DOE Systems Engineering Methodology (SEM)

Stage Exit Process Guide

Version 3

September 2002



U.S. Department of Energy Office of the Chief Information Officer

Table of Contents

Section

Page

1
1
1
1
1
2
2
2
2
3
4
4
4
4
4
5
6
6
6
7
7
7
8
8
8
9

List of Examples

Exam	ple Page
1	Stage Exit Notification Memo11
2	Stage Exit Distribution List
3	Stage Exit Participation - LAN Project
4	Stage Exit Participation - Mainframe Project
5	Stage Exit Participation - Client/Server Project
6	Stage Exit Position Response Form - Sent to Approver
7	Stage Exit Position Response Form - Concur With Qualifications
8	Stage Exit Position Response Form - Non-Concur

List of Templates

Stage Exit Notification Memo	20
Stage Exit Position Response Form	21

Section: 1.0 Overview

Introduction: The DOE Systems Engineering Methodology (SEM) describes the standard system development lifecycle (SDLC) used for information systems developed and maintained for the Department Of Energy. For better manageability and control, each system development effort is organized into logical, related segments called stages. Each stage must be exited (approved) before the next stage can begin. The decision points (checkpoints) at the end of each stage are called Stage Exits.

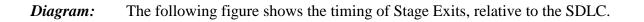
A Stage Exit is the vehicle for securing the concurrence (i.e., approval) of designated individuals to continue with the project and move forward into the next stage of development or maintenance. The concurrence is an approval (sign-off) of the deliverables for the current stage of development including the project plan. It indicates that all qualifications (issues and concerns) have been closed or have an acceptable plan for resolution.

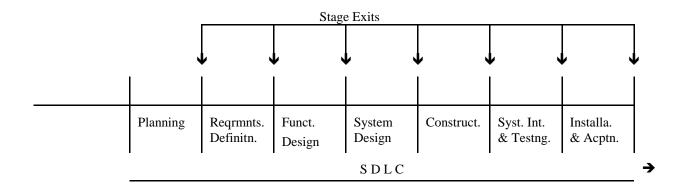
Purpose: The purpose of a Stage Exit is to:

- Allow all functional areas involved with the project to review the current project plan. This includes, at a minimum, a detailed plan for the next stage, and high-level plans for the remainder of the project.
- Provide a forum to raise qualifications (issues and concerns) if issues exist that will impact the project plan.
- Ensure an acceptable action plan exists for all qualifications raised.
- Obtain concurrence on current stage deliverables, and to begin the next stage of development.
- *Applicability:* This process is applicable to all system development and maintenance efforts that follow the SEM.

Timing/

Frequency: A Stage Exit is conducted at the end of each stage of development or maintenance.





Process

Ownership: The responsibilities of the Stage Exit process owner include approving the initial process definition document, approving changes during process improvement, assuring the process is working once implemented, and conducting ongoing process improvement. The process was originally developed with the support of a cross-functional process team.

The team developed the Stage Exit process under the direction of the DOE Chief Information Officer. After initial implementation, members of the team have met periodically to review process improvement recommendations.

Change

Control: The Stage Exit process is a component of the SEM. Changes to this process will be instituted using the same change mechanism that has been implemented to process changes to the SEM. Refer to the SEM for additional information.

Relationship to

Other System

Development

Processes: The Stage Exit process is a primary component of the DOE SEM. Together with other processes it serves to assure a consistent and predictable outcome in the resulting systems and solutions. The Stage Exit process is complementary to other processes such as In-Stage Assessments and Structured Walkthroughs.

Process Measurements:

Defines the measurements that will allow for determining the effectiveness of the process at work. The main process measurement vehicle will be qualifications (issues) that are raised and closed. For each stage, the following qualification data should be collected:

- Quantity
- Severity Level
 - Low
 - Medium
 - High
- Qualifications Closed
- Qualifications Remaining Open

There are a number of tools that can be used to help track qualifications. These range from a word processor like Word Perfect to a project manager like Microsoft Project.

