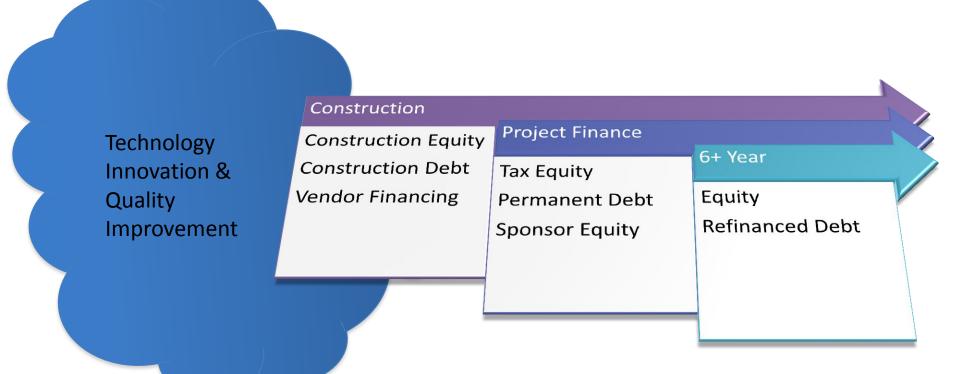
CLEANPATH VENTURES



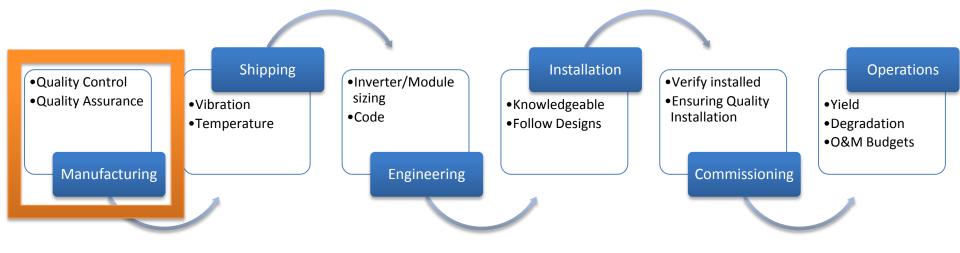
The Need for Validation from Concept to a Terrawatt

NREL Workshop August 31, 2011

Money drives the process



the quality control chain



System/Module Validation

- Inputs
 - Degradation
 - uncertain
 - PVSYST Pan Files
 - Inaccurate/Inconsistent
- Models
 - Validation of PVSYST to "real" world

- Outputs
 - Expected System Yield
 - Curve not a point
 - Probability of performance
 - Residual Value
 - How long will the products work

Perceived Certainty

Implications of performance

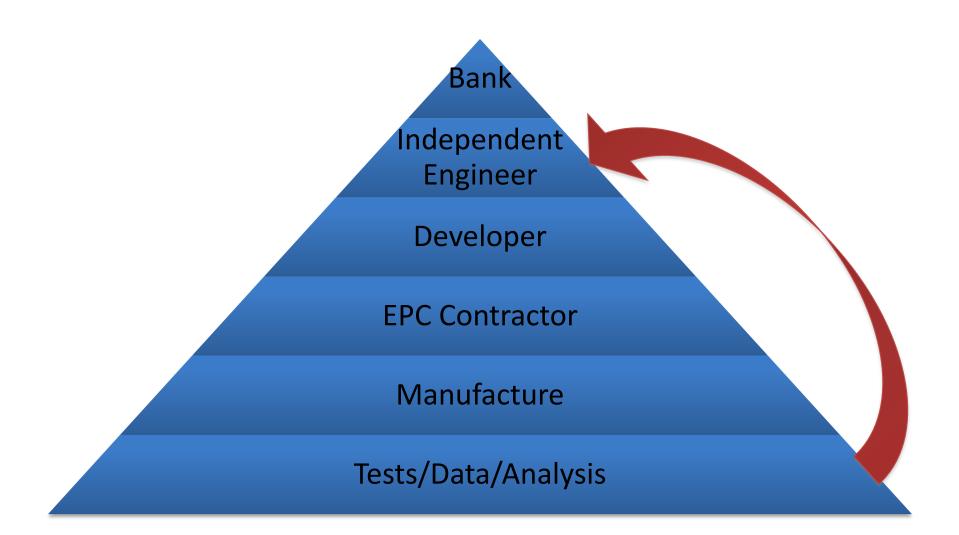
Yield	100%	101%	102%	103%	105%	109%
Development Fee	5,300	5,900	6,500	7,000	8,800	10,400
% Increase		10%	20%	31%	51%	95%
	0 75	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Degradation	0.75	0.60	0.50	0.40	0.30	0.20
Development Fee	4,600	5,300	5,900	6,500	7,000	7,600
% Increase		15%	28%	41%	52%	65%
O&M (\$/W)	28	24	20	16	12	8
Development Fee	1,800	2,600	3,400	4,200	4,900	5,700
% Increase		42%	84%	126%	169%	211%

12.5 MW System Base Yield: 1950 kWh/kWp 7% Unlevered Return 0.60 Degradation O&M \$10/MW

Monetizing Quality

- Day 0 is extremely important
- Predictability, viability, and solid sponsorship is essential.
- Every 1% increase in yield increases the project profitability 10%
- Increased certainty in degradation is worth millions
- Decreases in O&M certainty is also worth millions
- There is a magnified effect of these three variables.

Bankability



Conclusions

- Quality WILL lead to more valuable systems
- Determining quality tests that give certainty is **essential** & **difficult**
- We need better ways to prove
 - PVSYST PAN File validation
 - Quality test to determine residual value probability
 - Quality tests that establish certainty of yield
 - Quality tests that give more certainty of unscheduled maintenance
 - Quality tests that give more certainty of degradation
- More Communication earlier
- More Communication with Lenders
- More Communication with Independent Engineers

Thank YOU!

David Williams Chief Risk Officer

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