SURVEY OF SMALL COMMERCIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY FINANCE PROGRAMS SPONSORED BY STATE GOVERNMENTS



Background of Small Commercial Finance Program Survey

- Includes 20 States (mostly identified from database of state incentives for renewable energy, DSIRE)
- Sponsoring programs for:
 - small commercial (generally defined as 30,000 square feet or less and/or 150 kW or less) or
 - both small and large commercial sectors
- Discussions with program managers
- Creation of a table of program elements
- Identification of commonalities
- □ Identification of lessons learned

Elements of a Small Commercial Finance Program

- Authority
- Program Sponsor
- Marketing
- Product type and terms
- Eligible borrower, eligible property and security
- Source of Funds
- Operations: underwriting, origination, servicing and collections
- Loanp erformance, delinquency and defaults
- Reporting

Financing Program Operations

- Application Process
- Underwriting the loan:
 - Borrower
 - Property
 - Energy Project
- Establishing security for the loan
- Documentation and Processing
- Closing and Funding
- Boarding loan to servicing platform
- □ Invoicing the borrower and processing remittances
- Delinquency and default management

Finance Program Commonalities

- □ Authority: Legislative
- Sponsor: Energy Department or Economic Development Agency
- Source of funds: ARRA, state bonds, oil over-charge, utility charge
- Loan type: Installment
- Incentive feature: low interest rate, typically 0% 5%
- Underwriter: bank partner or in-house
- □ Max Loan amount: \$30,000
- □ **Typical Loan term**: 5 10 years
- Fees: \$200 or 1% of loan amount
- Security: mixed, unsecured, UUC-1, personal guaranteed first or second lien

Lessons Learned by Respondents

Extensive Planning is Critical

- Finance programs are complex and have many elements
- Experienced partners can add significant value but can also bring complexity and communications issues
- Information technology is critical to managing these programs
- There are numerous ways to reduce the interest rate with sources of funds and credit enhancement

Lessons Learned by Respondents

Underwriting

- The underwriting needs to be thought-out carefully to limit losses
- Numerous databases can inform the underwriting (FICO,Pa ydex,D&B)
- A scoring system can make decisions uniform



Oregon Energy Loan

Financing Oregon Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

Small-Scale Energy Loan Program (SELP)

- Authorized in Oregon Constitution
 - Article XI-J
 - General Obligation (GO) bonding authority limited to 0.5% of the value of non-exempt taxable property
 - 2009-11: SELP authorized to issue \$250 million additional GO bond authority



SELP Loan Uses

- SELP loans provide customers long term fixed rates, supported by specific technical expertise
- SELP projects conserve energy or generate renewable energy, promote alternate fuels and save energy by recycling.
- Loan fees and interest pay for program costs
 no cost to taxpayers.



SELP Facts



- Easy to deal with easy process
- Flexibility on terms and structure
- SELP can use other collateral and work with the existing debt structure
- Can include most costs in the loan, e.g. study, design, engineering, installation, commissioning
- Fuel blind and impartial to equipment brand or specific contractor
- Technical help and second opinion of more complex projects
- Leverage with utility incentives, tax credits and other loans on same project
- Projects required to be fully secured.



SELP Program Accomplishments

Projects: 828 as of Dec. 31, 2010

• Commitments: \$540,000,000

Public Sector
 Private Sector

– OUS \$84.9M Solar PV \$2.8M

– Muni \$ 3.4M Comm'l RE \$2.5M

Irrigation \$30.6MRes. EE\$500K

\$2.1M in net interest earnings FYE 6/30/2010 **

** SELP Biennial Report through 6/30/2010



SELP Projects





EasyStreet Online Services \$4,500,000

- EasyStreet's data center expansion project
 - incorporates green technology to reduce operating expenses and conserve power.
 - Efficiency measures include
 - more efficient transformers
 - more efficient UPS (uninterruptible power supply),
 - High efficiency efficient cooling system.
 - Savings est. 2,319,648 kWh.





Finley Bio-Energy \$1,993,876

- Power generation expansion project w/CHP
- 15 landfill gas wells and the purchase and installation of a 3rd 1.6MW Caterpillar enginegenerator set with heat recovery.
- Increase power production 2,650 MWh per year
- Recoverable waste heat will dry 10,000 lbs of onions per day at the adjacent processing plant.





\$556,000



PV Array installed on Salem Headquarters

- 99.84 kW system
- Portland General Electric awarded Feedin tariff





Food for Lane County \$500,000

- Solar electric generation project installed at the nonprofit Food for Lane County in Eugene.
- Third Party Ownership with charitable transfer
 - Project owner retains possession of the solar array during the payback period
 - When the SELP loan is paid off, the project and associated energy income to will be donated the charity.
 - The system rated at 85.54 kW and generates about 92,639 kWh of clean energy annually.





