

Carbon Fiber Pilot Plant and Research Facilities

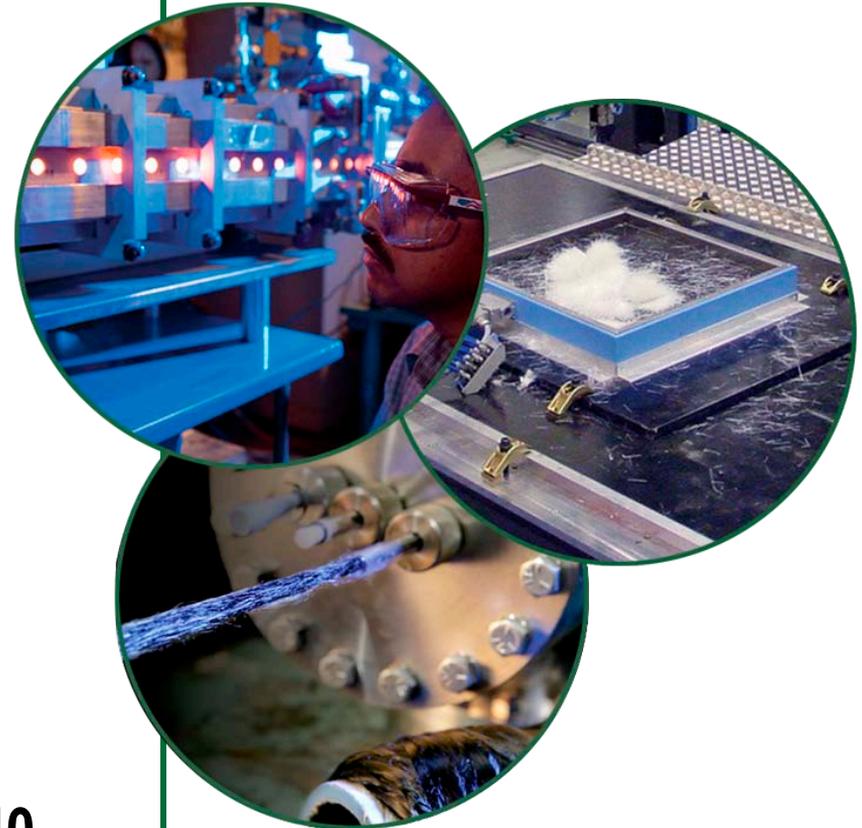
9 June 2010

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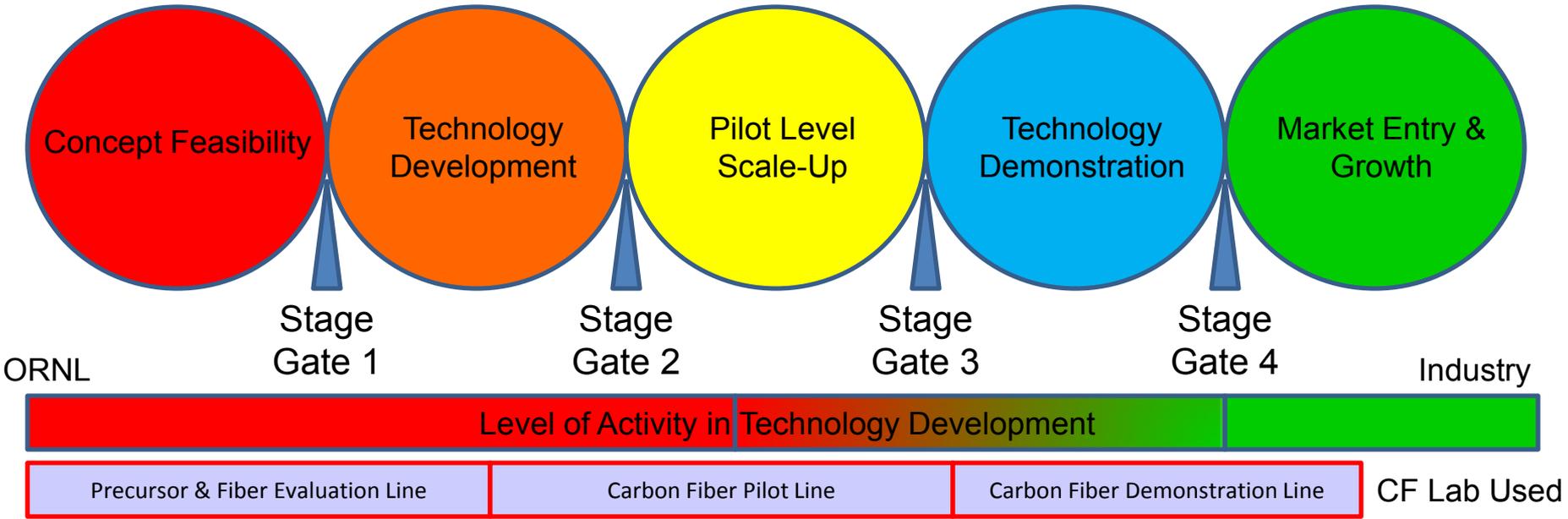
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Process for Carbon Fiber Technology Commercialization

Materials



ORNL

Stage Gate 1

Stage Gate 2

Stage Gate 3

Stage Gate 4

Industry

Level of Activity in Technology Development

Precursor & Fiber Evaluation Line

Carbon Fiber Pilot Line

Carbon Fiber Demonstration Line

CF Lab Used

- Demonstrate technical feasibility
- Demonstrate likely cost effectiveness
- Bench scale
- Small material volume
- Batch processes
- Concludes with design of issue resolution plan

