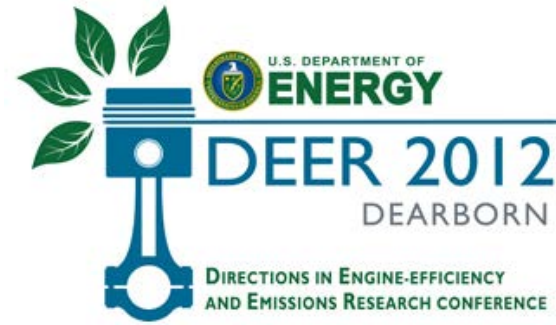
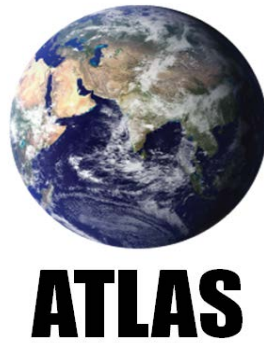
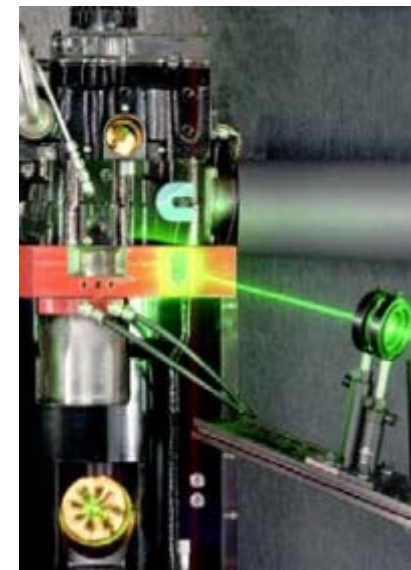
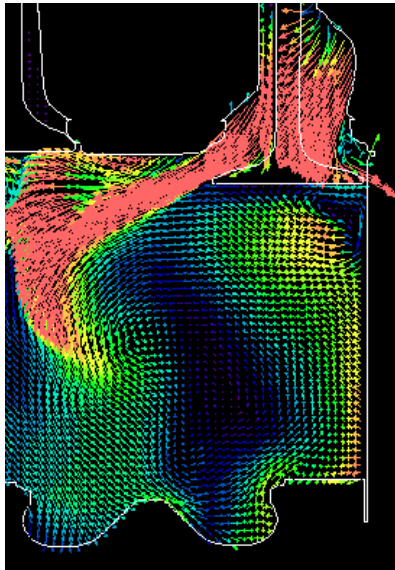


Advanced
Technology
Light
Automotive
Systems



Thermodynamic Systems for Tier 2 Bin 2 Diesel Engines

Arvind Suresh, David Langenderfer, Clay Arnett & Mike Ruth
18 October 2012



Introduction

- Baseline Vehicle – 2010 Nissan Titan, 5.6L V8 Gasoline
- ATLAS Development Engine – 2.8L, I4, Euro IV Diesel
- Meet US T2B2 new vehicle standards
 - 5500 lbs test weight
 - Tailpipe NOx = 0.02 gm/mile
 - Tailpipe PM = 0.01 gm/mile
 - Tailpipe NMOG = 0.010 gm/mile

