

DFC Technology Status

Pinakin Patel Mohammad Farooque

FuelCell Energy, Inc. 3 Great Pasture Road Danbury, Ct 06813



Distributed Generation

DFC power plant is an enabler for broad distributed generation

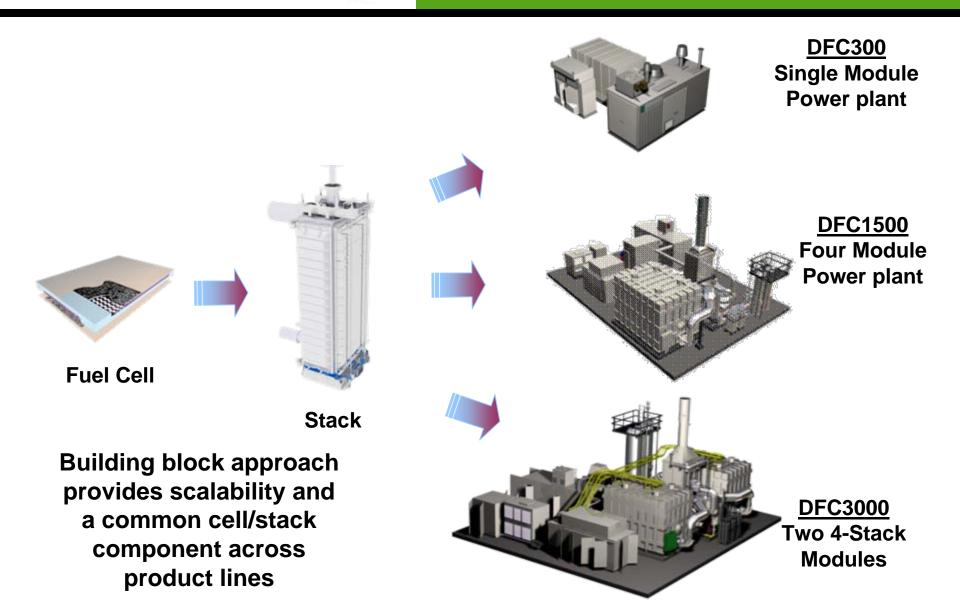
- Distributed generation puts power where it's needed
- Increases power reliability
- Near zero emissions allow units to be sited almost anywhere – even polluted urban areas
- Reduces need for central generation plants
- Reduces grid congestion and need for new transmission lines
- Distributed generation enables smart grid
- Balances the grid with 24/7 power
- Meets requirements for low carbon technology
- Smaller projects enable faster permitting, financing, and execution



600 kW at M&L Commodities



FuelCell Energy Products





DFC Typical Applications



Average-Sized Grocery Stores, 300-Bed Hotels

300 kW

1000-Bed Hotels, Convention Centers, Wastewater Treatment, Food/Beverage

300-Bed Hospitals, 2.8 MW Manufacturing, Universities



1.4 MW

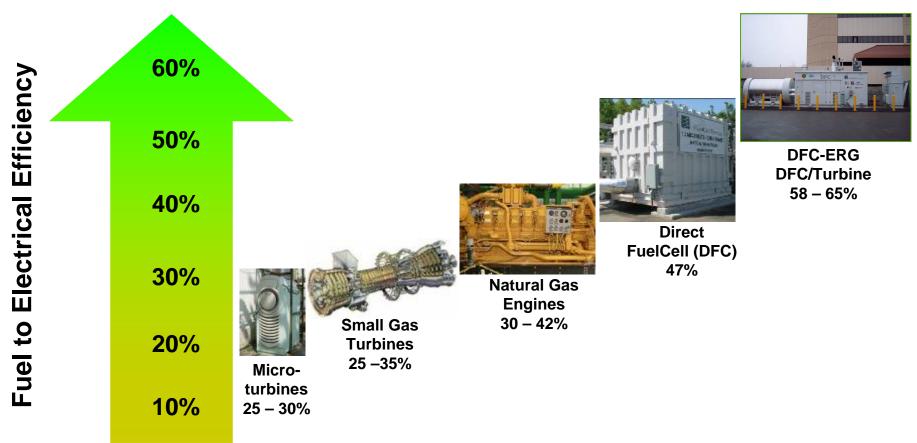






High Electrical Efficiency

DFC power plants offer the highest efficiency of any distributed generation technology