- Demonstrate technology works
- Demonstrate cost effectiveness if scaled
- Bench scale
- Small material volume
- Batch processes transitioning to continuous
- Concludes with design of prototype unit or materials

- Resolve continuous operation issues
- Develop continuous operation capability for short time periods
- Moderate material volume increasing as issues are resolved
- Concludes with design of continuous unit or final material selection

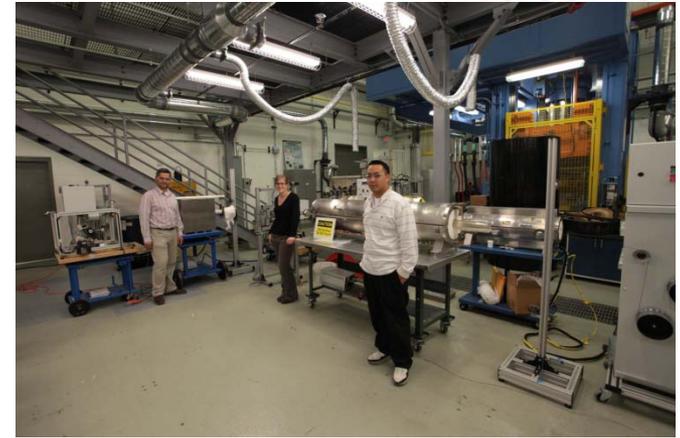
- Work to resolve full-scale equipment issues
- Develop multi-tow continuous operation capability for long periods of time
- Material volumes for product design and development
- Concludes with industrial adoption

- Industry adoption
- Product development
- Customer base development

Carbon Fiber Research Facility	Type Production	Fiber Types	Tow Size	Tensioning	Line Speed	Run Production Quantity	Annual Production Quantity	Intended Use
Lignin Facilities	Batch	Lignin	Small & Batch	None	Batch	few grams	N/A	Scientific Development of Lignin Precursors
Precursor and Fiber Evaluation Line	Continuous Fiber & Batch	Polymer Based and Continuous Lignin	1 - 50K Filaments; Single Tow	Precise for Small Tow	1/4-5 in/min	Micrograms to 100 g	N/A	Scientific Development of Precursors; Small Volume; Conversion Process Development
Current Pilot Line	Continuous Fiber	Polymer Based	3K-50K Filaments; 1-5 Tows	Limited	1-16 in/min	0.2 kg - 5 kg	1000 kg	Quantities validating Precursor Development and Conversion Protocol; First Scaling Step
Carbon Fiber Demonstration Facility	Batch and Continuous Fiber	All Types	3K-80K Tows; Up to 24 Tows + Bulk Convenience	Yes - High range of tensioning and stretching Control	60+ in/min	up to 2000 kg	25000 kg	Precursors and Advanced Conversion - Demonstrate Technology Scaling; Samples for Large Scale Material Evaluations

Compounding/Pelletization Line and Multifilament Melt Spinning Line





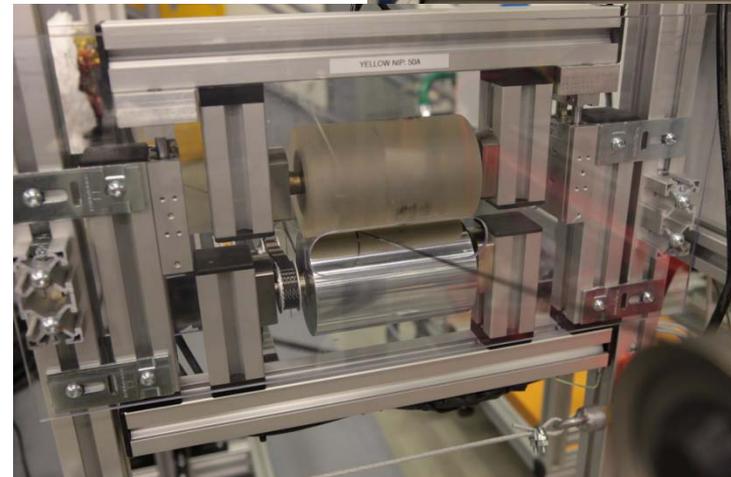
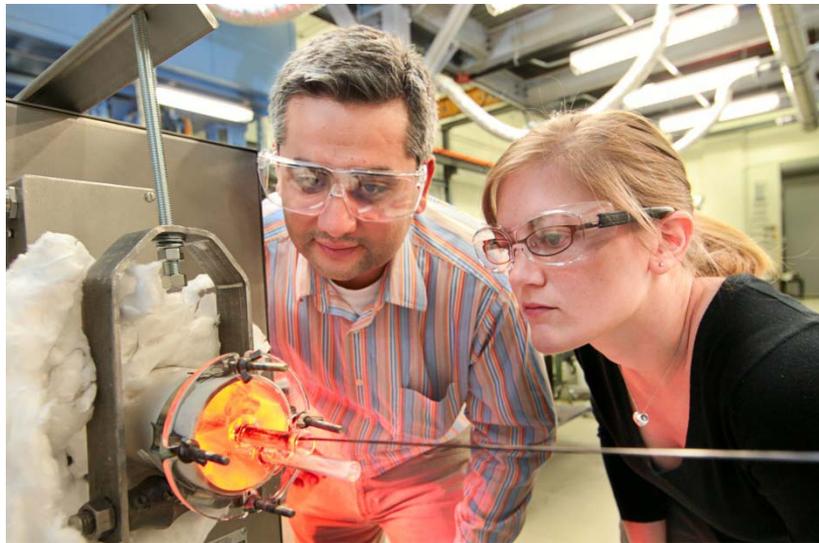
Budget : \$200K/year