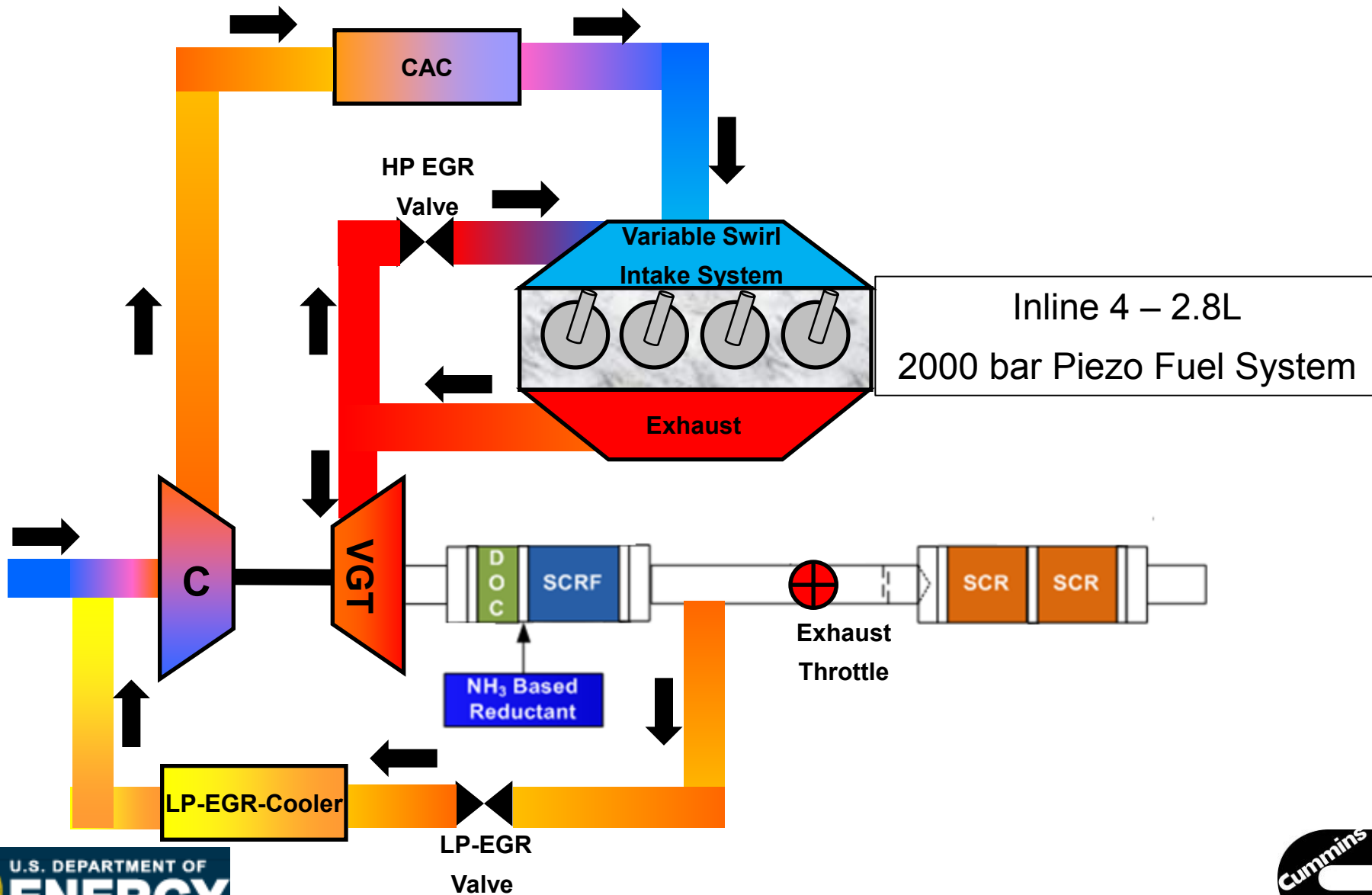


	Baseline vehicle data – V8 Gasoline	DoE Program at Target	ATLAS Target	
FTP – 75 “city”	15.6	21.8	23.5	mpg
HFET “hi-way”	24.5	34.3	34.3	mpg

Overview of Base Engine Thermodynamics

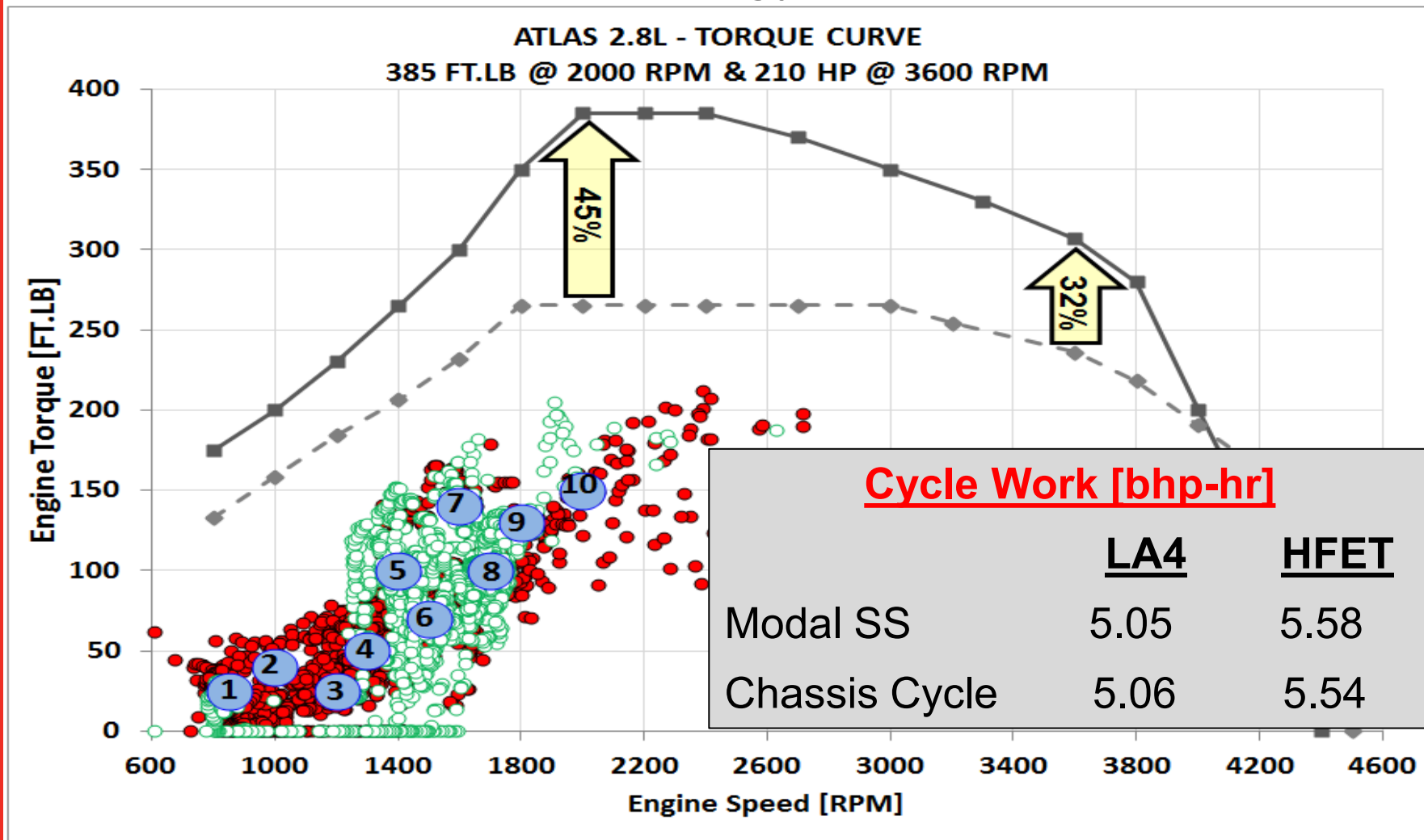
- Air-Handling System
 - Low Pressure [LP] & High Pressure [HP] loop EGR
 - Turbo Matching
 - EGR Split Strategy
- Combustion System
 - Compression Ratio
 - Variable Swirl Ratio
 - Piezo Fuel System & Injector Nozzle
 - Bowl Geometry
- Emissions & Fuel Economy
 - Modal Steady-State Rollup Summary
 - Vehicle Progress