- Scope: The Stage Exit process begins with a notification to the extended project team (e.g., system owner, user point-of-contact, support areas) that a stage exit has been scheduled. The process ends with the receipt of concurrence from the designated approvers to proceed to the next stage. Concurrence indicates that all known issues have an acceptable plan for resolution.
- The customers of the Stage Exit process are those individuals or organizations that will Customers: use the output of the process. The primary customers are:
 - \$ Systems engineering team
 - System owner
 - \$ \$ \$ \$ User point of contact (POC)
 - Quality Assurance (QA)
 - Information Architecture (IA)
 - \$ **DOE Security**

Suppliers: The following individuals or organizations provide input to the Stage Exit process:

- System owner
- \$ \$ Project manager's manager
- \$ User POC
- \$ OA
- \$ Support areas

Input: The following are the minimum inputs to the Stage Exit process:

- \$ System development lifecycle deliverable(s)
- \$ \$ Initial project plan (planning stage)
- Updated project plan (all subsequent stages)
- \$ \$ Issues to be addressed (generic)
- Qualifications from the approvers
- \$ Issues that remain open from the In-Stage Assessment

Diagram: The following diagram depicts the Stage Exit process flow.

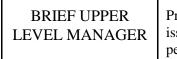
Planning Stage:

PLAN PROJECT'S STAGE EXITS	Stage Exit Milestones defined in the project plan for each SEM stage
-------------------------------	--

All Stages:

SCHEDULE CURRENT EXIT	Schedule exit for the current stage; notify participants (memo)
DISTRIBUTE CURRENT PROJECT PLAN	Distribute current project plan and any other items needed to exit stage
RECEIVE POSITIONS	Receive positions and qualifications (if any) from participants
PREPARE ACTION PLANS	Prepare plans to resolve qualifications (if any were raised)
CONDUCT CLOSURE MEETING	Present plans for addressing qualifications and secure concurrence

Periodic:



Provide a briefing of status, issues, risk, from the QA perspective

Plan Stage

Exits: In the Planning stage, the planned date for exiting each stage of development is identified and documented in the project plan. It is common practice for the Stage Exit date for the next stage to be more specific and the dates for subsequent stages to be high level milestones.

Schedule

- *Exit:* For each stage, as soon as practical, the actual Stage Exit date should be established and the exit meeting scheduled. Two or three weeks prior to the exit meeting, a memo is sent to all persons participating in the stage exit to communicate the following information.
 - \$ Notify participants that a stage exit has been scheduled. Participants include approvers (e.g., system owner), support area representatives (e.g., Network Engineering), and individuals with a need to know (e.g., contractor management).
 - Request that the approvers provide feedback one week before the exit meeting. This will allow the project manager¹ time to work issues and develop action plans prior to the exit meeting.
 - \$ Invite participants to attend the exit meeting.

Examples of a memo, distribution list, and response forms are provided in the example section of this guide.

Distribute

Materials: The current project plan, and any other material relevant to exiting the stage, should be distributed to the participants² along with the memo. Relevant materials include known issues and unplanned deliverables.

The participants should be familiar with planned deliverables (e.g. the Requirements document in the Requirements Definition stage) since it is common practice for them to review drafts as they are developed. If this is not the case, then planned deliverables also need to be distributed at this time.

The project plan is dynamic and typically undergoing changes up to the last minute, and is distributed (together or under separate cover) at the same time as the stage exit notification memo.

¹ Project manager is the generic term for the person responsible for planning and day-to-day control of the project; may also be referred to as task leader, team manager, or project leader.

² In the Planning Stage, participants include <u>all</u> support areas.

Receive

Positions: A position is required from the list of approvers. This position can be concur, concur with qualifications, or non-concur. The implication of each is as follows:

- \$ Concur Proceed with the project according to the current plan. An example would be where the approver is not aware of any issues for the current stage.
- \$ Concur with qualifications There are issues or concerns. The project can proceed according to the current plan if an acceptable action plan is developed for each issue by the stage exit meeting. An example would be where there is no plan for testing an interface to an existing system that is being changed.
- \$ Non-concur There are very significant issues or concerns. The project should not move to the next stage until issue(s) are resolved. An example would be where funding for the project has been withdrawn or not appropriated.

All qualifications (issues/concerns) must be communicated to the project manager. The position response form contains space for this purpose, however other forms of communication may be used.

Responses are not required from individuals in the "Support" or "Information" categories of the distribution list; however, they are encouraged to review the deliverables and provide feedback that may have an impact on the project plan.

