and preserve buildings, structures, infrastructures, and equipment in a condition suitable for a facility to be used for its designated purpose. Such maintenance may occur as a result of severe weather (such as hurricanes, floods, and tornados), wildfires, and other such events. Routine maintenance may result in replacement to the extent that replacement is in-kind and is not a substantial upgrade or improvement. In-kind replacement includes installation of new components to replace outmoded components, provided that the replacement does not result in a significant change in the expected useful life, design capacity, or function of the facility. Routine maintenance does not include replacement of a major component that significantly extends the originally intended useful life of a facility (for example, it does not include the replacement of a reactor vessel near the end of its useful life). Routine maintenance activities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Repair or replacement of facility equipment, such as lathes, mills, pumps, and presses;
- (b) Door and window repair or replacement;

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION

Rocky Mountain Region, Western Area Power Administration

Canon West-Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Road Maintenance Chaffee and Fremont Counties, Colorado

- (c) Wall, ceiling, or floor repair or replacement;
- (d) Reroofing;
- (e) Plumbing, electrical utility, lighting, and telephone service repair or replacement;
- (f) Routine replacement of high-efficiency particulate air filters;
- (g) Inspection and/or treatment of currently installed utility poles;
- (h) Repair of road embankments;
- (i) Repair or replacement of fire protection sprinkler systems;
- (j) Road and parking area resurfacing, including construction of temporary access to facilitate resurfacing, and scraping and grading of unpaved surfaces;
- (k) Erosion control and soil stabilization measures (such as reseeding, gabions, grading, and revegetation);
- (1) Surveillance and maintenance of surplus facilities in accordance with DOE Order 435.1, "Radioactive Waste Management," or its successor;
- (m) Repair and maintenance of transmission facilities, such as replacement of conductors of the same nominal voltage, poles, circuit breakers, transformers, capacitors, crossarms, insulators, and downed powerlines, in accordance, where appropriate, with 40 CFR part 761 ("Polychlorinated Biphenyls Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions") or its successor;
- (n) Routine testing and calibration of facility components, subsystems, or portable equipment (such
 as control valves, in-core monitoring devices, transformers, capacitors, monitoring wells,
 lysimeters, weather stations, and flumes);
- (o) Routine decontamination of the surfaces of equipment, rooms, hot cells, or other interior surfaces of buildings (by such activities as wiping with rags, using strippable latex, and minor vacuuming), and removal of contaminated intact equipment and other material (not including spent nuclear fuel or special nuclear material in nuclear reactors); and
- (p) Removal of debris.

C. <u>Regulatory Requirements in 10 CFR 1021.410 (b)</u>: (See full text in regulation and attached checklist.)

1) The proposed action fits within a class of actions listed in Appendix A or B to Subpart D.

For classes of actions listed in Appendix B, the following conditions are integral elements. To fit within a class, the proposal <u>must not</u>:

- Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, or similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders;
- Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities;
- Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases;
- Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified as needing

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION

Rocky Mountain Region, Western Area Power Administration

Canon West-Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Road Maintenance Chaffee and Fremont Counties, Colorado

protection through Executive Order, statute, or regulation by Federal, State, or local government, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to, those listed in paragraph B. (4) (see Attachment A).

- 2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal.
- 3) The proposal is not "connected" to other actions with potentially significant impacts, is not related to other proposed actions with cumulatively significant impacts, and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or 10 CFR 1021.211.

D. Special Stipulations Pertaining to the Proposal:

If the scope of work of this project changes, Western's Environmental Division must be contacted for additional environmental review.

This Categorical Exclusion is valid for the 2014 field season after the signature date. If construction has not commenced within that time, Western's Environmental Division must be contacted for an updated environmental review prior to construction.

Cultural Resource Monitors are required on this project. Contact Western's Environmental Division 30 days prior to initiation of the project, so that they may arrange for an on-site archeological monitor to be present in advance of the maintenance crews to ensure that the environmentally sensitive areas will be avoided.

If any cultural materials are discovered during construction, work in the area shall halt immediately, Western's Preservation Officer shall be contacted, and the material be evaluated by an archaeologist or historian meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (48 FR 22716, Sept. 1983).

All equipment used must be cleaned prior to use in order to prevent transporting of invasive plant or noxious weed seeds.

Western shall exercise care to preserve the natural landscape and shall conduct this construction operation to prevent any unnecessary destruction, scarring, or defacing of the natural surroundings in the project vicinity. Except where clearing is required for permanent works, approved construction roads, or excavation operations, vegetation shall be preserved and shall be protected from damage by Western's construction operations and equipment.