Air-Handling Architecture Schematic



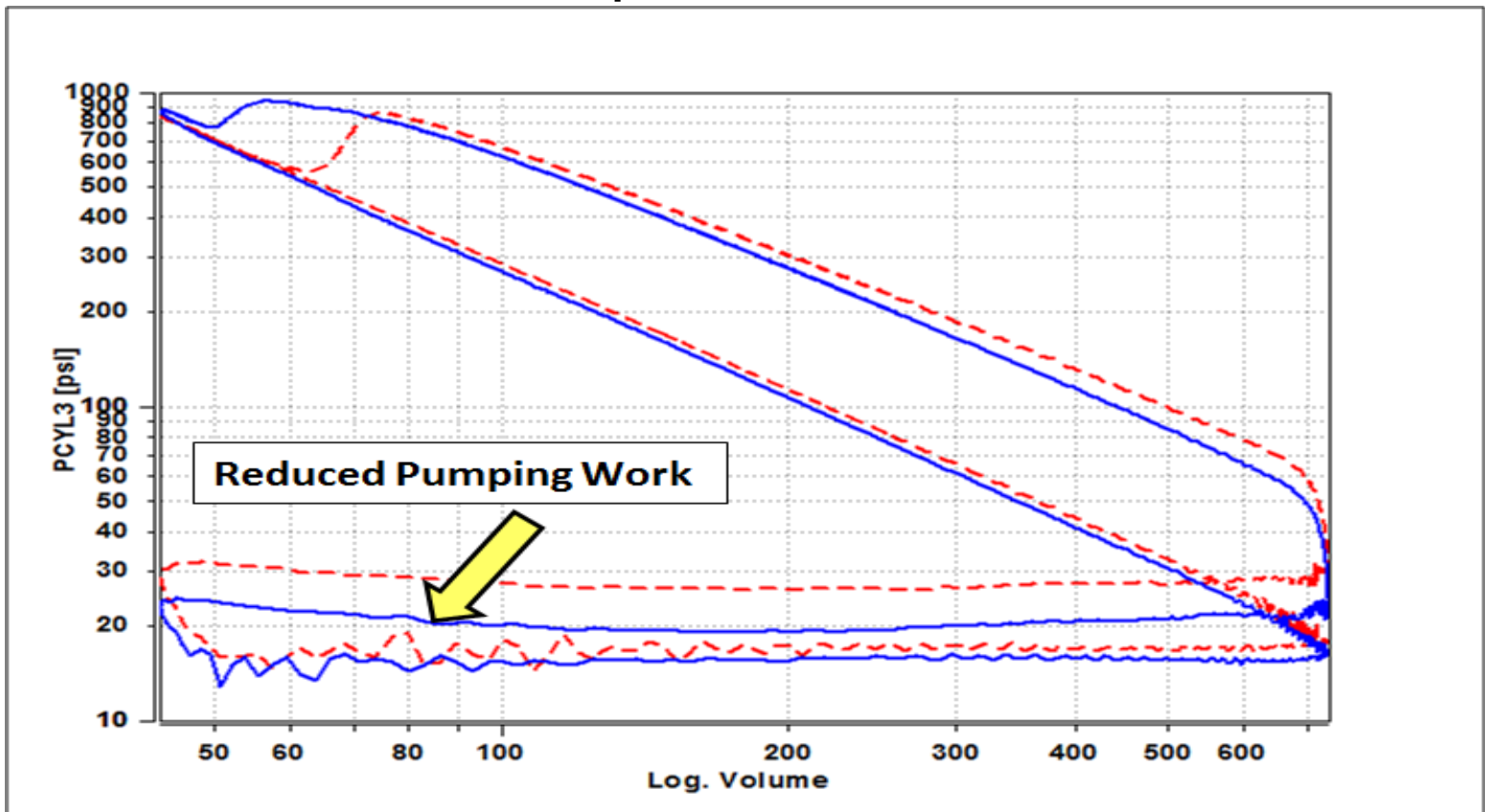
Duty Cycle → Steady-State Modal Points

- Critical process for technology/architecture evaluation

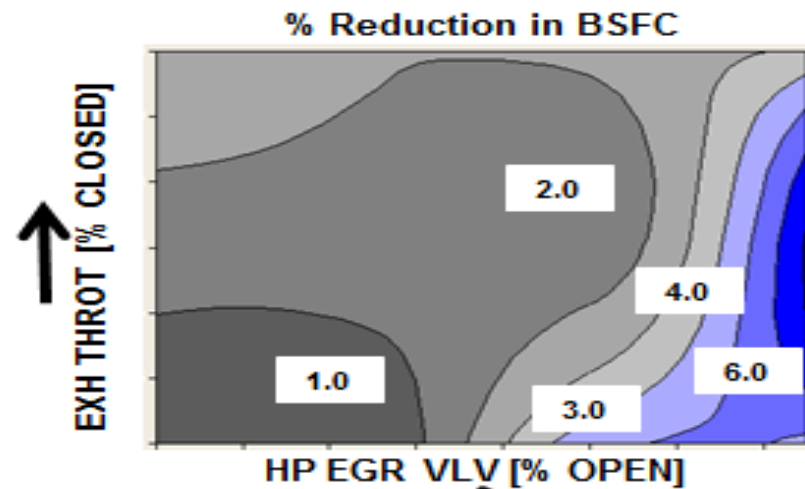
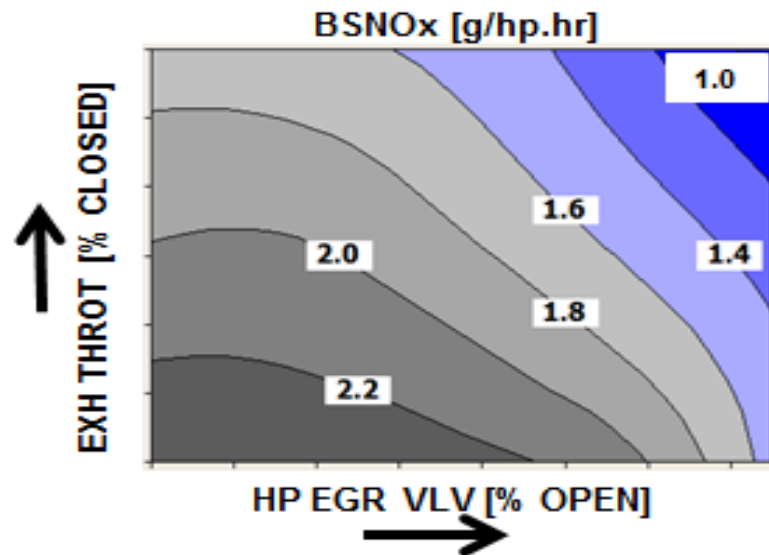