Prepare

Action

Plans:

The project manager must prepare an action plan to address each qualification received. Sometimes action plans extend beyond the stage exit milestone. This is acceptable, if it will not negatively impact the current project plan. These action plans are then presented at the stage exit meeting.

Conduct

Exit

Meeting: At the exit meeting, the project manager presents positions from the approvers, along with qualifications raised during the stage exit process, and issues that remain open from the In-Stage Assessment (ISA). Action plans must also be presented for each qualification or issue. The objective is to demonstrate that all issues have been resolved, the current plan is sound, and the project is under control.

The results of the meeting are documented in summary form, and include positions, qualifications, action plans, and follow up activity.

Output: The following are work products produced when the Stage Exit process is executed:

- \$ Positions from the approvers
- \$ Qualifications (if any) from review of the deliverables
- \$ Action plans to resolve all qualifications/issues

Meeting

Outcome: The results of the exit meeting will determine the next step in the development process. The project will proceed in one of the following directions:

- Project proceeds to the next stage according to plan. There were no qualifications raised.
- Project proceeds to the next stage according to plan. All qualifications raised had an acceptable action plan.
- Project cannot proceed to the next stage because significant issues were raised that do not have acceptable action plans to resolve; e.g., funding withdrawn. Schedule a follow-up exit meeting to review action plans and reach concurrence to proceed or terminate the project.

Quality

- *Assurance:* Periodically, (e.g. quarterly) the quality assurance analyst will brief the senior or upper level manager (e.g. functional, or contract manager if appropriate) regarding the health and well being of the project, from the QA analyst's perspective. This will minimize the possibility of any surprises later and, if issues exist, they can be addressed timely. The briefing should cover the following areas:
 - \$ Project status
 - \$ Issue(s) (if any)
 - \$ Project risk(s)
 - \$ Action(s) required to remove issues or mitigate risk

Prior to briefing the upper level manager, the QA analyst will brief the project manager and the project manager's manager. This should be more as a matter of courtesy; there should be no surprises, since these persons are involved with the project ongoing.

If serious issues exist, the QA analyst will provide a briefing on an unscheduled basis, rather than wait until the next periodic meeting.

Responsibility

Matrix: The following matrix provides an example of the responsibilities of various parties involved in the Stage Exit process.

A - Project Manager (1)	А	В	C	D	Е	F	G	
B - Support Areas (2)								
C - Quality Assurance (QA)								
D - System Owner								
E - User Poc								
F - Project Manager's Manager (3)								
G - Process Owner/Team								
Schedule Stage Exit	Р		S					
Distribute current project plan and other materials	Р		S					
Review project plan etc.		R	R	R	R	R		
Concur/non-concur			Р	Р	Р	Р		
Prepare action plans	Р							
Conduct exit meeting	Р		S					
Monitor process effectiveness			Р				S	
Continuous process improvement	S		S			S	Р	

P = Perform R = Review S = Support

(1) Project Manager is the generic term for the person responsible for planning and day-to-day control of the project; may also be referred to as task leader, team manager, project leader.

(2) For example, Information Development, Training, Network Planning.

(3) The Project Manager's manager or above.

Example Forms

The following pages provide filled-in examples that can be used as a guide for completing the Stage Exit documents.

Example 1 Stage Exit Notification Memo

Date: April 15, 2002

To: Distribution list

From: John Doe, Project Manager

Subject: Requirements Definition Stage Exit for the New Billing System

The Requirements Definition Stage Exit for the New Billing System (NBS) has been scheduled. The exit meeting will be held on June 1, 2002 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. at the Important Building, room A410. Positions, qualifications, and action plans will be reviewed at this meeting.

The review material is attached. A response is required by May 15, from those persons designated as approvers on the distribution list. All others are encouraged to provide feedback and attend the exit meeting. The approver's response may be a position of concur, concur with qualifications (issues), or non-concur. A position form is attached for your convenience. A non-response has the effect of a concurrence for that approver.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (301) 555-1234 or Mary Smith at (301) 555-1235 for assistance.