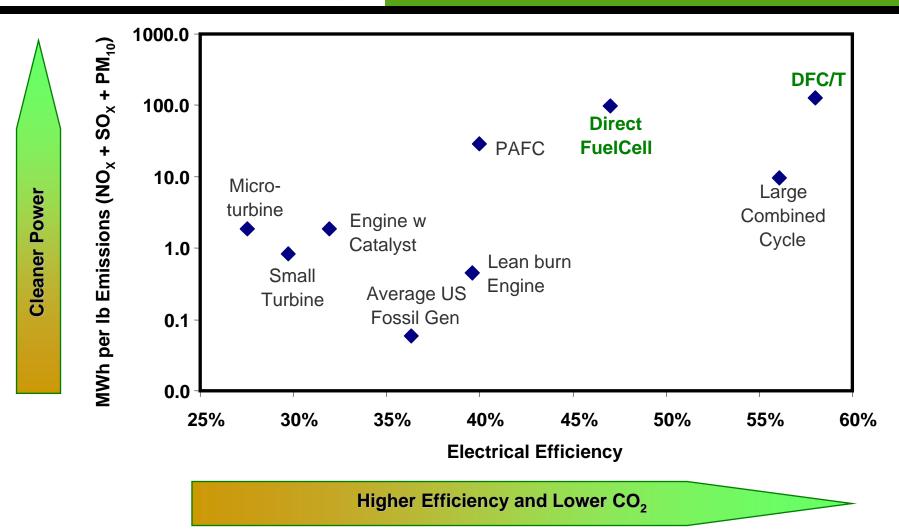


Direct Fuel Cell Emissions Compared to Others

	CO ₂ NO _X		SO _X	PM ₁₀	
	(lb/MWh)	(lb/MWh)	(lb/MWh)	(lb/MWh)	
Average US Fossil Fuel Plant	2031	5.06	11.6	0.27	
Average US Generation	1408	3.4	7.9	0.19	
Typical Small Gas Turbine	1494	1.1	0.008	0.08	
DFC (Baseline products)	980	0.01	0.0001	0.00002	
DFC Potential (at 65% Efficiency)	680	0.007	0.00007	0.00001	

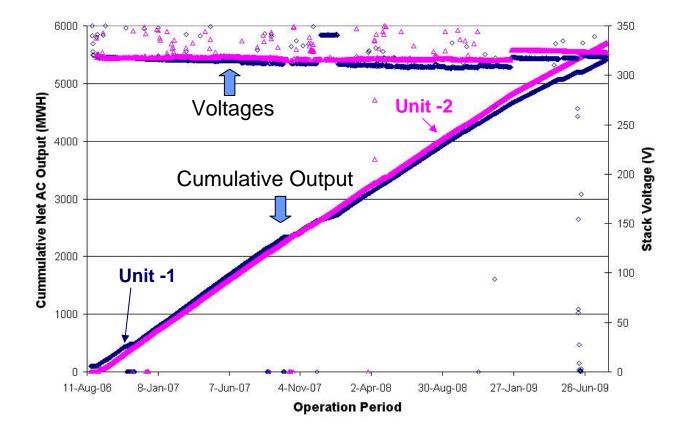


DFC: Cleanest Power at the Highest Efficiency



Source for non-DFC data: PAFC data from product brochure; Other data from "Model Regulations For The Output Of Specified Air Emissions From Smallerscale Electric Generation Resources Model Rule and Supporting Documentation", October 15, 2002; The Regulatory Assistance Project report to NREL