Swalley Irrigation District \$217,500

- Serves agricultural customers in Deschutes County
- \$2,090,000 project cost
- SELP loan used to close financing gap



Swalley Irrigation District







Goals of the Program

The AlabamaSAVESTM structure is a public/private partnership designed to enhance business-as-usual lending practices for financial institutions in the State of Alabama and offer an attractive benefit to Lenders and their borrower customers



Prescribed Program Elements

Program capitalized with \$25M of SEP funds

Prescribed elements:

Minimum loan size: \$250,000 Maximum loan size: \$4,000,000

Funding cap: Up to 100% of cost of improvement

Interest rate: 2% per annum, fixed, to borrower with quarterly

readjustments to subsidized rate after 12 months

Eligible projects: RE/EE retrofits

Eligible borrowers: Any Alabama qualified owner of C&I property

Loan term: Blended useful life of improvements up to 10 years

Loan security: Security for each loan will include, on a case-by-case

basis, (i) any payment obligations of the borrower, (ii)

the collateral value of the improvements, (iii) any

additional security interest and/or pledge provided by

the borrower, including without limitation cash

collateral and/or parent guarantees, and (iv) the Loan

Loss Reserve

Program goals: Energy savings and sector and geographically diverse

economic development



Leverage Targets and Other Terms

Our services include achieving targeted aggregate loan pool of \$60M while maintaining maximum commercially reasonable principal integrity

Principal Loan Pool: \$12.5 million of the SEP funds

Leveraged Loan Pool: Approximately \$48 million committed by the private

capital providers based on their participation in the

benefits of the \$12.5 million of credit enhancements

Program Lenders: Capital providers agreeing to lend up to the amount of

the Leveraged Loan Pool in accordance with the terms of

the Participation Agreement, Loan Loss Reserve

Agreement, Interest Rate Buydown Agreements and

related agreements

Collateral Agent/Servicer: Abundant Power for loans from the Principal Loan Pool;

the applicable Program Lender for loans from the

Leveraged Loan Pool



Credit Enhancements – LLR and IRB

Primary credit enhancements:

Loan Loss Reserve: 10% of the amount of each loan from the Leveraged

Loan Pool will be deposited as additional security

Loss Allocation: The Loan Loss Reserve subaccount held for a Program

Lender shall be for the benefit of the Program Lender

without regard to a specific Program Loan

Events of Loss: Defined per relevant loan documents

Net Loss Amount: Outstanding principal plus three months accrued

interest

Reserve Percentage: Agreed upon percentage of the Net Loss Amount

Withdrawals from Reserve: Net Loss Amount multiplied by the Reserve

Percentage

Interest rate buydown: Payment from the IRB Account capped at limit

defined in Participation Agreement to achieve target

interest rate

Principal repayment: If to Program Lenders, associated Loan Loss Reserve

amount released to support a new Program Loan; If to ADECA under Principal Loan Pool, ADECA shall determine whether to relend or transfer to LLR/IRB to

support Leveraged Loan Pool



New Partners

Efficiency Savings Finance Partner – Metrus Energy

- Metrus will enter into an Efficiency Savings Agreement (ESA) directly with the customer and fund 100% of all project design, engineering, and construction costs
- First SEP incorporating the ESA structure
- Customers will pay Metrus a price per unit of energy savings that is an output-based charge set at or below existing utility prices, resulting in reduced operating expenses for customers
- Metrus owns and is responsible for ongoing maintenance services for all equipment, with customer buyout options available
- Originating through ESCO channels
- May allow for service contract accounting treatment

Marketing Partner – Efficiency Finance

- "Efficiency University" to qualify and manage eligible contractors
- Driving originations through non-ESCO channels
- Strong presence in market



Additional Elements

The following items may be included in the Program pending final negotiation with other Program partners:

- "Side car" bond pool to fund all or a portion of balance of qualifying project costs
- Hedging mechanism
- Utility loan guarantees
- Loan Purchase Agreements

Program will be managed by:

• Loan Review Committee comprised of ADECA, Abundant Power and appointed representatives



Contact Information

Abundant Power Solutions 1523 Elizabeth Avenue, Suite 200 Charlotte, NC 28204 www.abundantpower.com

Larry Ostema
Managing Partner
lostema@abundantpower.com
704-271-9887



Upcoming BetterBuildings Webinars



Engaging Small Business Program Participants

May 11, 3:00-4:30 PM ET

Registration: https://www2.gotomeeting.com/register/547198659

Getting Useful Real-Time Feedback about your Program

May 25, 3:00-4:30 PM ET

Registration: https://www2.gotomeeting.com/register/806732827