This has become our
“workhorse”
equipment system

Some Equipment Provided by Mfrs



- Designed for development of conventional processing recipes with limited quantities of precursor
 - Residence time, temperature, atmospheric composition, and tension are independently controlled in each furnace
 - Can process single filament up to thousands of filaments
 - Precise tension control and stretching capability allows stretched/tensioned processing of ~20-filament tows
 - Temperature capability from room temperature to 1,700°C; 2,500°C furnace





Laboratory Box Oven
for Tow Oxidation



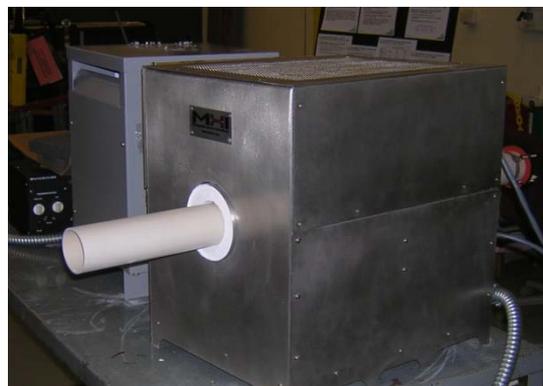
Low-Force Tension
Controller



Dancing Tension
Controller



New 2,500 °C Furnace



New 1,750 °C Furnace

- 1:20 scale of a commercial grade production line
- Capacity for 8 tows
- Preferred tow size $\geq 3k$

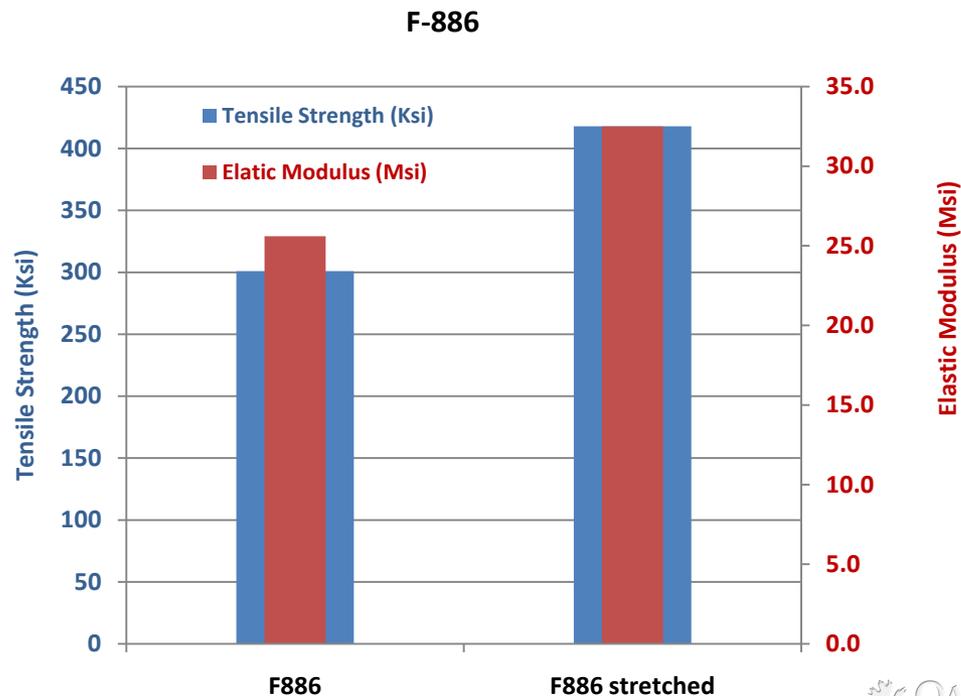


Upgrade Needed to Better Develop Processing Protocols

- Lack of progressive, controlled stretching capabilities in the oxidation stage.
- Fiber movement system: low speed, electronically antiquated.
- Pretreatment unit: designed to handle large precursor bands (e.g. Courtaulds, textile, etc.).
- Pre-stretching non-uniform and mainly “gear” to eliminate fiber crimp.

An example of the Pre-stretching of the Textile Precursor:

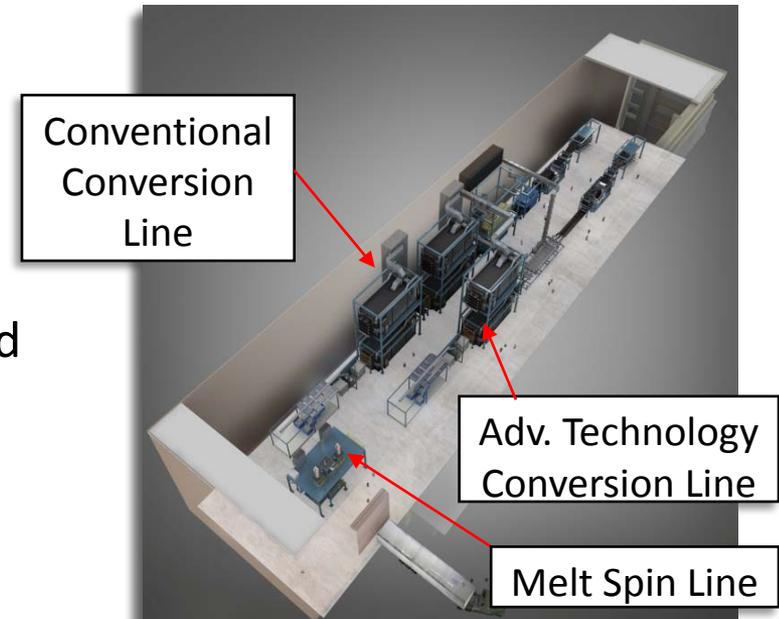
Thus during development, evaluated materials would appear to have lower properties than can be achieved in production.