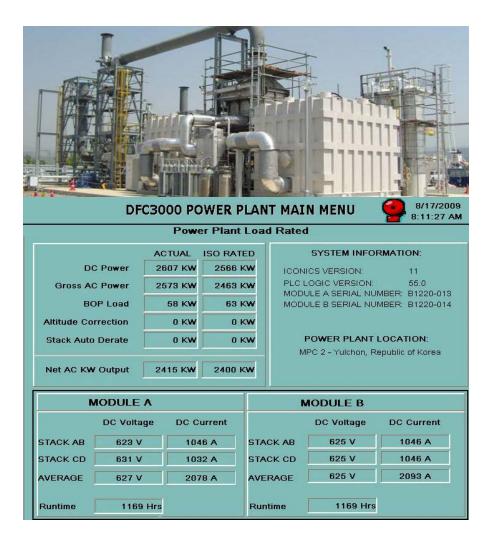




Both stacks at the Camp Pendleton site met life goals



Typical Operating Point FuelCell Energy of a 2.4 MW Power Plant





Multi-MW Scale Fuel Cells



4.8 MW Fuel Cell – Pohang, Korea



DFC Edge in Biogas Applications

- More power for given amount of biogas: Higher efficiency than any other generation at typical digester facility sizes
- Good heat to power ratio for digester support: Fuel cell makes enough heat to support digester operation
- Avoids generation of NO_x and other pollutants from flare or from other generation technologies







King County Seattle



1 MW Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plant First Site with Online Fuel Switching



Kirin Brewery Project



First SubMW Digester Gas Project, Running on Biogas from Beer Production



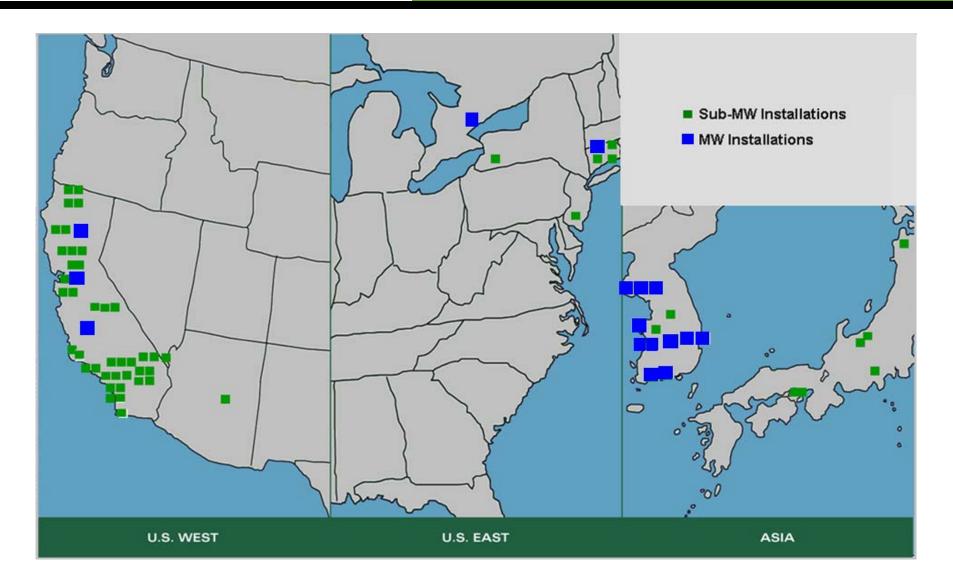
Sierra Nevada Brewery



Site with Power Generation in excess of ADG Supply First Site with Automated Fuel Blending



MW and Sub-MW DFC® Worldwide Installations





Current Market

<u>Markets</u>

- 95 MW installed/backlog
 - Japan/Korea: 72 MW
 - California/West Coast: 15 MW
 - Northeast/Canada: 5 MW
 - Europe: 2 MW
- Targeted applications
 - Grid Support: 69 MW
 - Renewable/Wastewater: 9 MW
 - Manufacturing: 7 MW
 - Hotels: 3 MW
 - University & Hospitals: 2 MW
 - Government: 3 MW
 - DFC-ERG: 2 MW





DFC Production

- Production and delivery capabilities meet current demand
- State-of-the-art manufacturing in Torrington, CT
- 70 MW capacity
- Production rate of 30 MW/year
- Strong supply chain in place
- Expansion plan to achieve 150 MW capacity



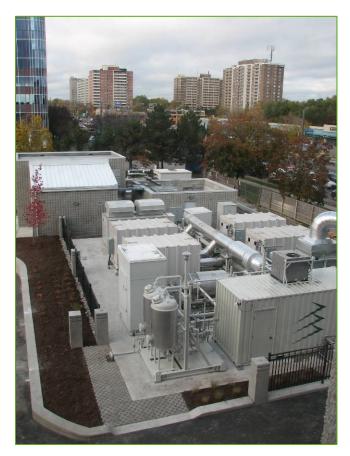






New Products: DFC ERG Status

- DFC-ERG provides heat for natural gas pipeline letdown operations
 - Byproduct heat warms gas to prevent freezing as pressure is let down from transcontinental pipelines to local lines
 - Excess electricity sold to the grid
- Improved economics and lower carbon emissions due to ~60% electrical efficiency
- First site commissioned in Toronto
- Four sites pending under Connecticut RPS program
- Market opportunity estimated at 250-350 MW in Toronto, California and the Northeast U.S.