Benefits of Low Pressure [LP] EGR

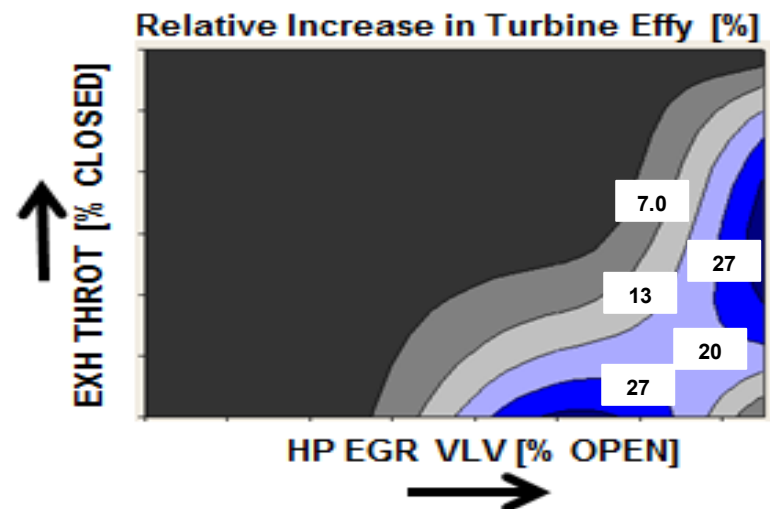
- Improved “EGR-Fresh Air Mixing” → lower engine out smoke emissions @ constant engine out NOx.
- Higher Turbine Efficiency → Reduced Pumping Work → Lower Fuel Consumption