NEEDED MODIFICATIONS

- Design and installed a progressive, controlled stretching system, mainly in first and second oxidation ovens.
- Modified tow flow patents/rollers to increase production line speed.
- Modified pre-treatment to take multiple spool (up to 6kg each) units.
- Add Conventional Surface Treatment Capabilities.
- Not Yet Scheduled

- North America's most comprehensive carbon fiber material and process development capabilities
- Development and demonstration of carbon fiber technology for energy and national security applications
- Low-cost and high-performance fibers
- Fast, energy efficient processing
- Capability to evaluate micrograms of candidate materials and produce up to 25 tonnes/year of carbon fibers
- Produce fibers for large-scale material and process evaluations by composite manufacturers
- Train and educate workers
- Grow partnerships with US industry



Facility and equipment perspective

- Highly flexible, “conventional” carbon fiber production line that can accept “any precursor in any format”
- Melt-spun precursor fiber production line with production capacity matched to carbon fiber line
- Space and utility provisions for the future addition of an advanced technology carbon fiber production line with similar capacity
- Consolidation and expansion of LCCF and carbon fiber composites R&D tools with emphasis in composites manufacturing

1. Precursor Spinning Line

2. Conventional Conversion Line

3. Advanced Technology Line

4. Carbon Fiber Composites Fabrication

} Part of This Effort

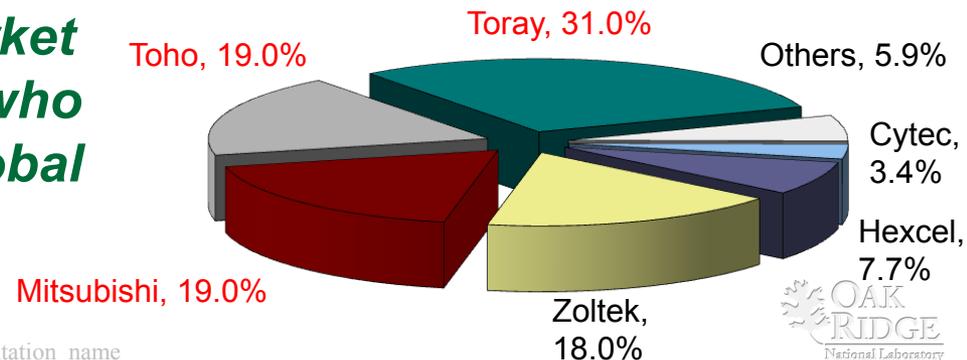
- 70 tpa rated capacity
- Capability to produce lignin, polyolefin, and pitch precursor filaments; upgradeable for production of melt-spun PAN filaments
- Twin screw extruder with precursor compounding and master batch preparation capabilities
- Operation temperatures from 150 to 350°C
- 2500 to 6250 filaments per position with up to 8 spinneret heads per position
- Process-dependent ability to produce 1 to 1.5 denier per filament.
- Ability to produce designed filaments with varied filament morphology, including bi- and tri-component capability
- Spun-bonded nonwoven web production unit, up to 6000 ft/min, with conveyer belt and friction-driven winding devices
- Corrosion-resistant wetted surfaces for handling corrosive additives
- Three induction-heated Godet drawing units with controlled heating to 200°C and denier control stand
- Metered finish application, interlacing and cutter-aspirators

- 25 tpa rated capacity
- Exceptionally wide temperature ranges in all ovens and furnaces
- Ability to feed precursor fibers from a creel, from boxes/bales, or in bulk product form
- Material transport in tow or bulk form
- Tow sizes from 3K to 80K.
- Enhanced stretching and tensioning capabilities, with significant differential stretching capability in the oxidation module
- Ovens, furnaces, and exhaust systems designed to handle effluent by-products and rates from PAN, lignin, polyolefin, pitch, and rayon precursors
- Low-temperature carbonization furnace designed to accommodate an oxidizing atmosphere
- Expansion slot to enable the addition of an ultra-high-temperature graphitization furnace for specialized carbon fibers
- Expansion slot for an additional surface treatment module
- Finished fibers spooled or packaged in mat or bulk form
- Fully integrated control system with data logging, web interface, and custom access to control room and all data displays

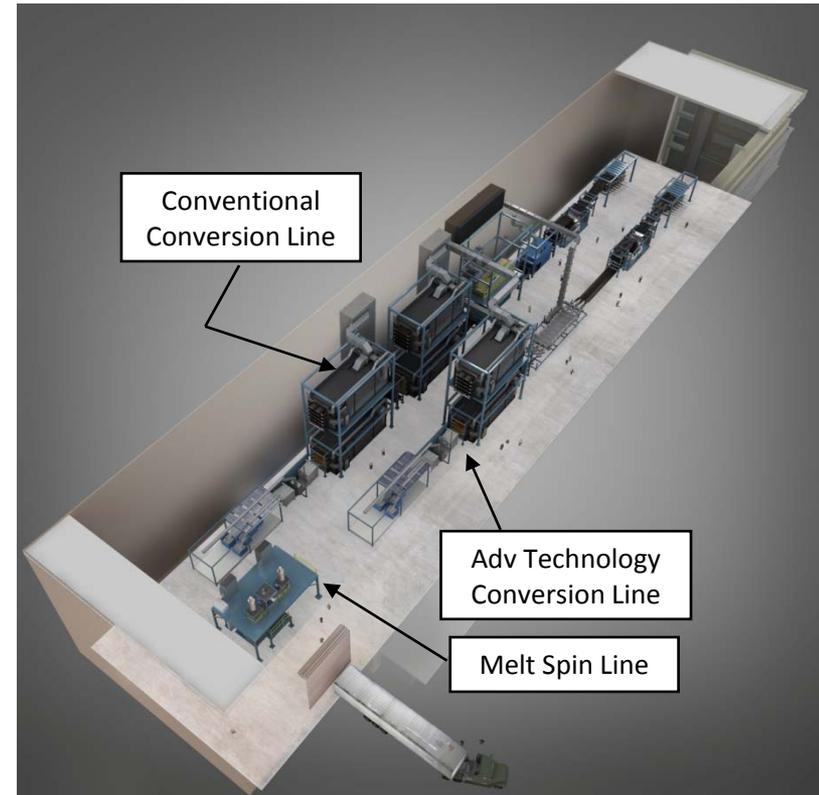
- Fills the need for a national center to demonstrate scalability of LCCF for automotive/truck, wind energy, oil and gas, and other energy applications
- Significantly accelerate the commercialization of LCCF technologies
- Demonstrate scalability of LCCF composites manufacturing processes
- Proprietary research capabilities
- Promote the development of Industrial partnerships and encourage vertically integrated teams
- Stimulate economic growth by job creation and workforce development, including student research
- Utilizes US based technologies and equipment

