

### Office of Science Risk Management

November 4, 2009

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Office of Science, U.S. Department of Energy

http://www.science.doe.gov/opa/



#### **AGENDA**



#### Wednesday, November 4, 2009, Building 2714, Oak Ridge

2:15 p.m. Introduction to SC Risk Management

2:25 p.m. Spallation Neutron Source

2:40 p.m. ORNL Risk Management Process

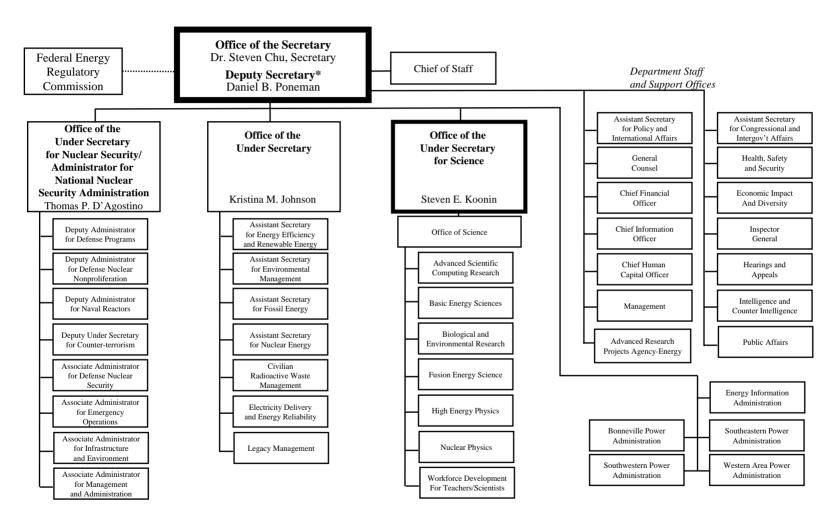
2:55 p.m. National Synchrotron Light Source II

3:10 p.m. Questions

3:30 p.m. End



### **DOE Organization**

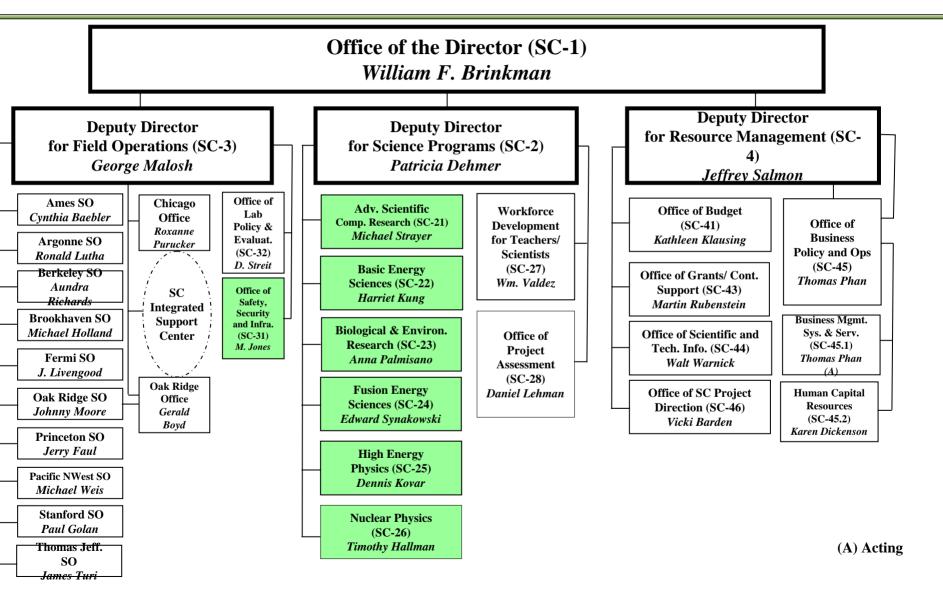


<sup>\*</sup>The Deputy Secretary also serves as the Chief Operating Officer.