To minimize impacts to sensitive environmental resources and prevent damage to access roads, operation of off-road equipment will not be permitted during periods of heavy rains, when soils are

Canon West-Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Road Maintenance Chaffee and Fremont Counties, Colorado

wet, or when excessive soil damage may occur due to unsuitable operating conditions. No construction or routine maintenance activities shall be performed during periods when the soil is too wet to adequately support construction equipment. If equipment creates ruts in excess of six inches deep, the soil shall be deemed too wet to adequately support construction equipment.

E. <u>Determination:</u> Based on my review of information provided to me and in my possession concerning the proposed action, I determined that the proposed action fits within the specified class of actions, the other regulatory requirements set forth above are met, and the proposed action is categorically excluded from requirements for an EA or an EIS.

Date: 8/27/14

Signature

Gene Iley, Jr.

NEPA Compliance Officer

Rocky Mountain Customer Service Region

Western Area Power Administration

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION

Rocky Mountain Region, Western Area Power Administration

Canon West-Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Road Maintenance Chaffee and Fremont Counties, Colorado

ATTACHMENT A

Conditions That Are Integral Elements of the Classes of Actions in Appendix B That Apply to This Proposal

Checklist for Categorical Exclusion Determination, revised Nov. 2011

Application of Categorical Exclusions (1021.410)	Disagree	Agree	Unknown
(b)(1) The proposal fits within a class of actions that is listed in		X	
appendix B to subpart D.			
(b)(2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the		X	
proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental			
effects of the proposal, including, but not limited to, scientific			
controversy about the environmental effects of the proposal;			
uncertain effects or effects involving unique or unknown risks;			
and unresolved conflicts concerning alternate uses of available		,	
resources.			
(b)(3) The proposal has not been segmented to meet the		X	
definition of a categorical exclusion. Segmentation can occur			
when a proposal is broken down into small parts in order to			
avoid the appearance of significance of the total action. The			
scope of a proposal must include the consideration of connected		ļ ŧ	
and cumulative actions, that is, the proposal is not connected to			
other actions with potentially significant impacts (40 CFR			
1508.25(a)(1)), is not related to other actions with individually			
insignificant but cumulatively significant impacts (40 CFR			
1508.27(b)(7)), and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or §		:	·
1021.211 of this part concerning limitations on actions during			
EIS preparation.			
B. Conditions that are Integral Elements of the Classes of	NO	YES	Unknown
Actions in Appendix B.			
(1) Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or	X		
permit requirements for environment, safety and health, or			
similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders.			
(2) Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste	Χ.		
storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including			
incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically	***		
excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment	[
actions or facilities.			
(3) Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or	X		
CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that			}
preexist in the environment such that there would be		1	
uncontrolled or unpermitted releases.			ļ
(4) Have the potential to cause significant impacts on	X		
environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally			
sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been			
identified as needing protection through Executive Order,	l	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>

Canon West-Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Road Maintenance Chaffee and Fremont Counties, Colorado

statue, or regulation by Federal, state, or local government, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to:		,
(i) Property (such as sites, buildings, structures, and objects) of historic, archaeological, or architectural significance designated by a Federal, state, or local government, or property determined to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places;	X	
(ii) Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or their habitat (including critical habitat) or Federally-proposed or candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act); state-listed or state-proposed endangered or threatened species or their habitat; Federally-protected marine mammals and Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal Protection Act; Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act); and otherwise Federally-protected species (such as under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act or the Migratory Bird Treaty Act);	Х	
(iii) Floodplains and wetlands (as defined in 10 CFR 1022.4, —Compliance with Floodplain and Wetland Environmental Review Requirements: "Definitions," or its successor);	Х	
(iv) Areas having a special designation such as Federally- and state-designated wilderness areas, national parks, national monuments, national natural landmarks, wild and scenic rivers, state and Federal wildlife refuges, scenic areas (such as National Scenic and Historic Trails or National Scenic Areas), and marine sanctuaries;	Х	
(v) Prime or unique farmland, or other farmland of statewide or local importance, as defined at 7 CFR 658.2(a), —Farmland Protection Policy Act: Definitions, or its successor;	Х	
(vi) Special sources of water (such as sole-source aquifers, wellhead protection areas, and other water sources that are vital in a region); and	X	
(vii) Tundra, coral reefs, or rain forests; or	X	

Canon West-Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Road Maintenance Chaffee and Fremont Counties, Colorado

(5) Involve genetically engineered organisms, synthetic	X		
biology, governmentally designated noxious weeds, or			
invasive species, unless the proposed activity would be			
contained or confined in a manner designed and operated to			
prevent unauthorized release into the environment and			
conducted in accordance with applicable requirements, such		ļ	
as those of the Department of Agriculture, the			
Environmental Protection Agency, and the National			
Institutes of Health.		-	