Recapture technology and market leadership from the Japanese who currently control 70% of the global carbon fiber market

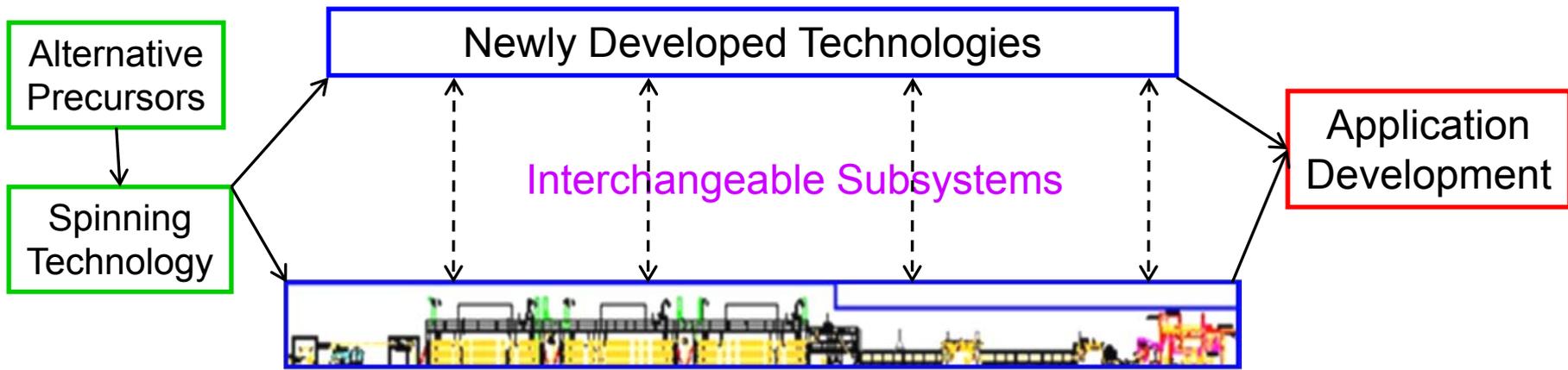
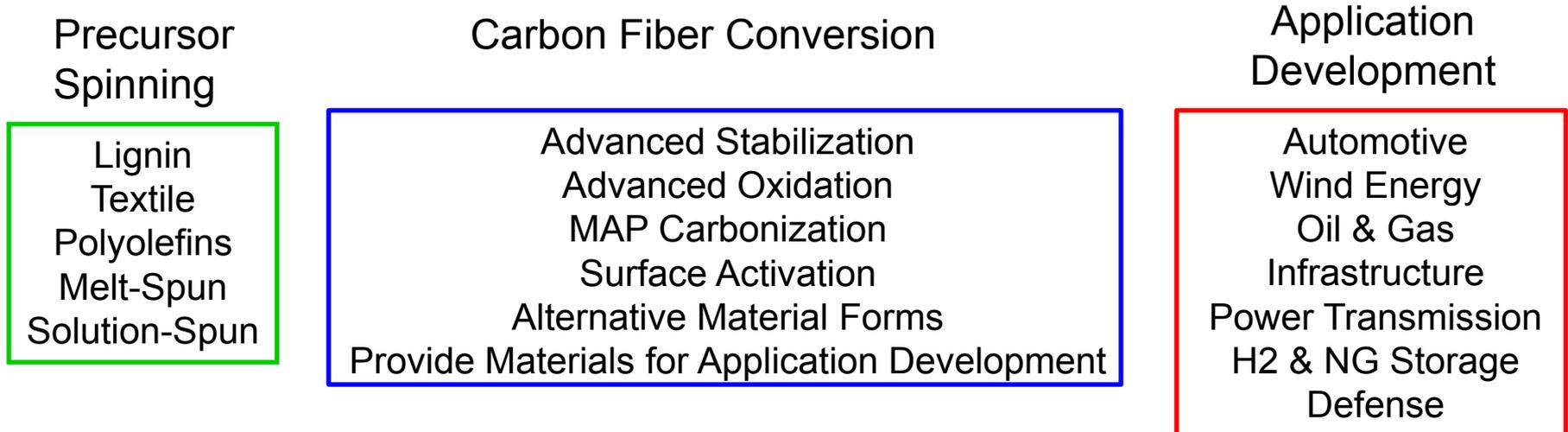
Global Market Share by Company