Project Manager

Attachment

cc: Distribution list (attached) Project notebook/file

> (memo only) As appropriate

Example 2 Stage Exit Distribution List

Distribution list:

APPROVAL

A. B. Brown	Client Representative
C. D. Green	Project Mgr.' s Mgr.
E. F. Grey	User POC
G. H. White	Quality Assurance
A. A. Azur	System Owner
U. B. Blue	Information Architecture
I. M. Coral	DOE Security

Function

Concurs that project is ready to proceed into next stage, based on completed deliverables for the current stage, a sound revised project plan for next stage, and no open issues.

SUPPORT ³		Function
I. J. Smith	Documentation	Reviews revised project plan for their
K. L. Jones	Network Engineering	functional area involvement and services
M. N. King	Training	that project is dependent upon.
N. N. Reece	Testing Support	Provides feedback to the project manager.
Q. R. Other	others as appropriate	

INFORMATION

Q. R. Here	Owner management
S. T. There	User management
U. V. Every	Contractor management
W. X. Where	others as appropriate

Function

Provided for information purposes. Feedback is welcome, but not required.

 $^{^{3}}$ In the Planning Stage, the distribution list must include <u>all</u> support areas. In subsequent stages, only the support areas involved.

Example 3 Stage Exit Participation - LAN Project

	Planning	Reqrmts	Functl Design	System Design	Construc- tion	Soft Intg & Testng	Instaln & Acptn	
APPROVERS	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	
System Owner	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
User POC	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Project Mgr.' s Mgr.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Quality Assurance	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Information Architecture	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
DOE Security	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
SUPPORT AREAS								
Network Engineering	Ν	Х			Х		Х	
Network Operations	N		Х		X		X	
Computer Operations	N							
Data Base Administration	N							
System Software Administr.	N							
Documentation	N	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	
Training	N		Х		Х	Х	Х	
Records Management	N					Х		
IRM Planning	N					Х		

SE = Stage Exit.

R = Participation is required.

N = Notification. All areas are notified when the first Stage Exit is scheduled.

X = Sample selection.

Note: This is only an example. The project manager must identify those support areas who need to participate in each stage of development for a given project. The actual list of participants may vary from the example provided.

Example 4 Stage Exit Participation - Mainframe Project

	Planning	Soft Intg & Testng	Instaln & Acptn				
APPROVERS	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE
System Owner	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
User POC	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Project Mgr.'s Mgr.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Quality Assurance	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Information Architecture	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DOE Security	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
SUPPORT AREAS							
Network Engineering	N						
Network Operations	N						
Computer Operations	Ν			Х	Х	Х	Х
System Programming	Ν			Х	Х		Х
Data Base Administration	Ν	Х			Х	Х	Х
System Software Administr.	Ν	Х		Х	Х	Х	
Capacity Planning	N			Х	Х		
Documentation	Ν	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Training	N		Х		Х	X	Х
Records Management	N					Х	
IRM Planning	Ν					Х	

SE = Stage Exit.

R = Participation is required.

N = Notification. All areas are notified when the first Stage Exit for a project is scheduled.

X = Sample selection.

Note: This is only an example. The project manager must identify those support areas who need to participate in each stage of development for a given project. The actual list of participants may vary from the example provided.

Example 5 Stage Exit Participation - Client/Server Project

	Planning	Reqrmts	Fuctnl Design	System Design	Construc- tion	Soft Intg & Testng	Instaln & Acptn
APPROVERS	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE
System Owner	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
User POC	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Project Mgr.'s Mgr.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Quality Assurance	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Information Architecture	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DOE Security	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
SUPPORT AREAS					-		
Network Engineering	N	Х			X		х
Network Operations	N		Х		Х		Х
Computer Operations	Ν	Х					
System Programming	Ν		Х				
Data Base Administration	Ν	Х	Х	x			
System Software Administr.	Ν						
Capacity Planning	Ν		Х	X			
Documentation	Ν	Х	Х	X	Х		Х
Training	Ν		Х		Х	Х	Х
Records Management	Ν					Х	
IRM Planning	Ν					Х	

SE = Stage Exit.

R = Participation is required.

N = Notification. All areas are notified when the first Stage Exit is scheduled.

X = Sample selection.

Note: This is only an example. The project manager must identify those support areas who need to participate in each stage of development for a given project. The actual list of participants may vary from the example provided.