Dual Loop EGR → Added Flexibility to meet Emissions & Reduce Fuel Consumption

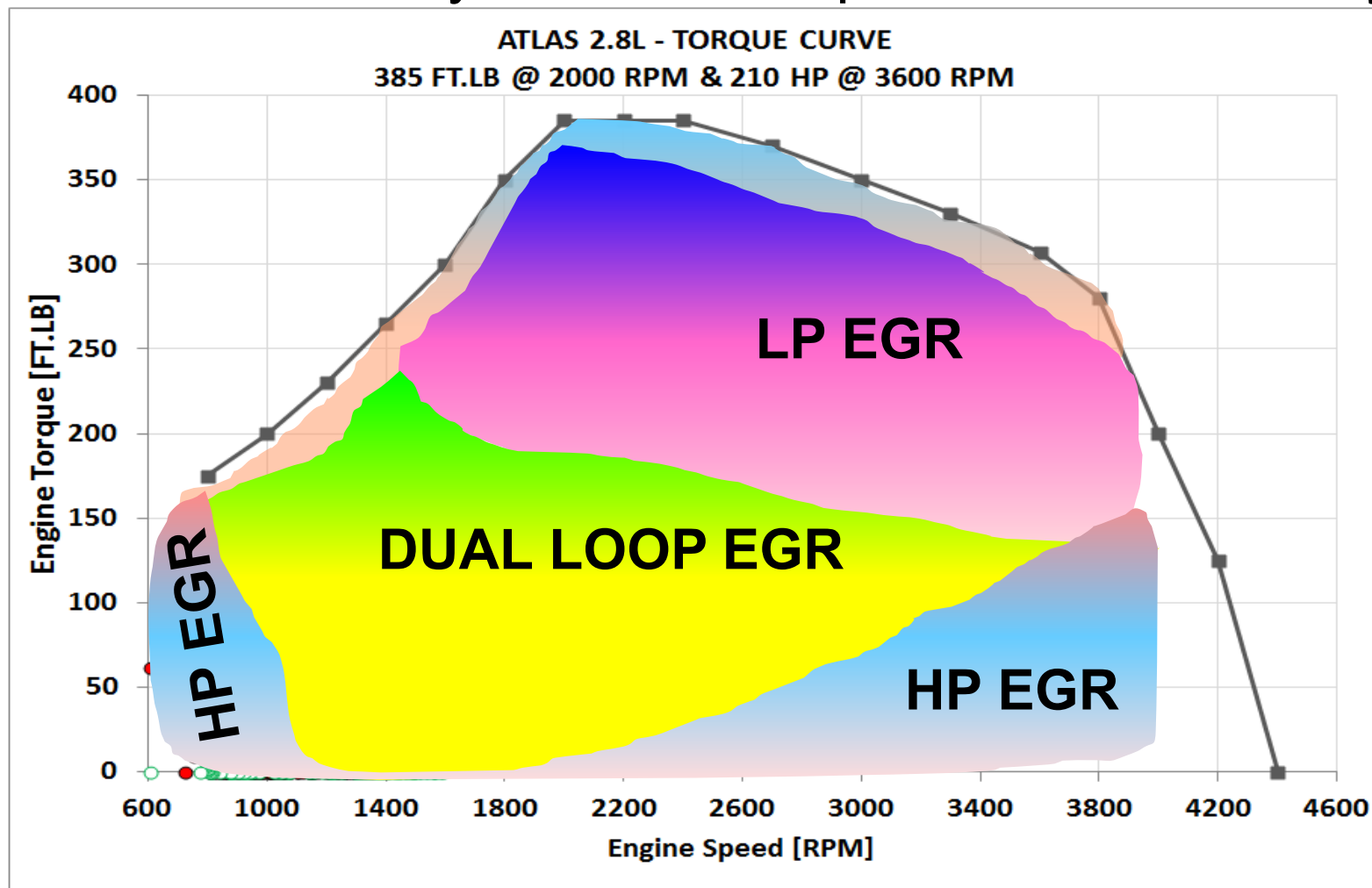


1300 RPM, 50 FT.LB – Mode 4
LP EGR VALVE WIDE OPEN



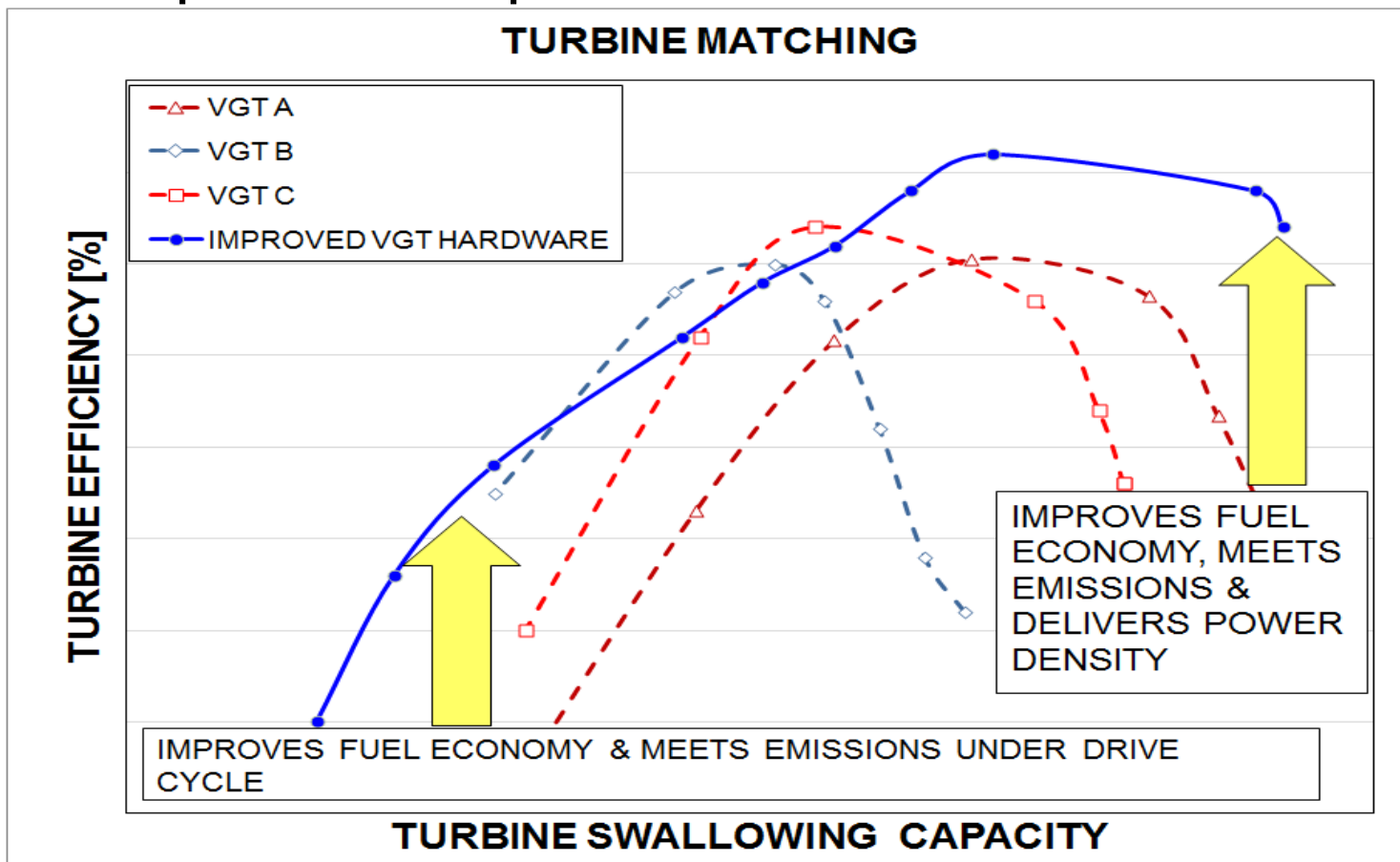
High Level Visualization of EGR Strategy

- Synergy between HP & LP EGR loops to achieve “Efficient Thermodynamics → Improve Fuel Economy”