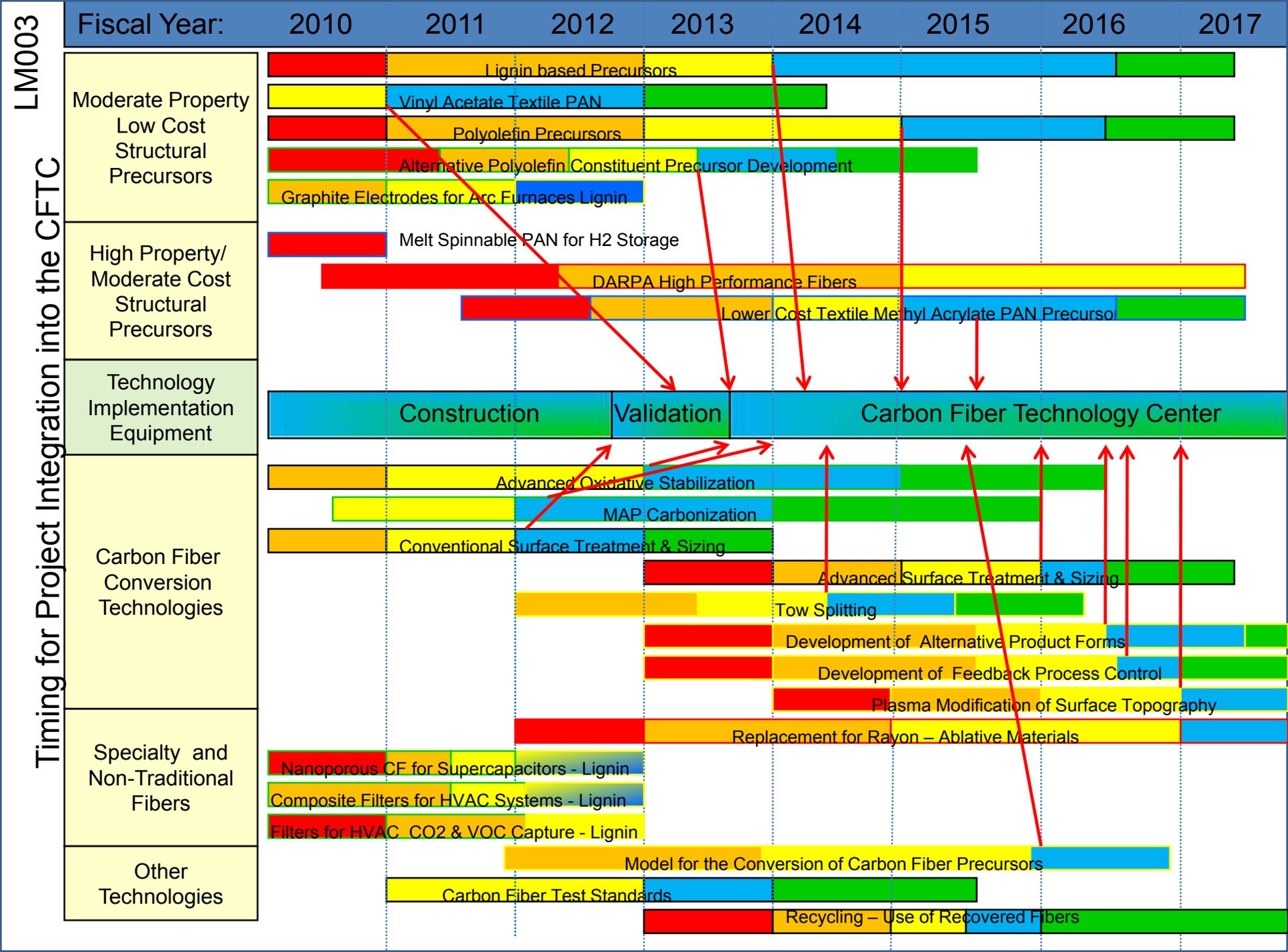
- Specify, design install, and commission a highly flexible, conventional carbon fiber conversion line of 25 ton/year capacity that can convert “**any precursor in any format**”
- Specify, design, install and commission a **melt-spun precursor** fiber production line of 50 - 145 ton/year capacity
- Conduct **industry workshops** to prepare facilities operational plan and schedule
- Design and construct infrastructure that meets operational requirements for the demonstration fiber production lines and **the future advanced technology conversion line**