Example 6 Stage Exit Position Response Form

	******* TO BE SENT TO APPROVERS *******
Project name	: <u>New Billing System (NBS)</u>
Project stage	: <u>Analysis</u>
Return form	to: John Doe, Project Manager CXXI / Room 1234
Return by:	<u>May 15, 2002</u>
	ed with the project according to the current plan. Ir with qualifications. (s) exist. The project can proceed according to the current plan if there is an acceptable action plan for each issue
Non-c	stage exit meeting. concur. icant issue(s) exist. The project should not proceed to the next stage until the issue(s) is resolved.
Approver:	<u>C. D. Whomever</u> (please print)
Signed:	Date

Example 7 Stage Exit Position Response Form

****** RECEIVED FROM AN APPROVER - CONCUR WITH QUALIFICATIONS *******

Project name: <u>New Billing System (NBS)</u>

Project stage: <u>Analysis</u>

Return form to:John Doe, Project ManagerCXXI / Room 1234

Return by: <u>May 15, 2002</u>

Position:

Concur.

Proceed with the project according to the current plan.

|--|

Concur with qualifications.

Issue(s) exist. The project can proceed according to the current plan if there is an acceptable action plan for each issue by the stage exit meeting.

Non-concur.

Significant issue(s) exist. The project should not proceed to the next stage until the issue(s) is resolved.

Qualifications (issues):

1. In the requirements document, there are no requirements for expected response times, for both the

first and subsequent screens of each transaction.

2. The maximum concurrent number of users will be 150, rather than 130 as stated in the

requirements document.

3. The prerequisite equipment cannot be installed earlier than October 1, 2002. This creates a 2-week

variance from the current project plan of record.

Approver: <u>C. D. Whomever</u> (please print)

Signed:SignatureDateApril 26, 2002

Example 8 Stage Exit Position Response Form

******* RECEIVED FROM AN APPROVER - NON-CONCUR *******

Project name: <u>New Billing System (NBS)</u>

Project stage: Analysis

Return form to: John Doe, Project Manager CXXI / Room 1234

Return by: <u>May 15, 2002</u>

Position:



Concur.

Proceed with the project according to the current plan.

Concur with qualifications.

Issue(s) exist. The project can proceed according to the current plan if there is an acceptable action plan for each issue by the stage exit meeting.



Non-concur.

Significant issue(s) exist. The project should not proceed to the next stage until the issue(s) is resolved.

Qualifications (issues):

1. The proposed technical solution will require extensive retraining of personnel in the branch

offices. There is no funding available for this activity this year or in the foreseeable future. A different

solution must be explored.

Approver: <u>C. D. Whomever</u> (please print)

Signed: <u>Signature</u>

Date <u>April 26,2002</u>

Templates

The following pages can be duplicated and used for the Stage Exit documents.

Stage Exit Notification Memo

Date:

To: Distribution list

From: [project manager]

Subject: [stage name] Stage Exit

The [stage name] Stage Exit for [project name] has been scheduled. The exit meeting will be held on [date], from [start time] to [end time], at [location including room number]. Positions, qualifications, and action plans will be reviewed at this meeting.

The review material is *[attached or has been distributed previously]*. A response is required by *[date]* from those persons designated as approvers on the distribution list. All others are encouraged to provide feedback and attend the exit meeting. The approver's response may be a position of concur, concur with qualifications (issues), or non-concur. A position form is attached for your convenience. If no response is received, a position of concur will be assumed for that approver.

If you have any questions, please contact me at [area code/phone number or electronic address] or [alternate name, phone number] for assistance.

[sign here if hardcopy]

Project Manager

Attachment

cc: Distribution list (attached) Project notebook/file

> (memo only) [list individuals as appropriate]

Stage Exit Position Response Form

Proje	ct name						
Proje	ct stage	:					
Retur	m form	to: Loc:					
Retur	m by:						
Positi	Concu	ar. ed with the project according to the current plan.					
	Issue(s	ur with qualifications. s) exist. The project can proceed according to the current plan if there is an acceptable action plan for each issue by ge exit meeting.					
	Non-concur. Significant issue(s) exist. The project should not proceed to the next stage until the issue(s) is resolved.						
Quali	ification	ns (issues):					
Appro	over:						
		(please print)					
Signe	ed:	Date:					