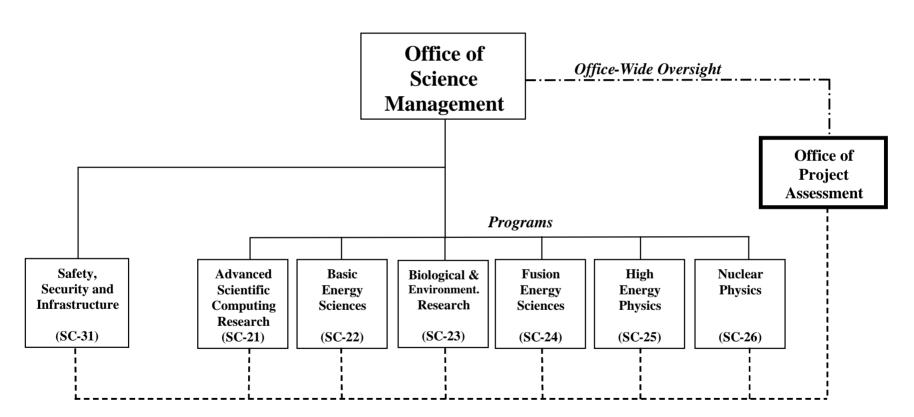
#### **SC** Organization







# Project Assessment Reporting



Project Management Support



# Unique Features of Science Projects



- National Laboratories are non-profit
- Leveraged partnerships
- Customer participation
- R&D is not a project phase
- Internal science & project advisory committees
- Continuous optimization
- Plan for future upgrades
- Builders/Operators
- Peer reviews are standard



# Ten Year Project Performance



	Technical Performance			Cost Performance		
	# of Completed Projects	# of Successful Projects	Success Rate (%)	Initial Baseline TPC (\$M)	Final TPC (\$M)	Success Rate (%)
Total SC Projects	33	31	94%	\$2,688	\$2,800	96%

SNS – Congressional direction increased project cost NCSX was cancelled on July 2008. Project at closeout was 62% complete and had expended ~\$97M.



### **Basic Risk ENERGY** Management Approach SCIE



- Utilize experienced managers to control risks
- All risk sources are managed
- Risks are updated throughout project lifecycle
- Avoid prescribing "how to" manage risks
- Frequently assess project performance & risks



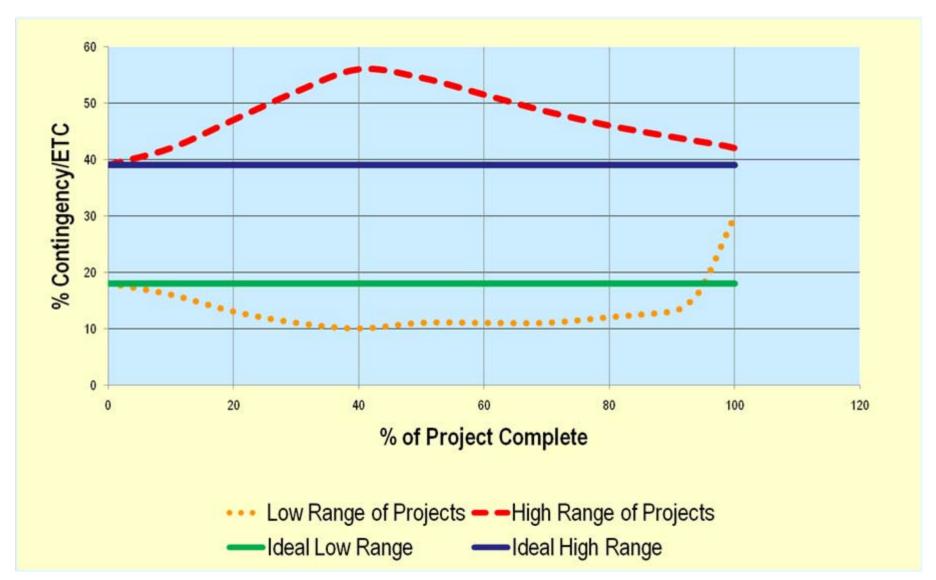
### ENERGY Peer (Lehman) Reviews SCIENCE

- Prior to critical decisions, or more frequently
- Peer reviewers are recognized experts
- Address all baseline requirements
- Evaluate all performance
- Keep senior management informed



## Cost Contingency as % of TPC ETC

### SCIENCE





### Risk Recommendations

- Risk requirements should be results-oriented, nonprescriptive, high level and objective
- Document "how to's" in guides and training materials
- Always tailor risks for the project
- Always utilize "checks and balances", such as peer reviews, to prevent constantly changing conditions from taking control



### Summary of Lessons Learned



- Use experienced & successful staff
- Front-end planning is essential
- Avoid prescribing "how to" manage risks
- Update the risk registry
- Manage to cost
- Utilize "Checks and Balances"
- Management must be kept informed



# Science Project Presentations



Presentation	Status	Presenter
Spallation Neutron Source	Complete	Suzanne Herron Les Price
Oak Ridge National Laboratory Approach to Risk Management	MLF – In Construction CNMS - Complete	Jack Stellern
National Synchrotron Light Source II	In Construction	Diane Hatton