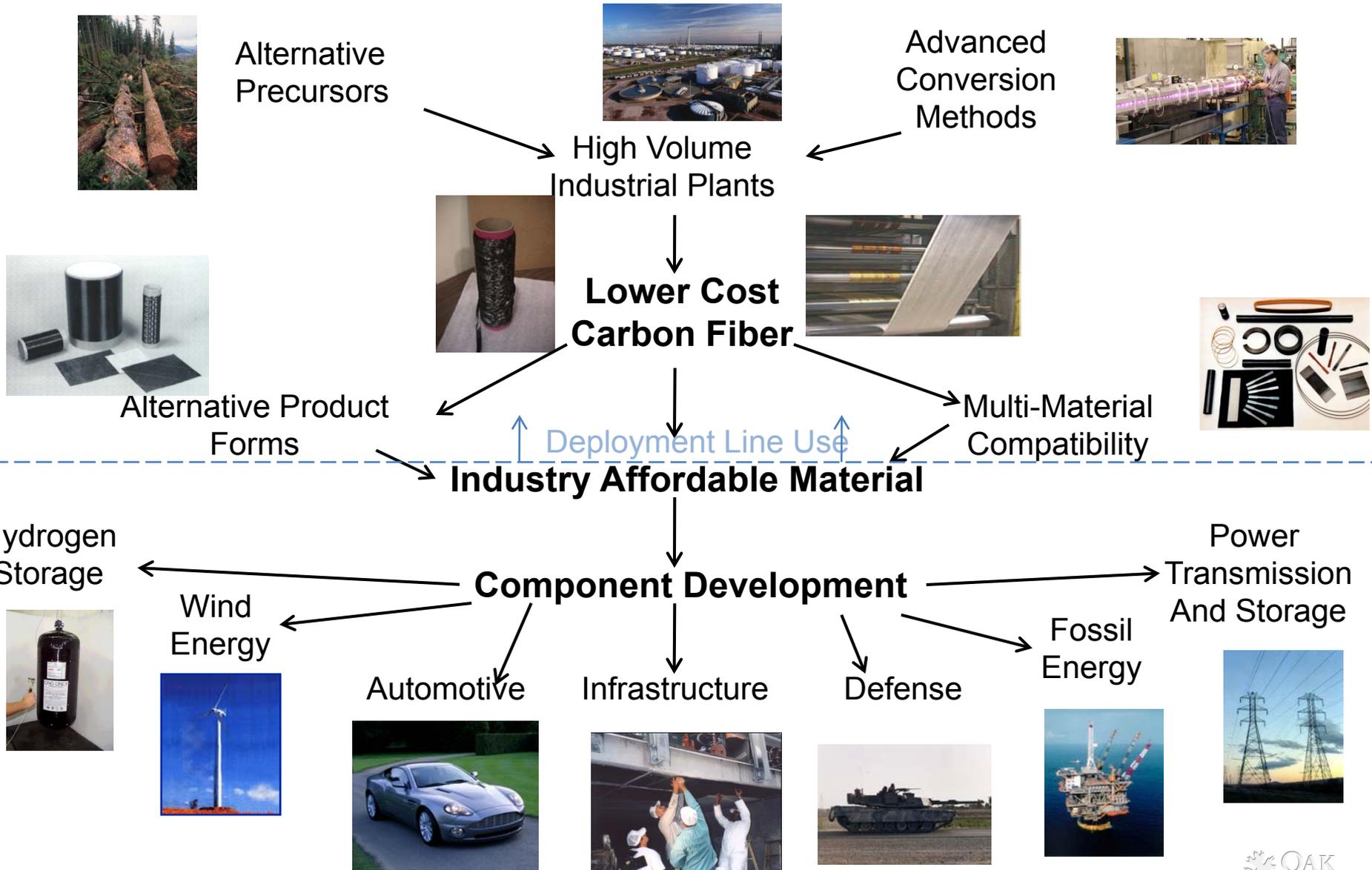


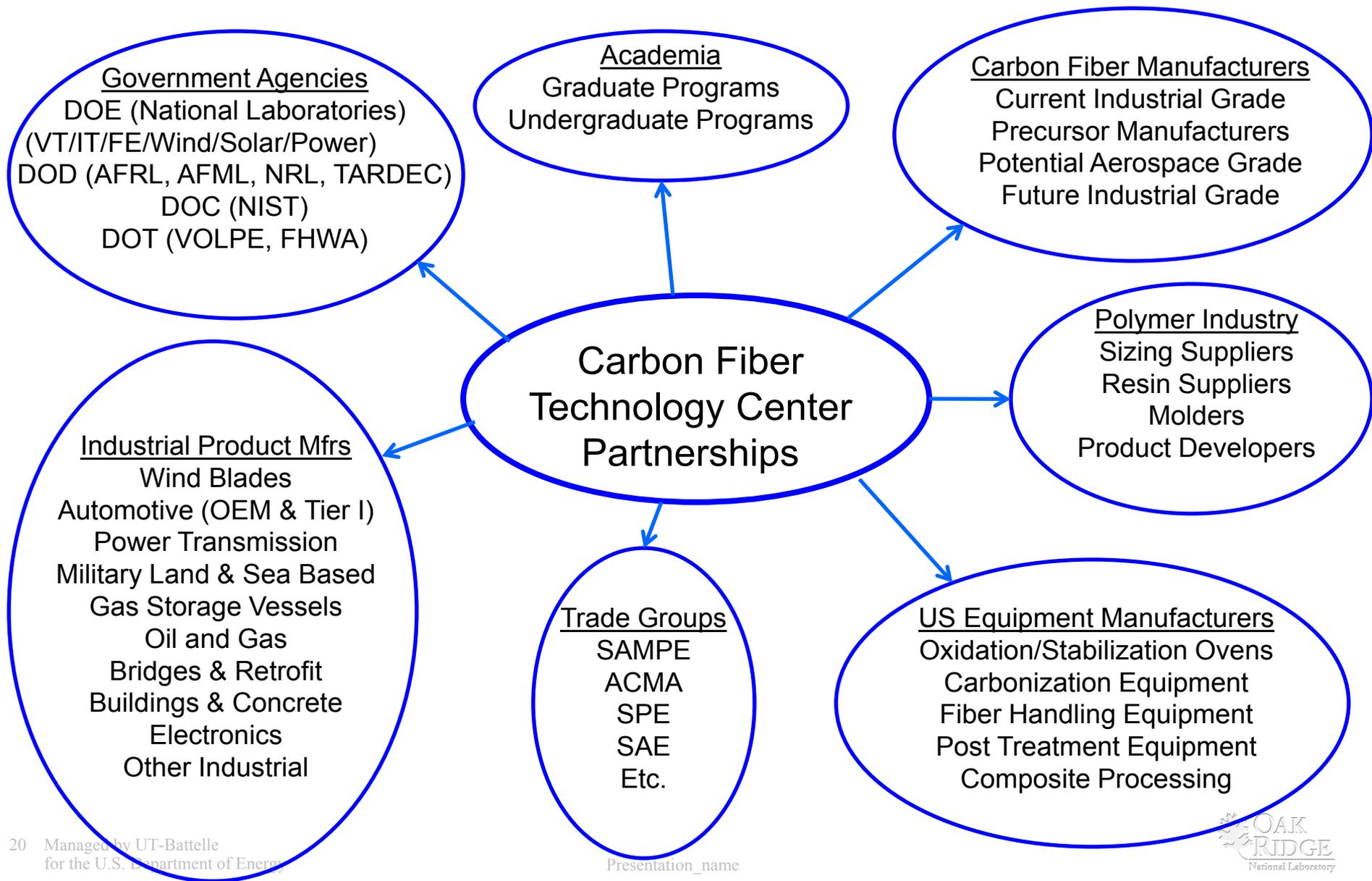
Facility will be a Center for Deployment