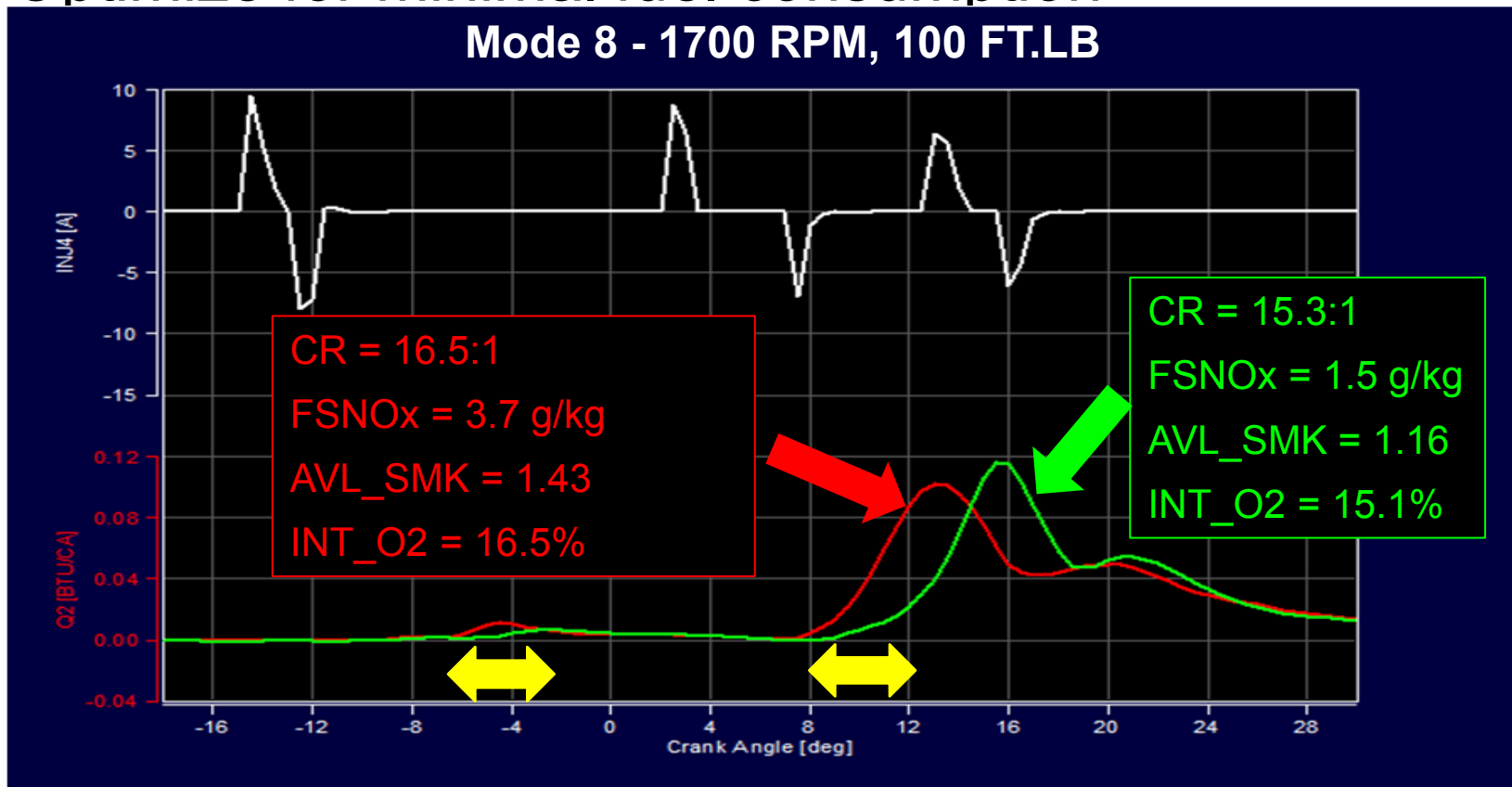
TURBO MATCHING

- Higher Efficiency
- Increased turbine swallowing capacity
- Wider compressor map width



Combustion System

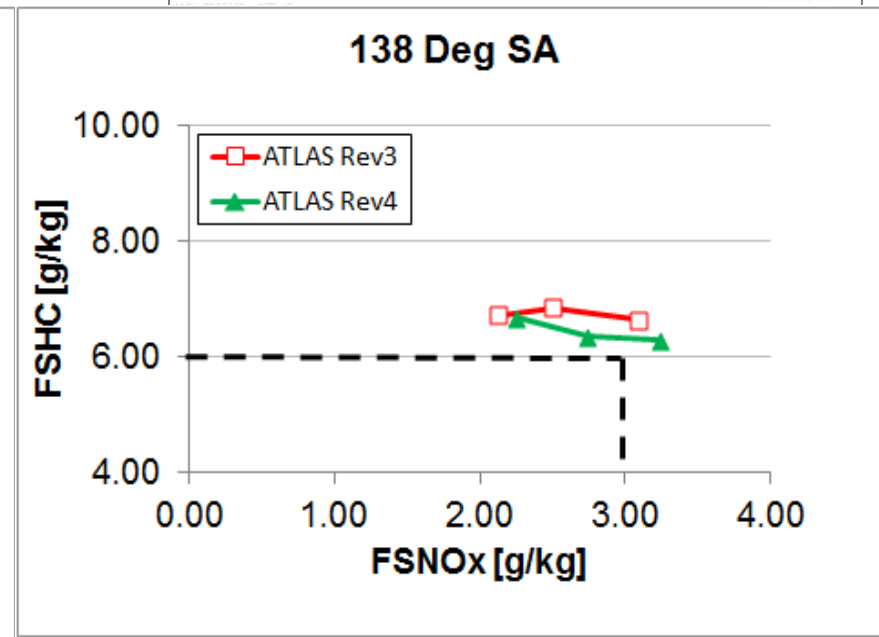
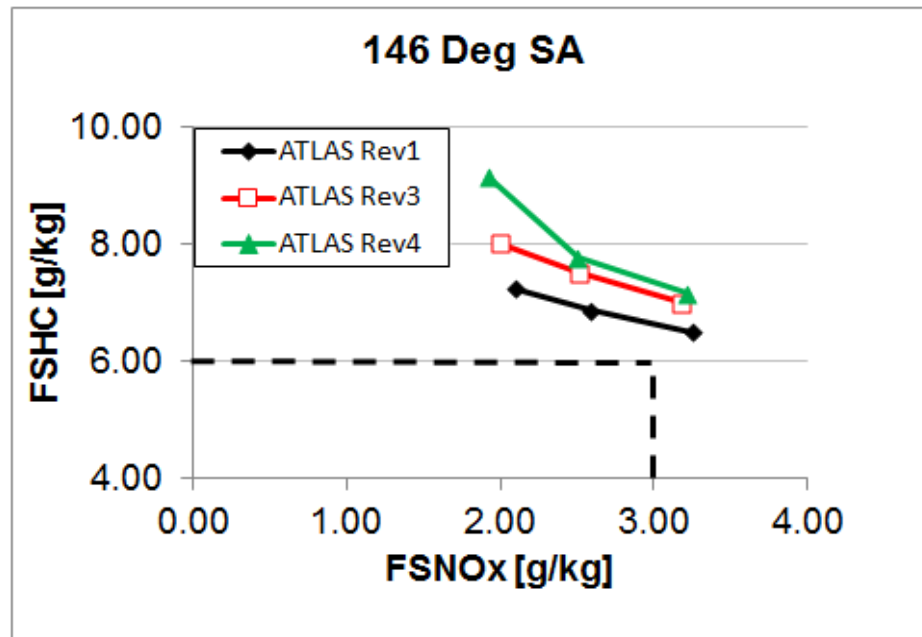
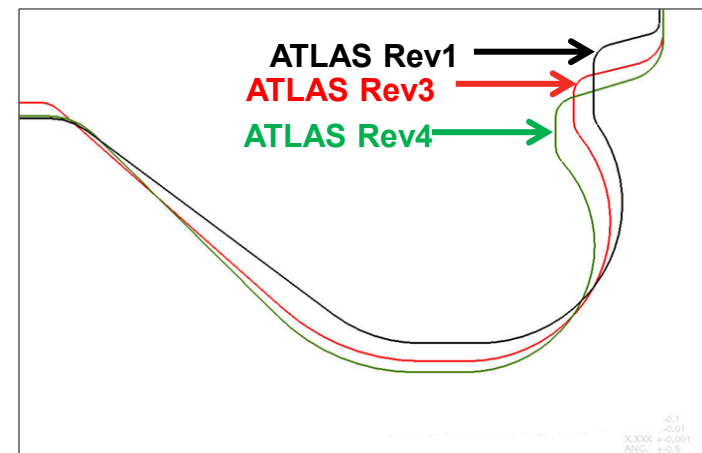
- Reducing “Compression Ratio” favors PCCI like Combustion recipe with longer ignition delay → **Low NOx & Low Smoke**
- Optimize for minimal fuel consumption