2.2 MW DFC-ERG in Toronto



Products Under Development: DFC/T Fuel Cell Turbine Hybrid System

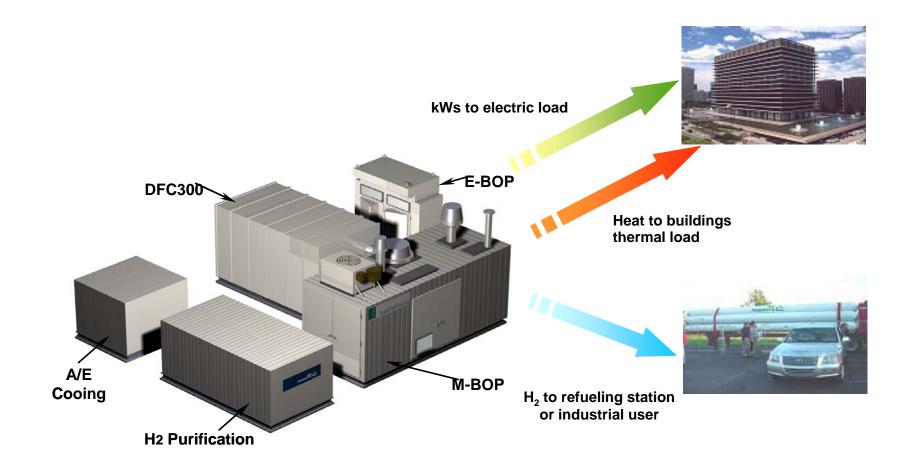
- Fuel cell waste heat drives unfired turbine
- Electrical efficiency increased from 47% to 58-60%
- Field tested in DFC300 based subMW system
- Commercial product being designed based on DFC3000, 3.4 MW rating
 - -First unit approved under CT Project 100



Billings, MT field test



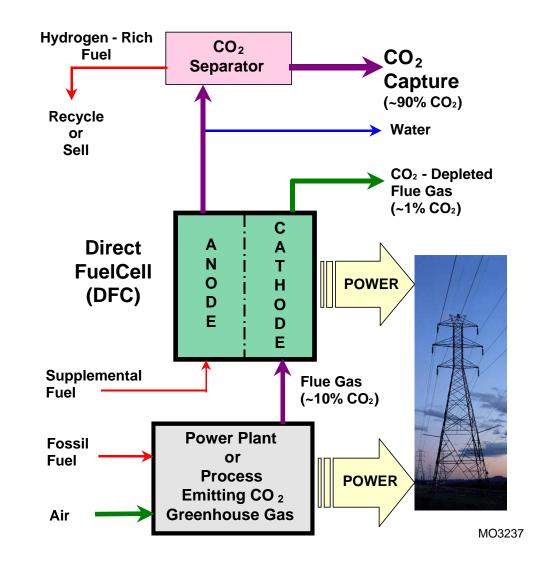
Products Under Development: Electricity and Hydrogen Coproduction





Products Under Development: Electricity Co-production and Carbon Separation

- Exhaust from fossil fuel plant used as DFC oxidant
- CO₂ from fossil fuel plant transferred and concentrated for efficient sequestration
- Produces additional power, unlike other carbon capture concepts





DFC system has shown excellent performance in separation of carbon dioxide, in the study of various types of coal fueled power plants