User facility will provide a forum for proprietary and non-proprietary work.
 Location would have to be assessable to all with relevant technologies
 Would provide the materials for application development targeted at HIGH Volume industries.





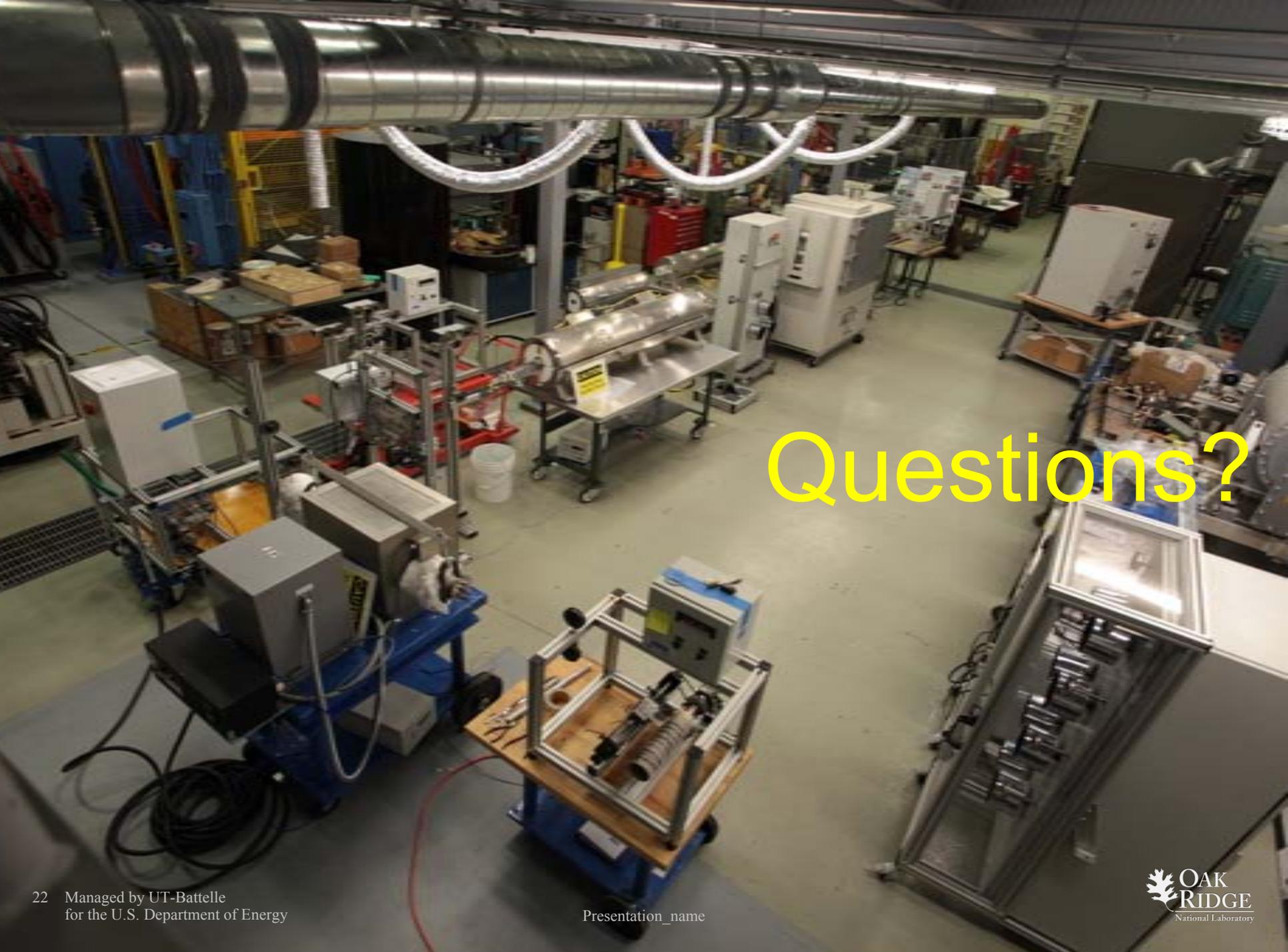


- Project will be managed in compliance with ARRA requirements

• Budget Allocations	Awarded
Total	\$ 34.7 M
– Infrastructure	\$ 14.7 M
– Carbon fiber line	\$ 14.0 M
– Precursor fiber line	\$ 6.0 M

- **Critical Milestones and Decision Points**

– CD-0 Approve mission need	Oct 2009
– Conversion line procurement award	Aug 2010
– Begin building construction	Oct 2010
– Precursor fiber line procurement award	Jan 2011
– Building complete	Jan 2012
– Equipment delivery	Feb 2012
– Equipment commissioned	Sept 2012



Questions?