Combustion System Optimization

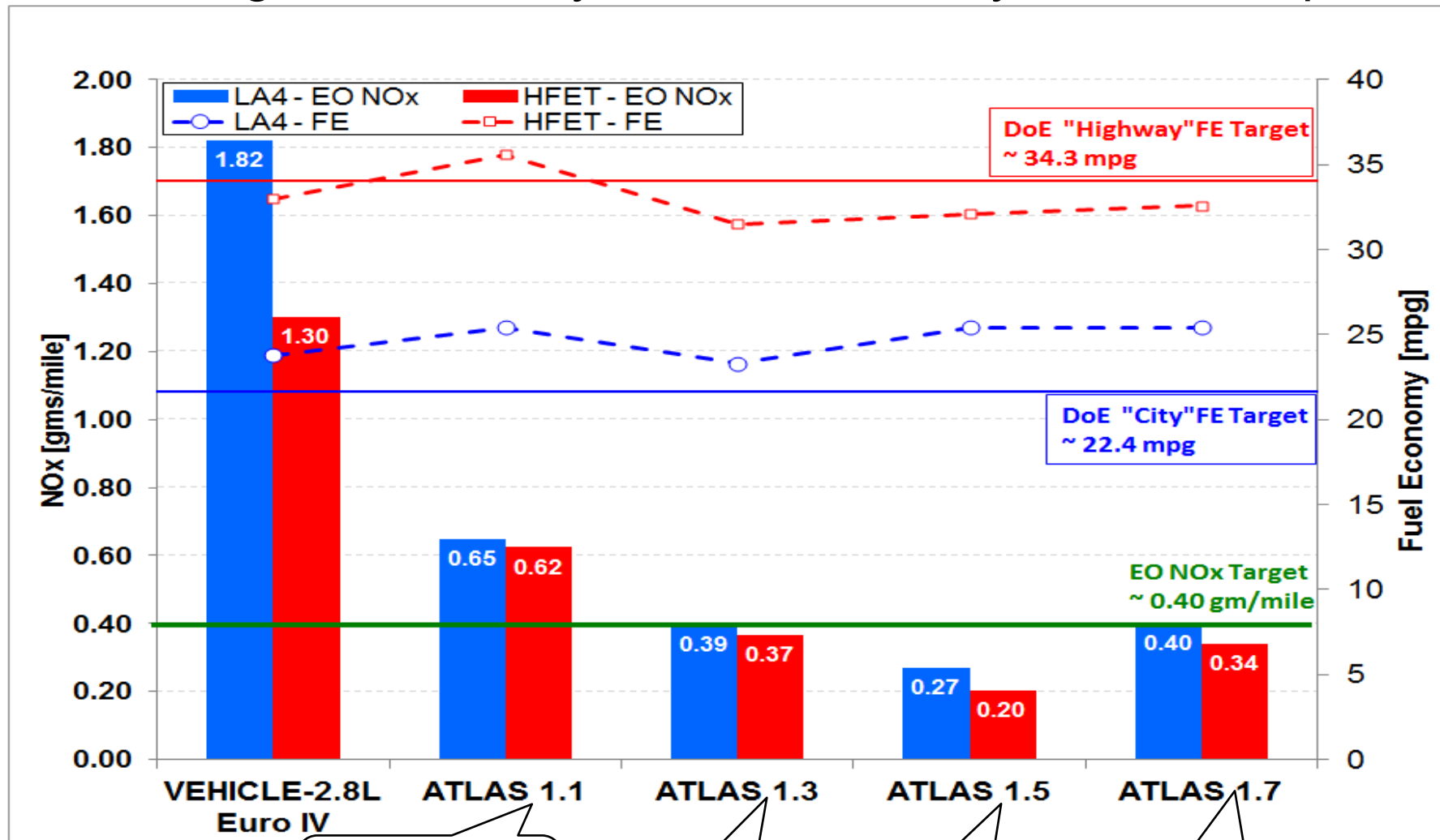
- Combustion CFD analysis for bowl geometry & injector nozzle optimization → “Merit Function Approach”