	Net Power		CO2			
PLANT TYPE	MW		to Environment			
	<u> </u>		lbs/N	lbs/MW hr		
	w/o DFC	with DFC	w/o DFC	with DFC		
		1				
Pulverized Coal (PC) Steam Plant	200	341	1838	108		
ACFB Steam Plant	200	353	1997	113		
IGCC Plant	200	327	1657	101		
* Preliminary results prior to inp		DFC provides additional pow	ver from t	(per unit energy produce		

results prior to input nom ruer cen test results



DFC Status Summary

- 300 kW, 1.4 MW, and 2.8 MW size products for CHP applications
- Product performance expanding markets
- Customers/applications providing repeatable order flow – Asia, California, Connecticut
- RPS and South Korean markets creating multi-MW volume (84% of the installed and backlog volume in Asia).
- Established manufacturing capability to meet current and future demand
- Cost reduction and volume on path to profitability



Pohang, Korea





Direct FuelCell Attributes

- Higher electrical efficiency than competing technologies (approaching 50% in simple cycle distributed generation applications)
- Fuel flexible (NG, biogas, propane, coal-bed methane, and methanol)
- Modular
 - Easily siteable at load centers (simple connections to grid and fuel infrastructure)
 - Near-zero NO_X , SO_X and low CO_2 emissions as well as quiet operation
 - Reliable, 24/7 power
- High grade waste heat for combined heat & power (CHP; overall efficiency can achieve 90%)
- Competitive advantage on renewable biogas over other technologies
- Enabler for transformational technologies
 - High efficiency (58-65%) combined cycle systems in small size range (DFC/T)
 - Co-production of electricity and hydrogen (DFC-H₂)
 - Co-production of electricity from coal and CO₂ separation
 - High efficiency energy (>60%) recovery generation (DFC-ERG) system





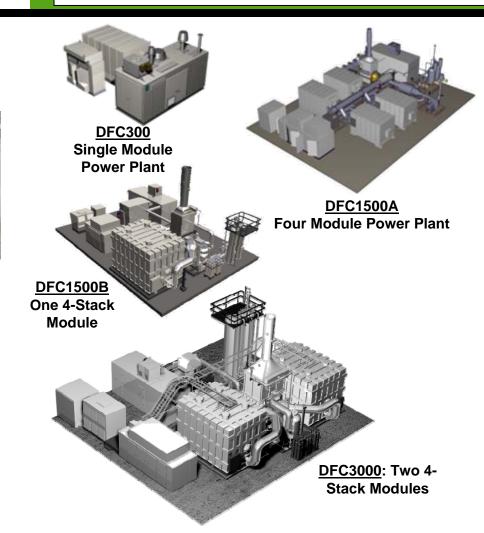
Cell Package and Stack



Single-Stack Module

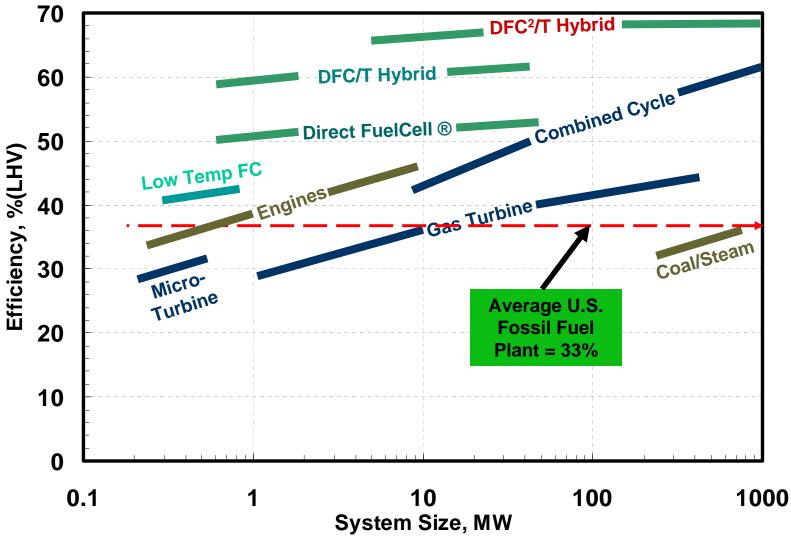


Four-Stack Module





Direct Fuel Cell Efficiency Comparison with Competition





DFC Production Readiness

- Production and delivery capabilities meet current demand
- State-of-the-art manufacturing in Torrington, CT
- 70 MW/yr capacity
 - Current production rate 30 MW/year
- Strong supply chain in place
- Expansion plan to achieve 150 MW capacity



Torrington, CT