Mode 4 → 1300 RPM, 50 FT.LB
Fixed CR – 15.3



Fuel Economy – Modal Point Summary

- Significant progress has been made in reducing emissions & increasing fuel economy → “Modal Steady-State Roll up”



VGT + Piezo
+ HPEGR+VS

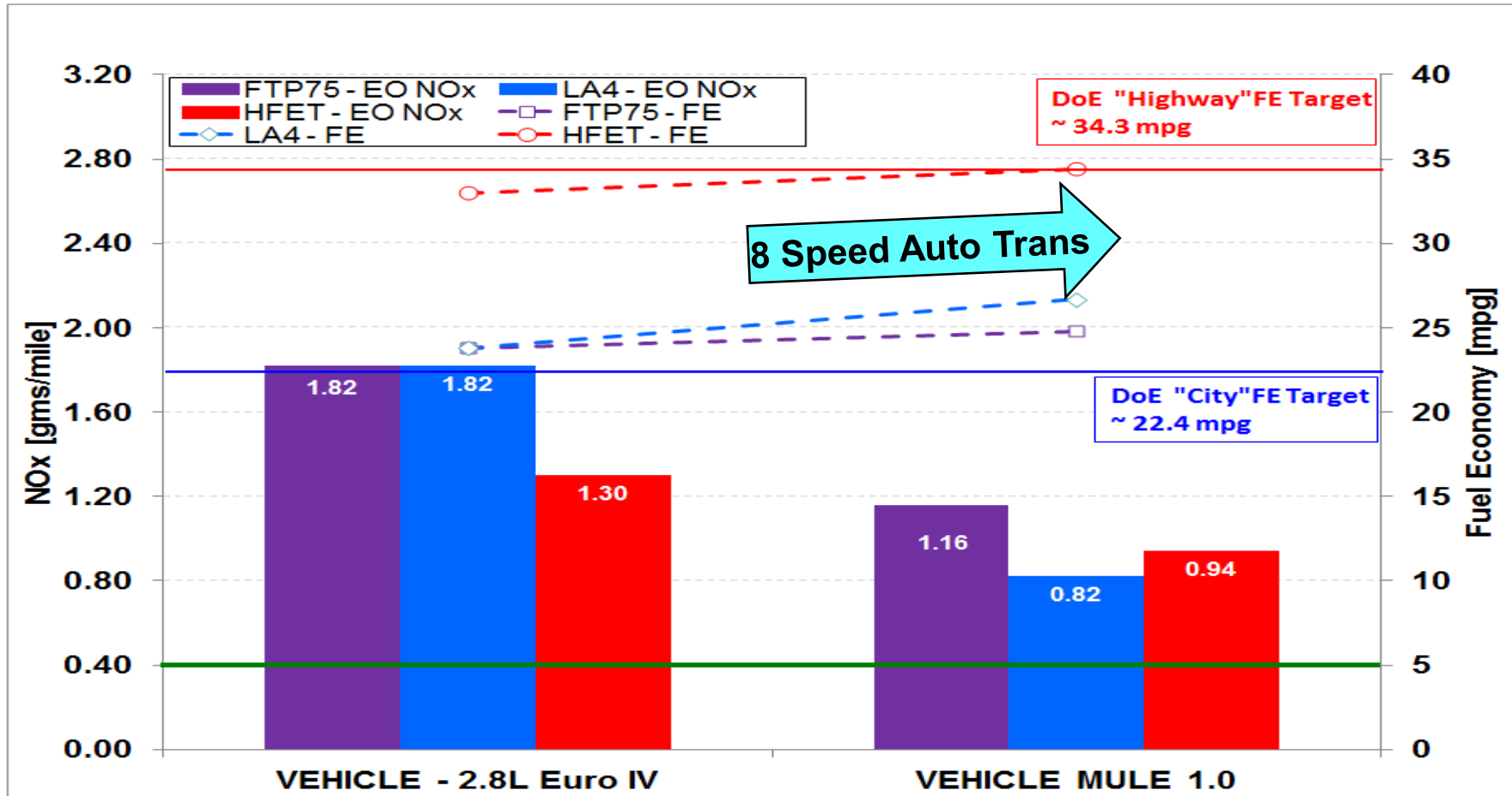
+ DL EGR

+ 15.3 CR

+ Improved
VGT

Vehicle Progress – Chassis Dyno Results

- With HP Cooled EGR architecture → Significant progress in reducing emissions & improving FE
- 8 speed automatic transmission has a positive impact on FE



Summary & Path Forward

- Demonstrated engine technology architectures capable of meeting Tier 2 Bin 2 emission levels.
- Demonstrated Fuel Economy numbers on both test bed and vehicle → meeting or exceeding DoE targets.
- Demonstrated power density capability.
- Future work will involve transient calibration development & optimization for improving FE & reducing HC emissions.
- Integrated system out demonstration on vehicle will be the ultimate goal.

Thank You!

- U.S. Department of Energy
 - Carl Maronde & Roland Gravel
- Partners
 - Nissan Motors Light Truck – Vehicle development
- Cummins management and team members